The New-York Times.

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ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

In the Morning, at Noon, and at Night.

Military and Civic Celebrations, Processions, Balls, Dinners and Speeches.

The Friendly Sons of St. Patrick and the Knights Thereof at a Cheerful Reunion.

Speeches of James T. Brady and John Van Buren.

The Irish all Right, and not a Copperhead in their Ranks.

The Day Here, There, and Everywhere.

No "friendly" Celt can this year complain of the way in which St. Patrick and his memory green were treated by the heavens above or the earth and all that are in Gotham. A finer day than yesterday the happiest Irishman never desired, and what with the smiling sun, the favoring breeze, the popular cheer, and the universal good nature that prevailed, it was within the power of every Green-Erinite to celebrate St. Patrick's Day, not only "in the morning," but all through the day and night, and far into to-day.

The intention, announced by the moving spirits of the proceedings in honor of the Holy Departed Saint, to celebrate the day this year with more than usual pomp and ceremony, was fulfilled to the letter. The day was finer, the procession larger, the streets fuller, the jollity more universal, the balls more numerous and the private potations deeper than at any time within reportorial recognition.

For many years it was a matter of dispute as to what day of the month was entitled to the honor of St. Patrick's nativity, but, as all well-informed in Celtic literature will remember, one Father MULCAHEY settled the dispute in a manner at once original, unique and characteristic of his nation. The story is well told in the following favorite

BALLAD.

On the eighth day of March it was, some people say,
That St. Patrick, at midnight, he first saw the day;
While others declare on the ninth he was born,
And 'twas all a mistake between midnight and morn.

At last both the factions so positive grew,
That each kept a birth day, so I'at then had two:
Till Father Mulcahey, who showed them their sins,
Said no one could have two birthdays but twins.

Says he, Boys, don't be fighting for 8 or for 9,
Don't always be dividing, but sometimes combine;
Adding 8 with 9, and 17 is the mark,
So let that be his birthday—" Amen, said the clark."

THE CITY.

seemed from earliest dawn to be given over to greenbacks and striped trowsers. Every man had on a green coat or a green vest, and carried in his hand either the Irish flag—which, printed neatly on paper, sold readily for one cent—or a cross, on which was printed the following remarkable

PRAYER,

with which, it is alleged, St. Patrick premised his controversial argument with the heathen kings of Tara, on the subject of the Holy Trinity:

At Tara, to-day, the strength of God pilot me: the power of God preserve me: may the wisdom of God instruct me: the eye of God watch over me: the ear of God hear me: the word of God give me sweet talk: the hand of God defend me: the way of God guide me: Christ be with me: Christ before me: Christ after me: Christ in me: Christ under me: Christ over me: Christ on my right hand: Christ on my left hand: Christ on this side: Christ on that side: Christ at my back: Christ in the heart of every person to whom I speak: Christ in the mouth of every person who speaks to me: Christ in the eye of every person who looks at me: Christ in the ear of every person who hears me at Tara, to-day.

The point to which the vast crowds first turned their steps was the Brooklyn Navy-yard, whence was to be the

LAUNCH OF THE SHAMROCK,

the new gunboat, or side-wheel steamer, whose first trial of the briny deep was, by direction of Secretary WELLES, to be made on that day. At 7 A. M. the work of cutting away the stocks was commenced, and by 8 o'clock, (the hour appointed for the launch, the tide ebbing at that time,) all but the last block had been removed. By this time an assemblage of some 5,000 persons had congregated around the ship-house from which the *Shamrock* was to be launched, and the shipping in the vicinity was also crowded with people, the vessels being decorated with the flags of the United States and of Ireland. At the given signal the last block was felled, and the *Shamrock*, after a little labor, beautifully glided into her destined element, amid the cheers and shouts of the multitude. As the vessel was launching, Miss BRYANT, daughter of WM. CULLEN BRYANT, Esq., christened her in the usual manner, by breaking a bottle of wine on her bow, (where a platform was erected, profusely draped with American flags, interspersed with sprigs of green,) saying the following as she did so:

"In honor of the loyal Irish, on this their festal day, we dedicate this ship to the Lord of the winds and waves, and call her the *Shamrock*."

After leaving the stocks, the *Shamrock* glided into the stream about five times her length, when she was met by a tug-boat, taken to the shore, and placed in the carpenter's hands, where the work will be pursued vigorously until she is completed, which will be in about two months. There were about 250 persons on the launch, amongst whom were Admirals PAULDING and GREGORY, and the officers of the Yard. The subjoined are the dimensions of the *Shamrock*: Length between perpendiculars, 240 feet; moulded breadth, 34 feet 4 inches; depth, 12 feet; tonnage, 1,000 tons; draught, 8 feet; frame raised Sept. 20.

Of course this recognition of the services of the Irish-American's in the present war met the grateful appreciation of the thousands who were there, and who testified their pleasure by shouting and cheering vigorously at every available opportunity.

THE FERRY-BOATS

running from Brooklyn, Williamsburgh, Hoboken, and Jersey City were crowded by cheerful Milesians, who, with sprig in hat and flag or cross in hand, were determined to make a day of it. All wended their forenoon way toward

THE PARK,

where his Honor the Mayor, and their Honors the two Boards met to do the agreeable to the vast procession, which should pass in review before them. The beauty of the day brought out thousands of the fairer sex, whose red shawls and green bonnets made the avenues in and about Printing-House-Square look gay with brilliant contrast. The City flags were flying, the City Hall was dressed in its most extravagant and becoming colors, and enthusiasm waxed high and grew strong as the hour of noon approached. The various rendezvous for the military or civic portions of the procession were also surrounded by thousands of citizens, who proposed to form a sort of guard of honor for the long line of uniformities whose procession was to awaken recollections of another land in the hearts of Irishmen, make glad the hearts and bright the eyes of Irishwomen, and cause Irish boys to shout wildly with delight, and to cheer themselves into premature diphtheria. The organization of the

PROCESSION

having been completed, it moved slowly down East Broadway to Chatham-street, and entered the east gate of the Park. The Mayor, with his conductors, stood staffs in hand upon the steps leading to the City Hall, and reviewed the whole of the immense turn-out, which passed by him in the following

ORDER.

Inspector Carpenter in an open Barouche.
A section of the Broadway Squad, under command of Capt. Ellis.
Maj. Bagley, acting Colonel of the 69th regiment, and Staff, mounted.
Troop L, Brigade Lancers, Capt. O'Hara
Co. C, 70th New-York State Militia, mounted.
Sixty-ninth regiment, preceded by a drum corps and band, under command of Capt. Thomas Clark.
Three troops of 1st New-York Cavalry, consisting of Co. A, Capt. Leary; Co. D, Capt. McManus; Co. H, Capt. McGouldrick. Lieut.-Col. D. C. Minturn in command.
Carriages containing officers of Irish brigade now at the war, among them Capt. Dunlevy, of the Sixty-ninth, and Capt. Thos. W. Casey.
Phœnix Zouaves, preceded by a band, and bearing Irish flags.
The Staff, and rank and file of the Duignan Guards.
Dungannon Volunteers of 1782, bearing an American flag with the inscription, "We still live."
A detachment of the Hibernian Greens.
Judge Connolly and John Wynn in an open barouche.
Three companies of the Limerick Guard, with band.
Hibernia Benevolent Society, with band.
St. Peter's R. C. Temperance Society, Sylvester Burns, Esq., President; Patrick Nihon, Marshal; and Morris O'Hearne, Treasurer.
Thomas Francis Meagher Club—Edward Duffy, Marshal; Edward Mulligan and Wm. Elleff, Aids.
Barry Benevolent Society—Michael Daley, Marshal.
St. Bridget's Benevolent Society—Patrick J. O'Connor, Marshal; George McAlvay, Aid.
Benevolent Society United Sons of Erin—Daniel Grinnen, Marshal; Paul McGinn and Francis Deegan, Aids.
Father Matthew U. B. T. A. B. Society, New-York—Edward L. Carey, Marshal.
Father Matthew Temperance Societies of Brooklyn—Patrick Horan and John Price, Marshals.
St. James R. C. T. A. B. Society—John Dwyer, Marshal; Edward Shannon and Wm. Smith, Aids.
Longshoremen's United Benevolent Society—Roger McGrath, Marshal; Daniel Sullivan, Aid.
Ancient Order of Hibernians, New-York—James Sandford, John Tucker, and John McCann, Marshals; Edward Curry, John Traverse, Owen Hunt, Patrick Dugan, John Johnson, Aids.
The Ancient Order of Hibernians, of Long Island—Peter Ledwith, Marshal; Hugh Monahan, Denis Maher and John Wall, Aids.
Shamrock Benevolent Society—Richard Halpin, Marshal; James McCue, Aid.

Nearly all of the associations were preceded by bands, and the effect was really grand. The excitement of the people knew no bounds, and the huzzas, which on every possible occasion were shouted forth, were like peals of thunder. The affair was most creditable to all concerned, and passed off without accident to mar, or unpleasant incident to alloy its absolute success. All along the line of route from the Park, up Broadway to Fourteenth-street, passing around the statue of WASHINGTON, down Fourteenth-street to Seventh-avenue, up Seventh-avenue to Twenty-third-street, through Twenty-third-street to First-avenue, down First-avenue to Eighth-street, along Eighth-street to Cooper Institute, and there was the same great crowd, the same tremendous excitement, and the same unrivaled good-nature. The police arrangements were admirable; the men had at times a very difficult task, but they manifested a kind and common-sense spirit of discretionary forbearance which enabled them to preserve order and good-nature at the same time.

After the dismissal of the procession, every one went about the celebration in his or her own way. Some went to church, others to less holy places, others to the Central Park, while scores of thousands roamed the streets, larking with everybody, and joking with everybody's wife.

The Friendly Sons of St. Patrick.

DINNER AT DELMONICO'S—SPEECHES BY JAMES T. BRADY, ESQ., JOHN VAN BUREN, MESSRS. CHOATE, EXHAM, LIEUT. MEADE, GEN. VAN VLIET, AND OTHERS.

The friendly Sons of St. Patrick gave a dinner at Delmonico's last evening, in honor of the natal day of the patron saint of Ireland. JAMES T. BRADY, Esq., presided, and among those of note present were the Mayor, Mr. EXHAM, Queen's Counsel of Dublin, Judges HILTON, HOFFMAN, DALY AND LEONARD, JOHN VAN BUREN, Commodore NICHOLSON, Judge BRADY, Gen. VAN VLEIT, JOSEPH H. CHOATE, Esq., SAMUEL SLOAN, Lieut. MEADE, U. S. N., and others of note. The Committee of Arrangements arranged everything, doubtless, for the accommodation of themselves and their friends, among whom the members of the Press did not seem to be numbered. Various gentlemen of the Society, however, did all they could to remedy the oversight.

At 9 o'clock, the assemblage was called to order by the President, JAMES T. BRADY, who spoke as follows:

SPEECH OF JAS. T. BRADY, ESQ.

GENTLEMEN OF THE FRIENDLY SONS OF ST. PATRICK: I regret exceedingly that my voice is in such a condition to-night that nothing graced by harmony of sound can proceed from it. But I am consoled in regard to that physical circumstance by knowing that, whatever the want of harmony in what belongs to my organization, it shall be made up in the harmony that shall prevail in this assembly. [Applause.] The time has arrived in our proceedings when, having turned our backs upon other pleasures, we proceed to discuss the intellectual pleasures of the future. And, when I speak of turning my back upon pleasures, you must see that the remark is peculiarly significant, (referring to the ladies who had entered and were seated behind him.) [Great laughter.] I was not apprised that as a certainty the ladies would attend this festival, but they have persevered and conquered, and if there is any place in which such gallant men as I see before me are to be found, that woman will not make her way to, I have never been permitted to occupy it. [Applause.] What gentleman is responsible for having his wife or sweetheart here I do not know, but I trust that when he does present himself at the proper time—which, perhaps, will be 5 o'clock to-morrow morning—[laughter]—a most proper time because it will be *Shelah's* day—[applause]—I hope that the lady will be gratified by the demonstrations that he makes. [Applause.] But, gentlemen, I had no idea when called upon to preside over this Association, that I would ever have any duties to perform, other than to attend the dinners. [Laughter.] That duty I undertook to discharge most effectively, and the reason of it is that I knew that I should have valuable assistance. [Laughter and applause.] I am delighted, as a descendant of the Irish race to be present on one day in the year, when, to repeat my own remark made some years ago—"I might claim to be an Irishman, without being called a demagogue. [Applause.] I am glad to be present on an occasion when, whatever may be the political or religious sentiments of the gentlemen around me, I can ask the right hand of fellowship of them honestly, and, whatever nation they come from, I can exchange congratulations for what is great in the past or present of that darling old Ireland which gave birth to my parents and has given honor to me. [Applause.] When I reflect upon the diversities of politics and religion, I cannot but think of those lines of TOM MOORE:

"Shall I ask the brave soldier who fights by my side,
In the cause of mankind, if our creeds disagree?
Shall I part from my friend, both valued and tried,
If he kneels not before the same altar with me?
From the infidel girl of my love shall I fly,
And seek from another a more orthodox kiss?
No! perish the laws or the heart that would try
Love, valor and truth by a standard like this?"
[Applause.]

God bless the women. [Applause.] To her gentle and yielding submissiveness I am the most disinterested witness on earth. [Applause.] Since I have had the pleasure of placing myself in this Chair, surrounded by gentlemen who are to make this evening as happy as the last night was brilliant, I have received from a lady's hand a note, the handwriting of which I do not recognize, though that is not at all astonishing, [laughter,] presenting me with this bouquet. I return her my thanks—I will not say love—because I never bestow trifles on women. [Applause.] While I press in my hand this most beautiful bouquet, I seem to be in contact with the land that gave birth to my own mother, and there is no present in life which could give more pleasure to any one loyal in his Irish heart, whose mother reposes almost within the sound of his voice—no present which could be more beautiful, more appropriate, more worshipful, more idolized, than this. [Applause.] I have alluded to the women, in the first place, because they deserve it, and in the second place, because they insist upon it. [Laughter.] And now, a few words about the men—[laughter]—and I hope the women will excuse me for alluding for one moment to a subject so insignificant. [Laughter.] It was said by O'CONNELL that Garryowen was the greatest tune that ever stirred the profoundest depths of the Irish heart, because it blended the grave and humorous of the Irish character. Up to this time I have spoken as if, in the language of a young man who wrote a good Irish song, as if

"Tears had touched the cheeks of laughter."

And when I entered this house to-day, and wondered what I was to speak about, or whether any one cared what I should say Mr. WATSON, the FIRST Vice-President, called my attention to the fact that there was to be to-night upon the table—I had not yet seen it—a flower—a little sprig of shamrock in Irish earth which, one year ago, under the administration of my respected friend and brother DALY, was presented to the admiring love and appreciation of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick. [Applause.] My friend WATSON told me that when it was first exhibited to the loving contemplation of his countrymen, it was but a twinkle of a shamrock, and said he, "when you speak to-night, will you call the attention of the gentlemen present to the growth of that shamrock, and say that it is an indication that nothing coming of good Irish growth, suffers from being translated to America." [Applause.] Let me, my friends, add, that nothing noble in America fails to derive benefit from having Irish seeds deposited in its soil. [Applause.] I accept these as the emblems of young men of Irish extraction within the sound of my voice. [Applause.] But there is a poetry about it which I could not do less than recognize; for, within the sacred precincts of St. Patrick's Cathedral, in the City of New-York, where the roll of the omnibuses disturbs the ashes of those who died as long ago as my parents—within the sound of that, if death has ears, my parents are listening to American sounds, for they are in American graves, I deem it specially fit that they should lie there. Without intending by the remark to have uttered a sentiment to the prejudice of any man present, I accept this as an illustration of the grave which I would love to occupy, reposing in native earth with the shamrock of Ireland growing over me. [Applause.] I will detain you no longer, but will introduce you to a little eloquent speech and the first regular toast:

St. Patrick's Day and all who honor it.—(Cheers and music.)

The next regular toast, which was received with great enthusiasm, was,

The United States—"Whom God hath joined together, let no man put asunder."

Recorder HOFFMAN, in responding to the toast, said that within the past few moments he had received the first intimation of the desire of the President that he should speak to the sentiment. He thought some reflection was necessary to do justice to such a great patriotic toast; but when he heard that if he did not respond to it, it would be passed in silence, he felt bound, though unprepared to perform that pleasing duty. The moment they decided to shatter or divide the North from the South, their happiness, their prestige and their future were gone. [Applause.] The speaker then alluded to the marriage service of the church, uniting the couple at the hymental altar, and compared it with the Union of the States. He likened the North to a consort who was bound irrevocably, for good or ill, to the South, and declared the right of the former to demand that, if she had given all those or duty should exact from him, the partner united with him should still be in his household. [Applause.] There were times when even those united in marriage, who proposed to separate, their children rose and demanded that for their sake there should be no separation. [Applause.] The speaker then alluded to the services of the Irish in the army, in connection with Gen. MEAGHER and Gen. CORCORAN, and sat down, amid loud applause.

The third regular toast was:

Ireland—Forsaken not forgotten: her children, though scattered through many lands, revisit her to-night.

The President, in announcing this toast, said it would receive a response from a barrister of the Irish Bar, from Dublin, and in alluding to his opportune visit among them, he would say, in the words of SCOTT, that "Stranger was a holy name."

Mr. EXHAM, the gentleman alluded to, then made some brief remarks, expressing his gratification at being present, and finding that the land of his nativity was remembered by her sons on another soil. [Applause.]

Mr. SIMPSON, by request of the President, then sung "The Minstrel Boy" in an unexceptionable manner, which elicited loud applause and an *encore*, well deserved.

The fourth regular toast was:

The Army and the Navy—The guardians of our Constitution and the defenders of our country.

The toast having been drank with all the honors—Gen. VAN VLIET responded. He alluded to the patriotism and the gallantry of the Irish race in America, and recurred to their services in Mexico. He referred to their noble response to the call for troops in the early and advanced stages of the rebellion, and their bravery in the conflicts before Richmond. He closed by stating that they were first in war, first in the hearts of their countrymen and last in peace. [Laughter and loud applause.]

Lieut. MEADE, in some brief remarks, alluded to the gallantry of the Irish race in America, in defending the Republic, and closed by proposing the impromptu toast:

Our Irish Soldiers and Sailors.
Which toast was duly honored.
The fifth regular toast was:
Our Sister Societies—Joint almoners in the great field of charity—their honored representatives are ever welcome to our board.

Mr. FITCHARD, of the New-England Society, made a brief and appropriate response, and was followed by Mr. J. H. CHOATE, who responded for the New-England Society in a humorous speech, hitting off the prominent points of the Irish character, and especially their proclivity for holding offices. In conclusion, he proposed as the gist of his speech the following toast:

The Irishman in America—There is nothing worth doing that he has not done, and nothing worth having that he has not had.
[Roars of laughter.]

Mr. BRADY, in introducing the next speaker, said that if the argument of the last speaker was true, it would create great excitement on the east side of town. He would ask what is to become of the men "who fight mit SIGEL." [Roars of laughter.] He knew of no German present, but perhaps there was a cousin-German. [Laughter.] If they hadn't the Dutchman, they had the nearest thing to it—the representatives of the St. Nicholas Society. His recollections of Old Nick were associated with the Odd Fellow who used to come down the chimney with presents. If the representative was not a chimney, he was certainly a "brick." [Laughter.] He would introduce to them a youth to fortune and to fame unknown, Hon. JOHN VAN BUREN. [Great Laughter.]

SPEECH OF HON. JOHN VAN BUREN.

After some complimentary remarks in reference to the Chairman, the dinner and the company, Mr. VAN BUREN congratulated them on the fact that they had a clear day for the Anniversary of St. Patrick. [Laughter] Considering that this occurred on the occasion of his first attendance at the festival he thought it a good omen. He did not remember another occasion when there was not a storm both inside and out. [Laughter.] It was owing doubtless to their entire frankness in expressing their opinions, that no two of them could be found to agree. He wanted them in the outset to remember that there was an hereditary hostility between the Dutch and the Irish. [Laughter.] He wanted them to remember that this was his maiden speech—[laughter]—at least in any representative capacity. He hoped the little prejudice between the Dutch and the Irish was passing away. [Laughter.] Their late President had married a Dutch wife;—[laughter]—a brother of the present President had done the same thing—[laughter]—and he hoped that under this intercommunication, the hostility was wearing away. [Laughter.] He had his great "expectations," so to speak, of the benefits to flow from this Association. [Applause.] While assembled on this festival occasion, they should remember that there were friends and companions who were accustomed to be here, but who that night were in distant parts of the United States sharing in the scanty fare that soldiers find on the field of battle, and the intense struggle it has become necessary to wage to uphold the Government of the country. [Applause.] It would not be proper to pass the night by without turning their backs to them, to the hardships they endure, and unite in expressions of regret that they were not present. A stern sense of public duty obliged them to be absent, and it was their duty, while commemorating this festival, to bear the absent ones in mind. On the various occasions when he had addressed Irishmen he had always told them, whatever might be their prejudices of religion, of pursuits, of former localities or previous controversy, their highest duty when they come to the United States was to remember that here, whatever they may be at home, they are Americans like ourselves. [Applause.] He saw no impropriety or inconsistency in their commemorating the natal day of their patron Saint. He had not been one of those who had found fault with their voting, or with the peculiar way they vote—[Applause]—for they had shown themselves, in heart and spirit, true Americans. [Applause.] And when they had been called upon to sustain the country which was theirs not by force or by chance, but by adoption, they had responded nobly to the demands of their adopted country. [Applause.] He paid a tribute of praise to the society of Ireland, the ladies and gentlemen of that country; to the pure English language spoken by the Dublinites, where people can understand one another, and are not as much strangers as inhabitants of different parts of London are to one another, or inhabitants of Somersetshire to Lancashire, or Yorkshire to Devonshire. He proposed to direct their minds on this occasion to one whom he had the pleasure of knowing in his life-time—one whom he believed to be the greatest Irishman that ever lived, and, he believed, the greatest man that ever lived—Gen. ANDREW JACKSON. [Great applause.] He proceeded to analyze the character of JACKSON, showing how earnestly he fought, and how, when the fighting was over, he seemed to forget all about it. He recalled JACKSON'S contests with SCOTT, Great Britain and France, and the amenities of life that JACKSON had subsequently evinced toward them all. His object was not to call their attention to these features of Gen. JACKSON'S character—a man who was unquestionably one of the first men that ever lived in the United States—who was such a man that however much gentlemen present might extol the President of the United States, they would thank God if ANDREW JACKSON stood in his boots. [Great applause.] In all the various Irish movements, to sustain O'CONNELL, to sustain those who rose in '48, he had sustained the cause of Irish people in this country. [Applause.] He felt therefore that he had the right to suggestions to them as to what would be advisable for them as well as for us to do. He said they ought to be American; that while they were with us, controversy with Great Britain on the part of the Irish people should be prosecute in Ireland, and not in America. [Applause.] That whatever might be their feelings as Irishmen, if the great United States of America required them to forego and forget, such should be their duty. [Applause.] He reminded them of the readiness which Gen. JACKSON evinced to forego and forget—to stop fighting when the time came, as well as fight with a will, to divide his opponents, to unite his friends, and bring the contest to a short, sharp and quick conclusion. When ordered to New-Orleans to defend the city, JACKSON did not stop to consider the color of anybody who was to defend it. [Applause.] He brought to his aid black troops, who defended New-Orleans with as much vigor as white ones. He even pardoned LAFITTE the pirate, and made good use of him. He cautioned them to do one thing at a time, and above all devote their whole attention to that, and when that was disposed of, they would have time to attend to some other business. [Applause.] He paid a high compliment to the unswerving loyality of the Irish citizens—in the war with Great Britain, in the Mexican war, and during the rebellion. [Applause.] He prophecised the ultimate success of the Union arms, the speedy fall of Vicksburgh and Port Hudson, and the opening of the Mississippi, and said that when a loyal stream runs through the heart and the body of rebeldom, ie won't take long to purify the arteries and veins. [Great applause.] In view of this contest, parties fall into insignificance. The great work was to subdue the rebellion, and it did not look much like a wish of a man to see that done ween that man kept saying, "Oh, you can't subdue the South." It reminded him of the story of the woman who said, when defending her life, "I never will submit, unless you are stronger than I am, and I know you are. In conclusion, Mr. VAN BUREN again complimented the loyalty of the Irish race in this crisis, mentioning, as illustrations, the worthy efforts of the Chairman, the gallant CORCORAN, the Sixty-ninth, the Irish Brigade and Gen. MEAGHER. [Applause.]

Mayor OPDYKE responded briefly to a toast to "The City of New-York," and other toasts, speeches and songs, kept the company until a late hour, or rather, an early hour this morning of SHILOH'S DAY.

Dinner of the Knights of St. Patrick.

The second annual dinner of the "Knights of St. Patrick"—an association formed a little over a year ago—was given at the Chinese Assembly Rooms, in Broadway, last evening. Upward of four hundred members, beside a large number of invited guests, sat down at the tables. Among the latter were Edwin James, Esq., Judge McCUNN, Alderman Farley, Judge Connolly, John Mullally, Wm. E. Robinson, Dr. Sanger, Thos. Dunphy and M. J. O'Donnell, all of whom occupied seats at the head of the table, on the right and left of the President. After the removal of the cloth, Mr. JOHN BUTLER, the President of the Society, spoke briefly of the organization of the Knights of St. Patrick, and of the duties, which they, in common with other citizens of Irish birth, owe to their adopted country. Their conduct thus far, he said, had been honorable and glorious; and after they had helped to restore the authority of this free Government, he hoped they would be ready to engage in the regeneration of their native land. [Applause.]

Letters of excuse for non-attendance were then read from Archbishop Hughes, Bishop Potter, Gen. Scott, Gen. McClellan, Gen. Corcoran and others.

The first toast of the evening—"The day we celebrate"—was then announced by the President, and responded to by THOMAS DUNPHY, Esq. The toast to "Civil and religious liberty" was responded to by EDWIN JAMES, Esq.; "Our invited guests," by Judge McCUNN, and other appropriate sentiments by Wm. E. Robinson, Capt. Lyon, John McAuliffe, John Mullally, Judge Connolly, John Harnett, and others. The party enjoyed themselves in the most convivial manner until the small hours of the morning.

The Ball of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, N. Y. S. M.

In addition to the prominent part taken in the celebration during the day, the officers of the Sixty-ninth regiment, N. Y. S. M., gave a ball at the City Assembly Rooms last evening, which was greatly enjoyed, notwithstanding the fact that the rooms were crowded by those anxious to join the dance. There were many who, arriving late, found it almost impossible to obtain admission. Supper was served at 12 o'clock, and partaken of as fast as room could be found for the guests at the tables, and the dancing was continued far into the morning hours. Among the more prominent gentlemen present were: Major BAGLEY, Acting Brigadier-General during the day; Capt. THOMAS CLARK, Acting Colonel; Capt. McCANN, Acting Lieutenant-Colonel; Capt. McCUEN, Acting Major, and many other officers.

St. Patrick's Day in Brooklyn.

The beautiful weather yesterday enabled the Sons of St. Patrick to turn out in large numbers to celebrate the anniversary. The streets were made musical at an early hour by numerous bands in front of processions on the march to the place designated for forming the line; and about noon the different Irish Societies, preceded by Capt. McCARTY'S Company, of the Seventieth Regiment Cavalry, marched past the City Hall. Each Association carried one or more banners, and all the members appeared in full regalia, presenting a very creditable appearance. The procession was headed by Capt. McCARTY'S Cavalry Company and followed by the Ancient Order of Hibernians, consisting of Lodges Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 9. Lodge No. 4 had a large truck, decorated with flags, containing musicians, including an Irish harpist. Then came the Shamrock Benevolent Society and the Temperance Cadets of the Visitation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, with a banner inscribed

"ALL RIGHT—DAD'S SOBER!"

Numerous delegations of the Father Matthew Temperance Benevolent Society brought up the rear. The procession marched through Atlantic, Court, Fulton, Sands, Bridge and other streets, after which they were dismissed, all passing off pleasantly. The Cadets were dressed in green jackets and black pantaloons, and attracted a good deal of attention.

In the evening the fourteenth annual dinner was given at Montague Hall by the St. Patrick's Society of Brooklyn. There was a numerous attendance, embracing members of several other associations. Fielding's Band was engaged, and enlivened the entertainment by playing favorite Irish airs during intervals. The head of the table was occupied by HENRY MCCLOSKEY, Esq., President of the Society, and the foot by the Vice-President, Jas. H. MAGILL, Esq. After enjoying an excellent dinner, the toasts were announced and responded to. The following are the principal ones:

The Day we Celebrate—Dear to, and cherished by Irishmen the world over. Responded to by Rev. Mr. FAGAN.

Ireland—The land of our affections and our hopes. God bless her. Responded to by THOMAS KINSELL, Esq.

The Constitution of the United States—May it be perpetual. Responded to by Alderman TERRY.

The City of Brooklyn—Our home and abiding place—may it go on prospering. Responded to by Mayor KALBFLEISH.

The Irish American Soldier—May his training in the battles of his adopted country qualify him for the liberation of his native land. Responded to by P. J. MEEHAN, Esq.

Our Sister Societies—Was responded to by Judge LOTT and the Men '98 by J. P. VICTORY, Esq.

The entertainments did not conclude until a late hour, and all appeared to enjoy themselves.

St. Patrick's Day in Jersey City.

The festival of the Patron Saint was observed in Jersey City yesterday by a parade of St. Patrick's and St. Peter's Temperance Benevolent Societies, together with the male pupils of the schools of each parish, marched through various streets of the city, preceded by a band of music. From thence they proceeded to New-York, returning at an early hour.

In the evening a lecture was delivered at St. Peter's Church, in Grand-street, by Rev. H. BROWN, and a lecture was also delivered in the Church of the Immaculate Conception, by W. MCNULTY, of Orange.

St. Patrick's Day in Boston.

BOSTON, Tuesday, March 17.

The Irish citizens of Boston and vicinity, including the several charitable associations, observed St. Patrick's Day with a grand procession, and other exercises appropriate to the occasion. The weather was pleasant, and the demonstrations imposing. All was conducted with much good feeling.

Rhode Island Politics.

PROVIDENCE, Tuesday, March 17.

The Democratic State Committee has nominated Acting-Governor Hon. C. COZZENS, of Newport, for Governor, and HENRY BUTLER, of Warwick, for Lieutenant-Governor. The Democratic Eastern District Congressional Convention have nominated for Congress CHARLES S. BRADLEY, of North Providence.

The Harrisburgh City Election.

HARRISBURGH, Penn., Tuesday, March 17.

JOHN TILL, Unconditional War Democrat, has been nominated by the Republicans as candidate for Mayor. Gen. A. L. RANFORT is the opposition nominee. The election takes place on Friday.

FROM THE ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.

Arrival of the Champion with $249,514 in Treasure.

Important News from Central America.

Battle Between the Guatemalan and Salvadorian Troops.

TOTAL DEFEAT OF THE GUATEMALANS.

A General Central American War Expected.

Affairs in the United States of Colombia.

The Provisional Presidency Resigned by Mosquera.

The steamship *Champion*, Capt. WILSON, from Aspinwall, with the California mails and treasure, arrived last night. She sailed from Aspinwall under convoy of the gunboat *Connecticut*, on the 6th inst. The following is her treasure list:

FROM ASPINWALL.			
Marcial & Co.	$1,007	G. M. Barnard	$1,700
J. C. Harriott	170	Vanere, Sher'n & Co.	32,108
J. Harmony's Neph's	500	Wells, Fargo & Co.	103,498
		M. C. Hawley	2,500
		Jennings & Brewster	13,800
Total	$1,677		
FROM SAN FRANCISCO.		From San Francisco.	$247,837
Order	$29,990	From Aspinwall	1,677
J. B. Newton & Co.	32,000		
J. G. Parker & Son.	20,000	Grand Total	$249,514
Baker, Morrill & Co.	12,240		

We are indebted to the Purser of the *Champion* for courtesies.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Great Battle Between the Troops of Guatemala and Salvador—Victory of Gen. Barrios—Probability of a General Central American War.

From Our Own Correspondent

PANAMA, Sunday, March 8, 1863.

The Panama Railroad Company's steamship *Salvador*, Capt. RATHBUN, arrived at Panama from Central American ports on the 5th, with news from Salvador, Guatemala and Nicaragua to March 26, and from Costa Rica to the 2d instant. The news is important. Salvador and Guatemala had inaugurated a Central American war that promises to comprise all the five States. In my last, I gave you a short history of the origin and progress of the quarrel between Guatemala and Salvador, or rather between Presidents CARRERA and BARRIOS, for it had its origin more in personal than in national prejudices or difficulties. I also announced the marching of 4,000 troops from Guatemala toward the frontier of Salvador, and the departure of a body of men under Gen. BARRIOS for Coatefeque, to bar the progress of the invaders. This place is sixteen leagues from the City of San Salvador, and its natural strength was increased at once by the French and other Engineers, whom BARRIOS had placed at the head of his force. On the 22d of February, after having a day or two before taken possession of the deserted town of Santana, CARRERA, with 1,600 men, made a bold attack on BARRIOS' intrenchments, but was repulsed, with a loss of over 100 men. On the 24th, at 8 A. M., the attack was renewed with great fury, and continued until 4 P. M., when CARRERA was compelled to withdraw, leaving four rifled guns, a considerable quantity of munitions of war, 300 killed, and of course a large number of wounded on the field. Among the Guatemalian officers said to be killed, are Gens. ZAVALA and BRUNO, the former CARRERA'S principal General. Gen. BARRIOS, in a bulletin, claims a decisive victory, and says that Gens. GONZALEZ and BRACAMENTE are in hot pursuit of the enemy. BARRIOS calls it the greatest battle that ever was fought in Central America.

It was expected that Nicaragua would soon join Guatemala against Salvador, and present indications are that Honduras will join Salvador. There is a plan, however, to overthrow the present Administration in Honduras, and place in power Gen. XATRUCH, a Hondureno, who was conspicuous in the war against WALKER, and who is at present in Nicaragua, holding the appointment of Provincial Governor of New Legovia. If this scheme should succeed, BARRIOS' enemies will probably be too strong for him, as the rulers of Cota Rica also hate him, and will lend what covert assistance they can to Guatemala, even if they do not openly declare in her favor.

In Nicaragua, President MARTINEZ, fearing an invasion from BARRIOS, has named Señor NICACIO DEL CASTILLO Acting President, in order that he, MARTINEZ, may turn his attention exclusively to military matters.

Costa Rica is quiet. On the 16th February the Costa Rican Congress opened its extraordinary sessions. The elections for President of the Republic were to take place on the 5th March. It is nearly certain that Señor JESUS JIMENEZ, of Cartago, will be the successful candidate.

The coffee yield is less than was expected. Some say it will not be more than 70,000 quintals. Allowing for speculators' stories, it may probably be put down at 85,000 quintals. At Punta Arenas it was held at $15 per quintal, 10 per cent. off for American gold.

The *Salvador* brought 26 passengers and the following freight list:

For New-York—492 hides, 2 ceroons indigo, 8 bales deerskins, 2 cases merchandise, 15 bales cotton, 30 bags coffee.

For Liverpool—1,146 bags coffee, 3 bales deerskins, 1 bale hogskins, 64 hides, 189 bales cotton, 1 case plants.

For Panama—2 cans balsam, 39 bags sugar, 50 boxes sugar, 35 bags rice, 194 sacks coffee, 3 packages specie.

For Southampton—5 packages merchandise, 2 ceroons indigo, 14 packages specie.

For South Pacific Ports—11 bags coffee, 41 ceroons indigo, 2 packages merchandise.

For Aspinwall—11 cans balsam, 176 bags coffee, 7 ceroons indigo.

For San Francisco—506 boiler tubes, 735 bags coffee.

Treasure for Southampton	$18,934 35
Treasure for Panama	3,486 00
Total	$22,420 35

UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA.

Meeting of the National Convention at Rio Negro—Gen. Mosquera Resigns the Provisional Presidency—A Council of Five Appointed to Govern the Republic.

From Our Own Correspondent.

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THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION.

NEW-YORK, Monday, March 16, 1863.

Present—William Walsh, Esq., President.

Aldermen Fox, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long.

The minutes of the two preceding meetings were read and approved.

MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

The Private Secretary of his Honor the Mayor was here announced by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and presented the following message, returning unapproved the ordinance making the annual appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, viz.:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March 13, 1863.

To the Honorable the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN:

I am obliged to return, without approval, the ordinance which I have this day received, making the appropriations for the support of the City Government for the present year.

I regret that it did not reach me at an earlier date, tha I might have an opportunity to submit my objections and afford you the requisite time to consider and act upon them, in season for the submission of the ordinance to the Legislature with the necessary enabling act to raise the amount required. That act must, I understand, according to the rules of the Legislature, be introduced to-morrow, and it therefore becomes impossible that the present ordinance shall be presented with it, unless I add my sanction to appropriations which, in the conscientious exercise of my judgment, I cannot approve, and one item of which—that of fifty thousand dollars to the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum—I have heretofore returned with my objections to the late Common Council, which failed to pass it over those objections. As the matter now stands, either branch of the Legislature, after you shall have acted definitively upon the ordinance, may consent to suspend the rules to allow of its presentation in an enabling act, or the Comptroller may present his estimates in that bill, as was done last year; or some other mode of overcoming the difficulty may suggest itself to your honorable body.

Before entering upon the statement of my objections to specific appropriations, I would respectfully submit this general objection to the item of arrearages, included in some of the appropriations, and which, I believe, amounts, in the aggregate, to one hundred and forty-eight thousand dollars. This large amount is for indebtedness incurred in direct violation of the enabling act of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, chapter four hundred and sixty-one, which authorizes the raising of money for the support of the City Government in that year, and which provided expressly that neither the Corporation nor any officer or agent of it should expend any money or make any contract involving such expenditure, for any other purpose than mentioned in that act, or by other laws, or "involving the expenditure for such purpose of any greater sum or sums than those duly authorized to be expended for such purpose." It is also in contravention of the twenty-eighth section of the Charter, which provides that "no expense shall be incurred by any of the Departments or officers thereof, whether the object of the expenditure shall have been ordered by the Common Council or not, unless an appropriation shall have been previously made, covering such expense."

One object of fixing certain sums as the appropriation for the year, is to limit the expenditure under those heads to the amount thus fixed; but if this limitation is to be disregarded, the evil results which must follow are too obvious to require specification. With the sanction of such a precedent as is set by the allowance of these large arrearages, there can be no limit whatever fixed to the actual expenditure for the present year, over even the liberal appropriations now proposed.

The following items in the ordinance appear to me to be objectionable:

First, fifty thousand dollars in aid of erection of Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets, and Fourth and Madison avenues.

The objections to this item, as stated to your predecessors in office, in my communication of the twenty-second December last, vetoing the same item when presented in a separate resolution, are, First, That the amount is so very large.

"In a time of war like the present, when the unavoidable taxation of our citizens is of a magnitude unprecedented with us, it behooves the City Government to add no additional burdens which are not of imperious necessity. Many donations of large amount, like the present, which in times of peace and prosperity might be justifiable and even commendable, seem to me, in our present circumstances, to be unwarrantable."

The appropriation is also objectionable, "on the ground that so munificent a gift to the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum would establish a precedent which similar benevolent institutions, sanctioned and sustained by other religious denominations, would be fully justified in appealing to, while urging on the Common Council their petitions for equally liberal aid, at a time when other demands upon our resources forbid such extreme liberality."

In addition to these objections there is the further consideration to be taken into account in this case, that the whole block of land upon which the present Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum stands, and upon which the new edifice is proposed to be erected, was, in effect, granted to this institution by the City. No other sectarian institution, so far as I am aware, has ever received from the City such liberal aid. The Jewish Orphan Asylum, it is true, received from us last year thirty thousand dollars toward the erection of its building, but its ground had not, I understand, been granted by the City, as in the present case, and the thirty thousand dollars was only paid to the Trustees of the Asylum in pursuance of an ordinance of a previous year, to which I had given no assent, and which required that the Trustees themselves should raise thirty thousand dollars for the purpose of erecting the building, before the City should be called on to pay the amount donated. No such condition is appended to this appropriation. In view, however, of the excellent character of the institution now in question, and the amount of good it appears to have accomplished, I would not hesitate, as I stated in my former communication on the subject, to approve of an appropriation to it of a moderate amount suited to the exigencies of the times.

A second unobjectionable item in the ordinance before me is the appropriation of eighty thousand dollars for the use by the City of the Morse Telegraph Patent, in conveying alarms of fire, messages connected with the public health of the city, and giving correct time, &c., and for securing the future use of the same, also for the construction of a more extended system of fire telegraph, &c.

I approve of the plan of putting a fire telegraph system of Fire Telegraph, and also of making some arrangement with the patentee, but I am satisfied that the amount named is much larger than can be required. One half the amount would, I should think, be sanficient.

Third—For working the Hundred and Fifty-fifth-street and Kingsbridge roads from Manhattanville Road to McCombs's Dam Bridge, ten thousand dollars is appropriated. I can see no reason why the City should be called upon to pay for this, instead of raising the amount by assessment upon the owners of property benefitted by the improvements.

A certain two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars is appropriated for "improvement of the Road Pavement on Broadway." This item also seems to me largely in excess of a reasonable expenditure for the purpose, if in fact any advantageous expenditure is practicable. The amount is fifty thousand dollars more than the sum first proposed by your honorable body. It seems to me inexpedient to make considerable appropriation for this object until some practicable plan of improvement is devised and adopted, and its cost ascertained.

Fifth—Forty-five thousand dollars is appropriated for the completion of a Police Court-House and House of Detention to be situated under the act of one thousand eight hundred and sixty, chapter five hundred and five. That act limited the cost of the building to fifty thousand dollars, which amount has, I understand, been already expended. The language of the law is as follows: "Provided, however, that the whole expense, including the ground, or ground rent, or erection of buildings and all incidental expenses, shall not exceed the sum of fifty thousand dollars. This limitation was obviously intended to determine the character of the buildings as to cost, and seems to me to expressly prohibit against the Commissioners appointed by the act to erect such a building, proceeding to erect another and different character of building from that intended by the law. The amount of the present appropriation seems to indicate that the kind of edifice determined upon by the Commissioners is on which is twice as expensive as that determined upon and specified by the legislature. It would appear to me that such a change should not have been made by the Commissioners without first applying for and obtaining a change in the law.

If the proceedings of proceedings is to be sanctioned, then all limitations of expenditure for public enterprises may as well be cast off from the laws authorizing them.

Sixth—The appropriation of one hundred and twenty-nine thousand three hundred and fifty dollars, for "salaries, Legislative Department," is fifty-four thousand eight hundred dollars over last year's appropriation for the same purpose. The difference is made up, I understand, of one thousand dollars for additional clerk hire, and a sum sufficient to increase the compensation of the members of the Common Council to two thousand five hundred dollars, each, from the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars, provided by the Appropriation act of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two. For reasons which I have so frequently stated in official communications, that it is needless for me to repeat them here, I am opposed to the increase of salaries, and cannot consistently approve of it in the present case. I would, however, approve of the same appropriation for compensation as was made in one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, as I can see no reason why the members of the Common Council should be called upon to give their time and attention to public duties without reasonable compensation.

Seventh—The appropriation of sixty thousand dollars for "stationery and blank books," seems to me unnecessarily large. The Comptroller proposed thirty thousand dollars, and I would respectfully recommend that the appropriation be reduced to that amount. Ten thousand dollars of the amount appropriated under this head is for arrearages, to which the general objection to allowance for arrearages hereinbefore stated applies.

Eighth—The appropriation, whether two hundred thousand dollars or two hundred and forty thousand dollars, as it is variously written in the ordinance before me—for "Construction, General Repairs, Rebuilding and Maintaining of Piers, Wharves and Bulkheads Owned by the Corporation, and for Dredging Slips," seems to me excessive. The Comptroller's estimate called for but one hundred and fifty-thousand dollars, and I should consider that amount as amply sufficient.

The clerical defect as to the amounts named in the appropriation should certainly be corrected. The amount as written in the body of the ordinance is two hundred and forty thousand dollars, while, as carried out in figures, it is but two hundred thousand dollars, which is, probably, the amount intended.

If the views above set forth should be concurred in by the Common Council, the reduction effected would amount in the aggregate to the sum of five hundred and forty-one thousand three hundred dollars, ($541,300,) which would materially lessen the rate of taxation for the present year, and would still leave the corporate authorities amply supplied with the means of efficiently and creditably administering the affairs intrusted to them.

GEORGE OPDYKE, Mayor.

During the reading,

Alderman Boole moved that the further reading be suspended, and that the same be laid on the table, entered at length on the minutes, and published in all the papers employed by the Corporation.

Which was carried.

MOTION.

Alderman Boole moved that when the Board adjourn, it do so to meet on Thursday, twenty-sixth instant, at one o'clock P. M.

Which was carried.

PETITIONS.

By Alderman Masterson—

Petition of property-owners on Broadway, from Forty-ninth to Fiftieth streets, for a sewer.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Petition of Alfred N. Lawrence and others, to construct one or more free drinking fountains at their own expense.

Whereupon he presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That permission be, and is hereby given to Alfred N. Lawrence and others to erect one or more free drinking fountains, the same to be done at their own expense and under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Chipp—

Remonstrance of merchants of New-York against the passage of an ordinance to deprive them from employing gaugers who reside out of the City.

Which was referred to Committee on Ordinances.

By Alderman Farley—

Bill of Nicholas Walsh, undertaker, for funeral expenses of Major Horgan, of the Eighty-eight Regiment.

Which was referred to Committee on National Affairs.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Froment—

Whereas, The Common Council, on the twentieth of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty, passed resolutions to extend assistance to the Northern, Eastern and New-York Dispensaries, to the amount of one thousand dollars annually, to be continued during the pleasure of the Common Council. Also, a similar resolution was passed May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, extending the same assistance to the Demilt Dispensary; and,

Whereas, The Northwestern, German, Northeastern, Northern Homeopathic, and Homeathic Dispensaries are doing a vast amount of good in relieving the sufferings of the poor and unfortunate in the sections of the City where they are located; therefore,

Resolved, If the Board of Councilmen concur, that the Comptroller be authorized to draw his warrant in favor of the Northwestern, German, Northeastern, Northern, Homeopathic and Homeopathic Dispensaries for the sum of five hundred dollars for the half-yearly donations to the first of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and that he be further authorized to pay to the Treasurers of the abovenamed institutions five hundred dollars on the first of October next, and to continue said semi-annual payments during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Resolved, That so much of the amount as may not be specially provided for in the Tax Levy of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three be taken from the appropriations of donations.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Mitchell—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to purchase for the use of Live Oak Engine Company number Forty-four, a powerful hand engine, similar to the one now used by Engine Company number Nineteen, and that the sum of sixteen hundred dollars be and is hereby appropriated therefor.

Which was referred to Committee on Fire Department.

By Alderman Long—

Resolved, That permission be given to Thomas Fone and Patrick Dunnigan to regulate and grade, set curb and gutter stones, and flag four feet wide One Hundred and Twenty-third and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth streets, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be authorized, in canceling the assessment against James Clark, to draw his warrant in favor of said James Clark for the sum of fifty-eight dollars, so as to balance said account, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Resolved, That vacant lots on Fiftieth-street, south side, between First and Second avenues, to the houses east from Second-avenue, be fenced, and the Street Commissioner be and is hereby directed to cause the same to be fenced forthwith.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That vacant lots on Forty-ninth-street, north side, between First and Second avenues, to the houses east from Second-avenue, be fenced, and the Street Commissioner be and is hereby directed to cause the same to be fenced forthwith.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

By the same—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Fifty-ninth-street, from Second-avenue to the East River, when the same shall be declared open.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

By the same—

Resolved, That the vacant lots on Second-avenue, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets, east side, be fenced, and the street Commissioner be and is hereby directed to cause the same to be fenced.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

By the same—

Resolved, That Fifty-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues, be flagged, curbed and guttered, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, where not already done, and the accompanying ordinance adopted.

Which was laid over.

By the President—

Resolved, That Forty-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, one-half the expense thereof to be borne by the City and the other half by the property owners on the line of said improvement, the work to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Mitchell—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to procure a suitable regimental color for the One Hundred and Seventieth Regiment New-York State Volunteers, at a cost not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Committee on National Affairs.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Mitchell moved that the Committee on Streets be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of the Board of Councilmen, that permission be given to Messrs. Ahrens and Mahnken, of number two hundred and fifty-five Washington-street, to deliver goods from the sidewalk of their store.

Which was carried.

And the same was concurred in.

Alderman Mitchell moved to take from the table the resolution that permission be given to Lawrence Fitzgerald to erect a stand at Franklin Market, on the South-street side, (returned by His Honor the Mayor, with his objection thereto, February twelfth.)

Which was carried.

Alderman Mitchell moved that the resolution be adopted, notwithstanding the objections of His Honor the Mayor.

And the same was lost for want of a constitutional vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—11.

Negative—The President, Aldermen Masterson, Froment—3.

Alderman Mitchell moved that such vote be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Alderman Hardy moved that the Committee on Streets be dismissed from the further consideration of application from the Board of Councilmen, for cross-walks in Mott-street, between Spring and Prince streets, with resolution that cross-walks be placed in front of the Public School in Mott-street, between Spring and Prince streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Alderman Hardy moved that the Committee on National Affairs be discharged from the further consideration of resolutions of Board of Councilmen, that the Street Commissioner be directed to fit up the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the Fund for the Relief of Soldiers' Families for the Seventh Senatorial District, at an expense not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report in favor of building a sewer in Fifty-second-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report in favor of paving Fifteenth-street, from Union-square to First-avenue, with trap-block pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report in favor of making a donation to the House of Good Shepherd.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Fifty-third-street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Forty-seventh-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to regulate and grade Fifty-eighth-street, from Second-avenue to East River, amending resolution of the Board of Councilmen.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pay John Kinsley for macadamizing Second-avenue, from Sixty-first-street to One Hundred and Twenty-third-street.

Which was laid over.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The President announced the special order, being sundry petitions of owners and occupants of property above Fifty-ninth-street and west of Eighth-avenue, to have the Eighth-avenue Railroad Company required to extend their track as far as the Eighth-avenue is graded.

In connection with the papers was an unsigned report of the Committee on Railroads, in favor of directing the Eighth-avenue Railroad Company to extend their track and run their cars to Eighty-second-street, and further up as the avenue is graded.

Alderman Boole moved that all the papers be recommitted to the Committee on Railroads.

(Alderman Mitchell was here called to the Chair.)

Alderman Froment raised the point of order that the report accompanying the papers being unsigned, could not be received.

The President decided the point of order to be well taken.

The question was then put on the motion to recommit all the papers to the Committee on Railroads.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Ottiwell, Froment—12.

Negative—Aldermen Masterson, Farley, Long—3.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER.

The President here resumed the Chair.

Report of Committee on Railroads, in favor of adopting resolution that the route of the railroad through South, West and other streets in the City of New-York, be changed so that the said railroad shall run up Tenth-avenue to Fifty-seventh-street, thence through and along Fifty-seventh-street to Eighth-avenue, thence through and along Eighth-avenue to Fifty-ninth-street, thence through and along Fifty-ninth-street as heretofore provided by law and by ordinance of the Common Council.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, the President, Hall, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Froment, Farley—8.

Negative—Aldermen McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Boole, Ottiwell, Long—7.

Which was subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Report of the Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution, that the grades of the Eleventh-avenue and Thirteenth-avenue, between Fourteenth and Twenty-sixth streets; also, that the grades of Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets, between the Tenth-avenue and the exterior line at the Hudson River, be and the same are hereby established in accordance with the red lines and figures on the accompanying maps and profiles surveyed and drawn by Austin D. Ewen, City Surveyor, dated December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and that the same be declared the legal established grades of the aforesaid streets and avenues, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Farley, Long—11.

Bill of J. Connell, for music furnished at the reception of Colonel Corcoran.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

Bill of Hannemacher's Band, for music furnished for the funeral of General Kearny.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

Resolution, that the Street Commissioner be directed to cause the immediate removal of all fleets, stationary boats, and other obstructions, lying in the slips on the North River side of the City, between Battery-place and Fourteenth-street, without authority; also, of all unauthorized incumbrances upon the piers and bulkheads between the said points; and, also, all the obstructions and incumbrances along the line of West-street, as well upon the sidewalk as upon the carriage-way, between the said points, excepting such as have been legalized by ordinance, and that he charge the expense of such removal to the owners of property so removed.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Salaries and Offices, in favor of adopting resolution that the pay of the keepers of the public parks be increased to the sum of two dollars each per day, such increase to date from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Alderman Fox, the President, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardey, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—14.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Fifty-ninth-street, from the First-avenue to the East River, be graded, curbed, guttered and flagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Froment, Farley, Long—13.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Mitchell moved, that the present order of business be suspended for the purpose of taking up

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Which was carried.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the Croton Board be directed to lay a track of bridge stones, from the front of the house of Engine Company number six, through Henry and Montgomery streets to East Broadway, the same to be done forthwith.

(By Board of Councilmen, resolution amended to read as follows:

Resolved, That Engine Company number six, be permitted to lay a track of bridge stones, from the front of their house, through Henry and Montgomery streets to East Broadway, the same to be done at their own expense, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board—and such resolution, as amended, adopted.)

Alderman Mitchell moved, that the former action of the Board be adhered to.

Which was carried.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution of paying claim of Patrick Cuff, Assignee of contract on Sewer in Fifty-eighth-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

Which was laid over.

Resolution, That the Counsel to the Corporation be, and he is hereby instructed to defend the suit commenced against John Green, the offal contractor, by John Underwood, the said Green, while in the performance of his contract, and acting under the special direction of the City Inspector.

Which was concurred in by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Hall, McCool, Reed, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—14.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Mitchell moved to suspend the regular order of business, for the purpose of taking up papers laid over.

Which was carried.

Report of Committee on Railroads of Board of Councilmen to concur with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to notify the officers of the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company to remove forthwith all switches, turn-outs and rails laid within the limits of the City of New-York, which have been laid without the permission of the City authorities, or without special permission; and, in case of non-compliance within thirty days, then the said Street Commissioner to cause the same to be removed forthwith, the expense to be charged to the said New-York and Harlem Railroad Company.

(By Board of Councilmen, report amended by adding to the above resolution of the Board of Aldermen the following, viz.:

Resolved, That the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company be directed to put the pavement in Fourth-avenue, between Fortieth and Forty-second streets, in proper repair, in accordance with the conditions of their charter, the work to be done forthwith, and under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

And the report as amended adopted.)

Which was laid over, and made a special order of business at the next meeting.

Report of Committee on Fire Department, in favor of adopting resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to have a steam fire engine built by Messrs. Clarp & Banks, to be similar to the one built for Engine Company number Thirty, with all the improvements, at a cost not exceeding three thousand five hundred dollars, for the use of Engine Company number Four.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Negative—Alderman Froment—1.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner recommending amendments to ordinance for flagging One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, from Third-avenue to Harlem River.

Which was carried.

In connection therewith, Alderman Long presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to regulate and grade One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street from the Third-avenue to the Harlem River; also, directed to set the curb and gutter stones therein and flag a space four feet wide through the sidewalks of the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, between the Third-avenue and Harlem River.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner transmitting apportionment of assessment for regulating and continuing Fifty-ninth-street, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner relating to the condition of Sixth-avenue, between Fifty-third and Fifty-sixth streets. Also, Fifty-second-street, north side, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

A communication was received from the Comptroller relative to the rent of the Ferry at Thirty-ninth-street, North River.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner in reply to a resolution of inquiry relative to gas meters, &c.

Which was ordered on file.

PETITIONS RESUMED.

By the President—

Petition of merchants doing business in Cortlandt-street, relative to the present condition of such street.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

REPORTS RESUMED.

The Committee on Finance presented a report to lease the upper portion of the Broadway Bank for the accommodation of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Mitchell moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost by the following vote, viz:

Affirmative—Aldermen Reed, Ryers, Masterson, Ottiwell—4.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, The President, McCool, Chipp, Mitchell, Hardy, Froment, Farley, Long—9.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER RESUMED.

Report of Committe on Ferries, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to advertise and sell at public auction a lease of a ferry from the slip north of and immediately adjoining the present ferry-slip at the foot of Grand-street, New-York, to the foot of South Seventh-street, in the City of Brooklyn, in the Eastern District, or to some point adjacent thereto, for the term of ten years from the first day of May next; the parties purchasing said lease at such sale to procure, at their own risk and expense, the necessary slips for such ferry, and to charge rates of ferriage not to exceed those at present charged by the Williamsburgh Ferry Company, and that the lease be returned to the Common Council for approval.

Which was laid over and made a second special order of business at the next meeting.

Petition of Hose Company number Twenty-one for a new location.

Which was referred to Committee on Fire Department.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that a crosswalk be laid in Second-avenue at the intersection with Forty-seventh-street, and the crosswalk be relaid and reset in Forty-seventh-street at its intersection with Second-avenue, and the accompanying ordinance adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—14.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen that the Street Commissioner be ordered to have the two gas lamps removed from in front of the premises on the southwest corner of Houston and Greene-streets, formerly used as a place of worship by the congregation of the United Presbyterian Church, and also from in front of number one hundred and eighty Duane-street, lately occupied by the Duane-street Methodist Episcopal Church.

Which was concurred in.

Report of majority of Committee on Assessments (recommitted February nineteen) in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Patrick Coyle, for the sum of three hundred and fifteen dollars and sixty-nine cents, to enable him to pay an assessment on his property in Eighth-avenue, for regulating and grading Eighth-avenue from Fifty-ninth to Eighty-second-street, and charge the same to account of donations.

Report of minority of Committee on Assessments, asking to be discharged from the further consideration of petition of Patrick Coyle to be relieved for an assessment of three hundred and fifteen dollars and sixty-nine cents, for regulating and grading Eighth-avenue, from Fifty-seventh to Eighty-second streets.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks of Eighth-avenue, between Fifty-first and Fifty-third streets, be flagged and reflagged where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Fox, The President, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—14.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That the accompanying ordinance for the paving of Third-avenue, from the Bowery to Forty-fourth-street, with trap blocks, the City to pay one-half of the expense thereof and the remainder to be assessed upon the property benefited, be and it is hereby adopted, and that the ordinance for same pavement, passed March twenty-two, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, be, and it is hereby, repealed.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Resolved, That the accompanying ordinance for the paving of Second-avenue, from Houston to Thirty-fourth-street, with trap-block pavement, the City to pay one-half of the expense thereof, and the remainder to be assessed upon the property benefited thereby, be and it is hereby adopted, and that the ordinance passed October three, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, for the same pavement, be and it is hereby repealed.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That the accompanying ordinance for the paving of Second-avenue, from Forty-second to Sixty-first-street, with trap-block pavement, the City to pay one half of the expense thereof, and the remainder assessed upon the property benefited, be and it is hereby adopted, and that the ordinance passed December thirty-one, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, for the paving of said avenue, from Forty-eighth to Sixty-first-street, be and it is hereby repealed.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Resolved, That the accompanying ordinance for the paving of Third-avenue, from Fifty-sixth to Eighty-sixth-street, with trap-blocks, the City to pay one-half of the expense thereof, and the remainder to be assessed upon the property benefited, be and it is hereby adopted, and that the ordinance for the same pavement passed December twenty, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, be and it is hereby repealed.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Boole moved to suspend the further order of business, for the purpose of taking up

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Which was carried.

Resolution, that permission be given to William A. Morand to erect a show-case in front of his premises, number one hundred and seventy Chatham-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to John Reinbold to keep his shutter box in front of his premises, number seventy-eight Prince-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, First, That the Hudson River Railroad Company be directed to remove all switches, turnouts and extra tracks, laid by them, without permission of the Common Council, from the corner of Canal and West streets to Forty-second-street and Eleventh-avenue, and to restore and put the streets and sidewalks upon which the same were laid in proper condition and repair, within thirty days after the passage of this resolution; and second, that if the Hudson River Railroad Company fail to comply with the foregoing resolution within thirty days, then the Croton Aqueduct Board be directed to carry out the intention of the same at the expense of the Railroad Company.

Which was laid over.

Resolution that John Dillon be and he is hereby permitted to place a shutter-case on the sidewalk adjoining the street in front or his store number one hundred and twenty-five and a half Fourth-avenue, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Bill of John Van Horn to putting up poll of the Seventeenth Ward for the election in December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, ten dollars.

Which was referred to Comptroller with power by said Board.

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Assessments, in favor of adopting resolution to pay Isaac G. Hecker the sum of two thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight dollars and ninety-six cents, the same to be applied in payment of assessment for building sewer in Fifty-ninth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, in front of the premises occupied by the Church of St. Paul the Apostle.

Which was referred to Committee on Assessments.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Boole moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost by the following vote, viz.

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Reed, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—6.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Froment, Long—7.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution, that the sidewalks of Eighty-first-street, between Second and Third avenues, be flagged a space four feet wide through the centre of the same where not already done, and the curb and gutter-stone set and reset where necessary, and the vacant lots on the northeast corner of eighty-first-street and Third-avenue be fenced in under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, the President, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Broadway, from Fiftieth to Fifty-ninth streets, be paved with Belgian pavement, the cost of the same to be paid equally by the City and the property owners benefited thereby, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Reed, Chipp, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Seventieth-street, from Broadway to Hudson River, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks in Forty-second-street, between Broadway and Sixth-avenue, be flagged to their full width, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Froment, Farley, Long—10.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set and reset and sidewalks flagged, where not already done, in Eightieth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—11.

Report of Committee of Streets in favor of adopting resolution that Nineteenth-street, between Broadway and First-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, one-half at the expense of the property owners and one-half at the expense of the City, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—11.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Boole moved that the Committee on Finance be discharged from the further consideration of paper, being an application of the Sisters of Charity for a donation.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over,

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, relative to the rights and jurisdiction of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty in relation to the construction of wharves and piers, and also relative to whether the construction of wharves and piers have been in conformity with law.

Which was laid over.

Preamble, reciting that lease of ferry foot of Thirty-ninth-street, North River, to Sophia V. D. Loring, expired of its own limitation on the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to sell at public auction a lease of a ferry from the foot of Thirty-ninth-street, North River, to some point at or near Bull's Ferry, New-Jersey, for the term of ten years from the first day of May next, upon the usual conditions and understandings, and that he return the lease of the same to the Common Council for approval.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Farley moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost on a division by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Farley—4.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Ottiwell, Froment, Long—9.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER RESUMED.

Message from His Honor the Mayor, returning unapproved resolutions passed prior to January five, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, appointing Jacob Rulhi and others Commissioners of Deeds, and correcting errors in the names of persons previously appointed.

Which was referred to Committee on Salaries and Offices.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Fifty-third-street, from Broadway to Seventh-avenue, be regulated, graded, curbed and guttered, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Hall, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—13.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Long moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried by the following vote, viz:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Hall, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Masterson, Long—9.

Negative—Aldermen Hardy, Boole, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley—5.

Whereupon, the President declared that the Board stood ad

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

GREAT SALE OF LOTS AND CONTRACTS IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO, AT AUCTION—June 17, 1863.—The articles of Association of the CHICAGO LAND COMPANY require that the trust shall be closed, in the month of June, 1863, and that all the property and effects on hand at that time, belonging to the Association, shall be sold at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, in the City of Chicago, on the third WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863.

The undersigned, Trustee of the Chicago Land Company, will, therefore, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863, offer for sale on the premises, in the City of Chicago:

749 lots in Sheffield's addition to Chicago.
686 lots in Elston addition, west side of North Branch.
382 lots in Elston addition, east side of North Branch.
67 lots in Wright's addition, west side of North Branch.
3 lots in original town Chicago.

Also mortgages, amply secured, amounting to about eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Fifty-four contracts, covering 96 lots, on which there are owing an aggregate of about $100,000.

Of these lots 6,732 feet front on a spacious canal of 100 feet wide, now being excavated through the property.

And 4,569 feet front on the North Branch of the Chicago River.

The sale will be continued from day to day until all the property and effects of the Company are sold.

MARLON D. OGDEN, Trustee.
CHICAGO, March 16, 1863.

LEGAL NOTICE.—TO BE SOLD TO CLOSE THE ESTATE OF GEORGE GRIFFIN, DECEASED.—The subscribers will sell at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 15th day of March next, at noon, by E. H. Ludlow & Co., Auctioneers, the real estate of the late George Griffin, deceased:

1. The house and lot No. 20 Beach-street, fronting on Hudson-square in the Fifth Ward of this City, being 26 feet 6 inches front and rear, and 100 feet deep, more or less, with its right in the Hudson-square.

2. The house and lot No. 245 East Tenth-street, 169 feet east of First-avenue, on the north side, being 25 feet front and rear, and 94 feet 8 inches deep, more or less.

3. The stable and lot of land on the north side of Nineteenth-street, 125 feet east of the Fifth-avenue, known as No. 5 East Nineteenth-street, being 25 feet in front and rear, and 92 feet deep more or less.

4. Sixteen lots of land on the north side of Twenty-sixth-street and south side of Twenty-seventh-street, commencing 212 feet 4½ inches, or thereabouts, west from the corner of the Seventh-avenue, and extending in the rear to Twenty-seventh-street, each lot being 24 feet 10½ inches wide, and 98 feet 9 inches deep, more or less, being eight lots on each street.

5. Six lots, being three on the north side of Twenty-seventh-street and three on the south side of Twenty-eighth-street, commencing 292 feet 2 inches west of Seventh-avenue, and each lot 24 feet 10½ inches wide, and 98 feet 7 inches deep, more or less.—New-York, Feb. 7, 1863.

DANIEL LORD,
DANIEL D. LORD,
Executors George Griffin, deceased.

FOR SALE AT SING SING, N. Y.—A BEAUtiful place of twelve acres of land, in a high state of cultivation, well shaded, and stocked with all the finer varieties of fruit trees in abundance. House, two stories and attic, 45x40, with piazza the whole front, extension 22 x30, hot and cold water and gas throughout, fine garden, convenient stables, carriage-house, poultry-house, sheds, &c. Twenty acres additional can be had if desired.

AT TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—Four acres of land, location fine, extensive views of the Hudson. House large, and all improvements new. For sale at a bargain.

AT ORANGE, N. J.—To close an estate—Thirteen acres in Llewellyn Park, handsomely laid out; fine garden and fruit. House large and commodious, piazza on three sides, hot and cold water throughout.

AT ORANGE, N. J.—Three acres, with fine house and improvements—every way desirable for a gentleman's residence.

AT TARRYTOWN—A farm of one hundred acres, two miles from depot.

TO RENT AT IRVINGTON—A fine residence furnished, ¾ mile from depot.

TO RENT AT TARRYTOWN.—House furnished; rent moderate. EDMUND COFFIN,
No. 27 Nassau-st., under Bank of Commerce.

FOR SALE—BY ORDER OF EXECUTOR OF the late W. Burgoyne, the valuable buildings and lease of ground on the northwest corner of Broadway, Union-square, and 14th-st., known as Nos. 1 and 3 Union-square, and Nos. 27 and 29 East 14th-st., west of Union-square, with the valuable store and dwelling-houses thereon. The property is all rented to good tenants, and could be readily increased with some little expenditure. For terms, which will be made favorable to purchasers, and for size and description of the buildings, apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

HOUSE IN 2D-AV.—FOR SALE BY ORDER of the Executors. The elegant 3-story, basement and finished attic house No. 136 2d-av., between 8th and 9th sts. Lot 26 feet 10 inches by 125 feet; house 57 feet deep, party walls on both sides, with an extension about 12x20 feet, and surrounded by buildings of a similar character; is in complete order, and well suited for the residence of a large genteel family. Possession can be given on the 1st of May. Apply to EDW. AUSTEN, Executor, No. 287 Pearl-st., or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—VALUABLE property at Orange, N. J., a large store-house and three dwelling-houses, with 8 acres of land, situated in Orange, about 12 miles from New-York City and 3 miles from Newark, N. J., about half a mile from railroad; cars run every half hour. The store-house has been occupied as a store for 20 years past; a good stand for business. Corner property and valuable for improvement. Price $6,000. Half the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Inquire of SAYRE BROTHERS, near Centre-st. depot, Newark, N. J.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A genteel two-story and attic frame house, with wing two-story, the whole containing sixteen rooms, built in the best manner, pleasantly located on Evergreen-av. and Woodbine-st., together with eight lots of ground, within two blocks of Broadway cars; three minutes to cars to Fulton Ferry; accessible at all hours. For further information apply to R. B. LOOMIS, No. 31 Pine-st., Security Fire Insurance Company, or to A. M. SUYDAM, on the premises.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE IN THE VILLAGE OF REDBANK, MONMOUTH CO., N. J.—The house is 22x28 feet, two-story, five rooms, with kitchen extension; lot 67x150 feet, running down to the river. A boat house under the hill, 16x20 feet. Situation near the Hubbard bridge, crossing to Middletown. For further particulars, inquire of JOSEPH W. BORDEN, Esq., Redbank, N.-J. Sale April 15—public or private.

FOR SALE—THAT ELEGANT BROWN-STONE house, southwest corner of 51st-st. and 2d-av.; size 21x60, three rooms deep, three-story and basement, high stoop, complete with all modern improvements, in perfect order, built by the recent owner for his own use, by day's work, at an expense of $16,000. Will sell it for $12,000. Can be seen during the day.
JOHN FOLEY,
No. 82 Lexington-av. and No. 169 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN STONE house and lot, No. 17 West 26th-st., opposite Trinity Chapel; house full size, 25 feet front, three rooms deep, all modern improvements; lot 100 feet deep, near Madison-square and Fifth-av. Hotel; finest location in the City; will be sold at a bargain. For terms and permits to see the house, apply to D. S. DUNCOMB, No. 8 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—THE FIRST-class four-story house No. 343 4th-st., near Broadway. This dwelling is brick front, built in the most substantial manner, of the best material, for the owner's use; contains all the modern improvements, and is in splendid order. Lot, extra depth, 132 feet. For further particulars apply to R. H. CUDLIPP, No. 119 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A DOUBLE framed house, with nice garden of eight lots and carriage-house attached, in Pacific-st., near New-York-av., Brooklyn; house is very convenient, garden and grounds in good order, with plenty of fruit-trees, grape-vines and shrubbery; makes a pleasant residence in an excellent neighborhood. Apply to C. L. BENEDICT, 74 Wall-st.

FULL LISTS OF HOUSES FOR SALE AND TO LET.—ALSO, STORES AND OTHER BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE AND TO LET. ALSO, COUNTRY SEATS AND FARMS FOR SALE AND TO LET, AND UNIMPROVED PROPERTY FOR BUILDING, AND ON AND NEAR CENTRAL PARK FOR SALE. CAN BE HAD AT THE OFFICE OF HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 PINE-ST.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITE,—Six acres of good land on a pleasant hill-side, sloping to the south and southeast, with a beautiful bathing beach; only one hour from Wall-st., on the south shore of Staten Island; to be sold cheap; price $450 per acre. Inquire of H. BRACE, No. 122 Broadway.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT SOUTHWEST corner of 3d-av. and 24th-st; lot 24 feet 8½ inches by 84 feet deep—four-story brick house, covering the whole lot. Inquire of L. HOPPOCK,
No. 86 Barclay-st.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW HOUSES AND LOTS, brown-stone fronts, three-story, basement and undercellar, with all modern improvements. Terms easy. Inquire on the premises No. 152 East 53d-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Price, $6,000.

DESIRABLE LOT FOR SALE CHEAP.—The valuable lot north side of 44th-st., 406 feet east of 8th-av., being 25 feet front and rear by 100 feet in depth, being very desirable for investment. Apply, for price, to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

FOR SALE.—THE THREE STORY ATTIC SUBcellar and high stoop house No. 75 East 16th-st., near Irving-place, in perfect order, with all modern improvements. Apply at the house or to BRADLEY MILLS & WOODHULL, No 74 Wall-st.

FOR SALE.—THE HANDSOME BROWN-STONE, English basement house No. 72 East 29th-st., near Lexington-av., will be sold at a bargain, as the property must be disposed of immediately. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO BRICK HOUSES IN COMplete order, in 30th-st., near 2d-av.; a large portion of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for a term of years. For price, &c., inquire of WM. E. DODGE, Esq., No. 19 and 21 Cliff-st.

HOUSE NO. 5 FIFTH-AV., FOR SALE.—It is 27 feet wide by 60 feet deep, with a 15 feet extension; lot 27x100; house has all the modern improvements, and is in good order; the ground is a leasehold at $350 a year. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ALLEN NEWMAN, REAL ESTATE BROKER, Tarrytown, N. Y., has a variety of houses and lots, country seats and farms in Tarrytown, Sing Sing, Yonkers, Bergen Heights, N. J., &c., to let, lease, sell or exchange on equitable terms

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—A BROWN-stone front house, No. 145 Union-st., near Clinton, 22x46, in good order. Inquire on the premises, or of TYLER & STORY, No. 156 Broadway, up stairs.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown stone house No. 78 West 42d-st., 25x55 feet, all the way up, with all the modern improvements. Price, $22,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—20 LOTS IN THE VILLAGE OF Carmansville in plots of from 4 to 10, at prices ranging from $300 to $400. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 1,241 Broadway.

FOR SALE—BROWN-STONE HOUSE NO. 147 Lexington-av., corner of 30th-st., and brick house No. 156 East 30th-st. Apply at the Engine Works, foot of East 24th-st., before noon. SAM'L LEGGETT.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 47 CARROLL-st., between Hicks and Columbia sts., Brooklyn. House three-story brick; rents for 10 per cent on price. Apply to CHAS. L. BENEDICT, No. 74 Wall-st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

Valuable and improved property on 8th and 9th avs., 33d and 34th-sts., in lots to suit purchasers.

The Managers of the New-York Institution for the Blind, offer at private sale, the entire block between 8th and 9th avs., 33d and 34th sts., excepting three lots on 33d-st., occupied by the church.

The property offered comprises the entire front on the 8th-av., 197 feet 6 inches by 100 feet in depth, with the improvements thereon, admitted to be the most valuable and best improved front on the avenue; 12 vacant lots on 34th-st., and 9 on 33d-st., adjoining the above; 12 lots on 33d-st., and 12 on 34th-st., covered by a large and expensive marble building, which runs from street to street, and 8 vacant lots on the 9th-av., each 24 feet 8½ inches in width, by 100 feet in depth, (the entire front.)

The centre of the block is the crown of the streets, the ground falling each way to the avenues, in each of which there are sewers. 34th st. is 100 feet wide, and the improvements already made on the north side, opposite to premises offered for sale, are of the first class, as are also those on the opposite side of 33d-st.

For terms and particulars apply to GEORGE F. ALLEN, President of the Board, at the office of Clarkson N. Potter, Esq., 61 Wall-st., between 12 M. and 2 P. M.

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE PROPERTY IN THE 1st and 14th Wards.

ALBANY-ST.—House and lot No. 7 Albany-st.

RUTGERS-ST.—Two story and attic brick house, No. 32 Rutgers-st.

EAST BROADWAY—Three story brick house and lot No. 111 East Broadway.

HENRY-ST.—Three story brick house and lot No. 181 Henry-st.

The above property will be sold low and on easy terms. Apply to A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE VERY CONVENIENT, MODern-built house, No. 292 West 24th-st., in the rear of London Terrace, replete with all the modern conveniences, water, gas, bath, water-closet, furnace, &c. House 14.8x41 feet deep. Lot 50 feet deep. Price, $4,750. Inquire of A. JOURNEAY, No. 9 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—THE THREE-STORY BASEMENT and sub-cellar brown stone house, No. 19 Second-place, Brooklyn; has all the modern improvements; halls frescoed; will be sold on easy terms to close an estate. Price $7,500. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, executor, No. 139 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT cottage house, with four lots of ground, laid out in garden. Good river view. Building 2-x36 feet, filled in with brick; in excellent condition; on 18th-st., North River. For further particulars, terms, &c., apply to JAMES CONDIE, corner 22d-st. and 9th-av.

FOR SALE—
The dwelling-house
No. 182 West 15th-st.
ROBERT I. BROWN,
No. 192 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—THE TWO ENGlish-basement brick houses and lots, Nos. 153 and 155 34th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

Also for sale, the brick store and lot, No. 93 John-st., near Gold. Inquire of
S. F. COWDREY, No. 67 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT 4-STORY BROWN-stone front house, 21x56 feet, situated at No. 22 West 36th-st., within about 300 feet of 5th-av. For cards of admission and price, apply to the owners, WM. R. and CHAS. B. FOSDICK, No. 31 Spruce-st.

FOR SALE—THE PLEASANT COTTAGE HOUSES from No. 102 to No. 110 Ryerson-st., Brooklyn, near Myrtle-av. cars; three-stories, basement, piazza, tea room extension, painted white, green blinds, gas, &c.; ten lots in garden rear. Call and see them.

$3,300 FOR A TWO-STORY FRAME house, stable and lot near 8th-av. and Central Park; fine view of nearly the whole Park; has the use of several vacant lots; fenced in; good water, fruit, &c. Must be sold. R. BLAKE, No. 14 Chambers-st.

LOTS FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—Desirable building lots on 1st, 2d and 4th places, between Clinton and Henry sts., Brooklyn. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, Executor, No. 139 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE SIX-STORY BRICK BUILDing on the southeast corner of 4th-av. and 14th-st., would do well for some public institution, having a front of 170 feet. Apply to J. CODDINGTON, No. 17 Wall-st.

FOR SALE HOUSE NO. 195 WEST TWENTY-eighth-st., with or without the furniture. House brown-stone, four stories, high stoop, with every convenience. PLATT ADAMS, No. 90 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE AND TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS house No. 54 East 49th-st., for sale; house No. 789 2d-av., and one on 49th-st., to let. Apply to N. F. GRAVES, No. 789 2d-av.

FOR SALE—SUPERIOR BROWN-STONE FRONT house No. 8 East 30th-st., 20x55; lot full depth; high stoop, brown-stone steps and railings; internal arrangements first-class; neighborhood unexceptionable.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE NEAR CENTRAL PARK.—Thirty-two lots on 4th-av., and 102d and 103d sts., lying nearly together. Apply to C. A. MEIGS, No. 50 Exchange-place, N. Y.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS DWELLING-house, No. 56 9th-st., near 5th-av., 52 feet front and in all respects desirable as a family residence. Price $23,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st.

ELEGANT BRICK HOUSE, 20X45, MODern improvements, in Williamsburgh, for sale low. J. TURTON, No. 190 Front-st., or S. COCKCROFT, No. 4 Pine-st., and No. 82 South 7th-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE PROPERTY, SITUated on West Broadway, Varick and Franklin sts., having 250 feet of frontage. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

LOTS FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN.—ONE, two or three lots for sale, in the immediate vicinity of Clinton-av. Inquire at No. 188 Myrtle-av.

TWO CAPITALISTS.—FOR SALE IN BROOKlyn, at Bedford, near Fulton-av., &c., about 50 acres or 600 lots. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—SEVEN LOTS, FRONTING ON 6th-av., corner of 112th-st. Apply to HENRY HILTON, No. 11 East 26th-st.

VACANT LOT FOR SALE—ON 35TH-ST., BEtween 4th and Madison avs. Price $7,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

JOHN-STREET STORE FOR SALE.—Store and lot No. 58 John-st., near William-st., 25x34 feet. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE HOUSE, NO. 374 Henry-st., Brooklyn. Possession 1st May next. Inquire at No. 340 Broadway, third story.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

PART OF A HOUSE WANTED—WITHIN twenty blocks of the Cooper Union, for a quiet family; one floor with parlor, bedrooms and kitchen, and bedroom on second or third story, if more convenient for good, and not to exceed $275. A family having more room than needed and such as will meet the requirements of this advertisement may address, giving location, &c., LYMAN, Box 153 *Times* Office.

WANTED TO RENT IN BROOKLYN—Within 15 minutes' walk of one of the ferries, a three-story house with modern improvements, in a good neighborhood. The party desiring to rent will prove a good tenant. Rent must be moderate. Address R. C. W., Box No. 176 *Times* office.

WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE ON THE Hudson River, between West Point and New-Hamburgh, on either side, for six months from the 1st of May. The neighborhood of Newburgh preferred. Address COUNTRY, Box No. 123 *Times* Office.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—FOR TWO months, by a family consisting of a gentleman and wife and three children; a moderate sized house east of 4th-av. preferred. Address, with particulars, Box No. 3,579 Post-office.

WANTED TO RENT—IN NEW-YORK OR JERsey City, premises about 50x100 feet, two stories, one ground floor, with about 20 horse-power, for a manufacturing business. Address, with full description and price, Box No. 623 New-York Post-office.

WANTED TO HIRE—A FOUR-STORY HOUSE in a genteel neighborhood; one with all the modern conveniences would be preferred. Address X. L. S., Box No. 135 *Times* Office, stating terms, &c.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, NO CHILdren, wish a nice house up town, furnished wholly or partly, and board the owners, without other boarders. Address ERNEST, Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

HOUSE WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, IN upper part of this City. Rent $600 to $800. Address S. B., Box No. 1,890 Post-office.

STEAM POWER TO LET.

STEAM POWER AND ROOMS TO LET—In the buildings Nos. 446, 448 and 450 Water-st. Nine lofts, 25x40 feet, with hatchways, hoistwheels, &c. Good light, front and rear; location good, and premises suitable for almost any manufacturing business. Apply at No. 224 South-st.

TO LET, WITH STEAM POWER—THE second and third floors and one room on the fourth floor of the building corner of Duane, Centre and Reade sts. Light on three sides. Inquire of JAS. CONNER'S SONS, Centre, corner Reade sts.

TO LET, WITH POWER—SEPARATELY or together, two adjoining rooms on the fifth floor, extremely well lighted, and fitted for a large business.
JOHN GAUDU,
No. 102 Walker-st.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER, TWO LARGE rooms, 50x100 feet, basement and first floor, corner 25th-st. and 7th-av., suitable for manufactory. Apply at No. 294 7th-av., or No. 269 Canal-st., up stairs.

BUILDING MATERIALS, &C.

LUMBER.

500,000 feet shipping box,
500,000 feet common box, for box-makers' use.
250,000 feet 1, 1¼ and 2 inch spruce
Also, pine flooring, and a general assortment of lumber suitable for carpenters' use.
For sale by
McGRAW & CO.,
Corner of Green and Bay sts.,
Jersey City.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the City, where the cheapest marble mantels, &c., can be bought, is at A. KLABER'S marble yard, No. 109 East 8th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. (Cut this out.)

LEAKY ROOFS CURED WITH RUBBER Paint, 1 to 1½ cts. a foot, according to condition, and warranted. 596 Grand-st., 37 Park-row, 163 Bowery, 376 9th-av., 608 6th av., 48 8th-av., and 11 S. 7th-st., Wmsb'g.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

TO LET—ON STATEN ISLAND, FIVE MINUTES' walk from the Quarantine Landing, several cottages on Fiedler's Park. A healthy and pleasant locality; fine view and well shaded. Apply to ERNEST FIEDLER, No. 32 Broadway.

VALUABLE COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE at Westchester, N. Y., the house and grounds of the late Thomas Timpson, about ¾ mile from the village of Westchester, on the road from W. C. to East Chester, and two miles from Williams Bridge Railroad station, and twelve miles from City Hall, New-York, consisting of 40 acres of upland, all in a high state of cultivation, and 18 acres of salt meadows. On the place are two apple orchards of the best grafted fruit; also, a large number and variety of choice kinds grafted pear trees and other fruits. The place is beautifully situated for a suburban residence. Also, on the road from Williams Bridge to Westchester, corner of Saw-mill-lane, 16½ acres choice Woodland, high and dry, being the highest ground for miles around. For maps, terms, &c., apply to GEO. TIMPSON, Executor, No. 64 Wall-st., or to JAS. T. ADEE, near Williams Bridge.

FOR SALE—BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS—A very desirable country residence, 1¾ miles above Harlem Bridge, in the town of Woodstock, Westchester County, containing 2¾ acres of land, running through from Prospect to Union avs., a handsome frame house, with modern improvements; outbuildings complete; fine garden, plenty of choice fruit and ornamental trees. The place is near the residences of John McGraw, Charles Denison, Edward G. Faile, and the late Philip Dater. Price, $12,000; terms easy. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS country residence, situated on the east bank of the Hudson, five minutes' walk to Tubby Hook Depot, on Hudson River Railroad, and 25 minutes by rail to 31st-st. The house is large, and finished in the best manner, with all modern improvements; also, a stable, carriage-house and coachman's dwelling. The grounds are highly improved, and abound with fine shade, ornamental and fruit trees. Splendid river view. Apply to THOMPSON, WHITE & CO., No. 39 Broadway, or to JOSEPH THOMPSON, on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF THE late Thomas Cumming, on the Hudson River, at Esopus, Ulster County; contains about sixty acres of land, several fine building sites, with a commanding view of the river; good house, fine outbuildings, abundance of shade and fruit trees, grapery, &c.; also, good dock, with a quarter of a mile river front; valuable location for ice-houses, &c. Inquire at J. & W. Denham's office, corner of 8th-av. and 16th-st.

J. DENHAM,
W. A. CUMMING, } Executors.

OIL-PAINTINGS AND WORKS OF ART.—A French gentleman, long resident in the United States, and having a large collection of old and costly paintings, by celebrated masters and many pieces of rare statuary, wishes to purchase a good dwelling or country place of about $15,000 value, and pay for the same in a selection from his catalogue of paintings and statuary, which will be found very rare, and part cash. For further particulars, inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., near Broadway.

TO LEASE FOR FIVE YEARS—THE COUNtry residence of the subscriber, with 20 acres of highly cultivated land, at New Rochelle, Westchester County. The house is large, with wide hall, high ceilings, furnace, bath, &c., and very convenient; the out-buildings, garden, &c., are in complete order, with abundance of choicest fruit, fine water, views, &c. For a desirable residence in this City, an exchange may be effected for five years. S. F. COWDREY, No. 67 Wall-st.

FOR SALE ON STATEN ISLAND—A DEsirable residence, eligibly situated, within a short distance of Factoryville Landing. The house contains ten rooms, is substantially built; the grounds contain about 16 acres. Will be sold on reasonable terms, or will be let for a term of years, and partially furnished, if desired. Apply to W. A. GALATLEY, No. 170 William-st., or to JAMES E. HADDEN, No. 755 Broadway, N. Y.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE AT BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—About 12 miles from this City by railroad. Three acres of land, fruit and shade trees, fine garden, good pasturage, barn, carriage-house, &c., &c. House in excellent condition, contains 12 rooms, beside kitchen, &c. For further particulars, inquire of J. S. SEABURY, No. 41 Water st.

FOR SALE AT PLAINFIELD, N. J.—ONE of the most healthy and beautiful villages in the state, two very neat cottages, for $1,400 each; also, two cottages, with one-quarter acre of land, part of each and shade, at $1,200; also, two desirable residences of one-half acre, abundance of fruit and shade; price, $2,500. Inquire of HARRIOTT & MILLER, No. 486 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

TO LEASE—A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE IN MORristown, New-Jersey; said house is most eligibly situated in the centre of the town; is in perfect repair, and furnished with all the modern improvements, and has connected with it convenient barn and outbuildings, and a garden embracing two acres of ground, and well stocked with fruit. Possession given immediately. For terms, apply to ALFRED MILLS, Esq., Morristown, N. J.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME RESIDENCE AT Morristown, N. J., pleasantly situated, a few minutes' walk from depot; size, 42 by 36 feet, three stories, with two-story wing, 16 rooms, finished in good style, with furnace, gas, water, &c., also, carriage-house, stable, poultry-house and ice-house; garden and fruit-yard of about 1½ acres, well stocked with choice fruit and shrubbery.
S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st., 11 to 2.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, NORWALK, CONN.—One of the most desirable locations in this village, situated on the hill at the head of the harbor, and commanding a fine view of the same; on said premises are a large barn, carriage house and other outbuildings, all in good repair. For further particulars inquire of Mr. M. O. BANKS, No. 418 Broadway, or of the subscriber on the premises. A. MALLORY.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE residences in the City of Elizabeth, N. J.; house built in the best modern style, containing 17 rooms, furnished with gas and modern improvements; about five acres of ground, well inclosed with shrubbery and choice fruit trees; good carriage house and outbuildings, all in perfect order. Apply to D. PARKHURST, or E. T. FARR, No. 5 Beekman-st., New-York.

FOR SALE AT FAIRFIELD, CONN.—THE beautiful residence of Isaac De Forrest, with two acres of land, near the depot; fine garden, good barn, carriage-house, and an abundance of fruit and shade trees. The house is 2-story, about 30x42, with wing 20x30, handsomely situated, and in perfect order. BULKLEY & FINK, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

TO LET—AT WESTCHESTER, THE COUNTRY residence of the late Capt. W. A. Spencer, situated about a mile from Williamsbridge, on the Boston post road, consisting of large dwelling house, gardener's lodge, stable, dairy and carriage-house. The garden is large and tastefully laid out, and furnished with greenhouse. Apply at No. 53 Walker-st.

TO LET—A COUNTRY HOUSE, IN COMPLETE order, situated in the village of Tremont, 8 miles from City; pleasantly located, with garden, well of good water; the house contains 10 rooms; is only 3 minutes' walk from the railroad and stage depots; rent $175 a year. Inquire of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—HOUSE AND lots in Yonkers, on Palisade-av., nearly new, with all the modern conveniences. Location unsurpassed, commanding a view of the Hudson for twenty-five miles. Apply to THOS. W. BIRDSALL, Vice-President of Security Fire Insurance Co., No. 241 Pine-st., or to W. T. HATCH, Nos. 79 and 81 Worth-st.

TO LET, AT ELIZABETH, N. J., WITHIN eight minutes walk of the depot, a cottage, with 2 acres of land; carriage house, garden and shrubbery. The house contains eight rooms beside kitchen, and has furnace and gas. For particulars inquire of W. B. MEEKER, at Bank of New-York, or F. W. FOOTE, at Elizabeth, N. J.

FOR SALE AT NEW-HAVEN—A BEAUTIful country-seat, with four acres of land, 1½ miles from the centre of the city. The house is new, and contains all modern conveniences; size 48x50, with an addition 45x17, with sheds, &c. It is delightfully situated on high land, west of Whitney-av., and commands a fine view. Terms reasonable. Apply to
ELI WHITNEY,
NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 26, 1863.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIdence, with some seven acres of land, in the County of New-Windsor, about one mile south of Newburgh. The house is of brick, with slate roof, 50x50, with an extension for kitchen and servants' rooms; barns and outbuildings. The premises contain a variety of choice fruit trees and shrubbery. For terms and permission to see the house, apply to F. C. HAVEMEYER, No. 102 Wall-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished houses, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, to let for the season or year; also, country seats, farms and villa sites to rent and for sale low, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 48 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS country residence; location central, five minutes' walk from depot; house large, modern style, and very complete; fine garden, fruit trees, barn, &c., &c., all in excellent order. For an interview, address Box No. 843 New-York Post-office.

VALUABLE PROPORTY AT JAMAICA FOR SALE.—About 4½ acres land, house, outbuildings, &c., within five minutes' walk of the Long Island and Brooklyn Central Railroad depot. Plenty of fruit, fine garden, &c. Apply to HENRY W. REDFIELD, at Farmers' and Citizens' Bank, Williamsburgh, L. I. Terms easy.

TO LET—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT HASTings, one and a quarter miles from the Hudson River Railroad Station and steamboat landing, with coach-house, orchard, grounds, &c.; also, a small cottage near the above. Apply to L. H. PIGNOLET, No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

A COTTAGE TO LET AT WHITESTONE Point, Long Island, with stable and two acres of land, situated near the water, and only one hour from City by steamboat or railroad. Price $460 per year. Apply on the premises to EDWARD POST, or to JOS. T. MOORE, No. 290 Pearl-st.

TO LET IN THE VILLAGE OF PORTCHESter—A large house with ten rooms, garden, barn and carriage-house, suitable for a large family for the Summer months or for a person wishing to keep boarders. Price $350. Apply to WILLIAM BATTIES, of Portchester, or STEPHEN C. GRIFFIN, Mamaroneck.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT, embracing a spacious house, built within the last two years, with every modern convenience; first floor finished in solid black walnut; large carriage house, &c.; five minutes' walk from depot; 12 miles from the City. Inquire at Gas office, 76 Nassau-st., from 11 to 2 o'clock.

FOR SALE—IN PASSAIC, NEW-JERSEY, TEN miles from New-York by rail, a very desirable country residence, with ten acres of land and an abundance of fruit. Also, building sites, with five to ten acres. For particulars, apply to A. H. MULLER, No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET AT TARRYTOWN a country seat; large two-story house and carriage-house, five acres of choice land, abundance of fruit, fine garden, and view of the Hudson, one mile from the depot. Apply to JOHN A. KENYON, No. 83 Nassau-st.

WANTED TO RENT FOR THE SUMMER months a small country residence, furnished, on Staten Island, near a steamboat landing, with a stable attached. Address JOHN, *Times* Office, Box No. 135.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

ELEGANT RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON THE HUDSON.—It is one hour from New-York and six minutes from the railroad station; located in a refined and elegant neighborhood, renowned for health, and completely furnished with all that can render a home delightful in four seasons of the year. The house is large, new and very superior. The lawns, fresh and bright as the evening star, embellished with all the trees of the wood, decorated with the leaf and cluster of the vine, and cheered with the sound of some rejoicing streams, afford a prospect better seen than described. It is a place beautiful for situation; fit for the entertainment of a prince, and wanting nothing to complete the comfort of a genteel and rational family. The property, comprising about seven acres, will be sold low. Apply to
C. G. PRATT, No. 32 Pine-st., Room No. 9.

FOR SALE AT SOUTH NORWALK, CONN.—within five minutes' walk of the New-York and New-Haven and Danbury and Norwalk Railroad depot—a modern built house, (16 rooms,) with an acre of ground well stocked with choice shade and fruit trees, shrubs, garden fruits, &c. The prospect from the ground is unsurpassed for beauty and extent, embracing, as it does, a complete view of the town, Norwalk harbor and islands, and thirty miles of Long Island Sound and shore. Possession given immediately. For further particulars, inquire of D. R. SELLECK, Esq., No. 321 Broadway; STEPHEN SEELEY, Esq., No. 118 King-st., or L. DIBBLE, Esq., South Norwalk.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE AT RYE—With a fine view of the Sound and the surrounding country, a handsome country seat, consisting of nine acres, large house in good order, all necessary outbuildings, &c.; over 1,000 fruit trees, well shaded, &c. Also, a house situated on the outskirts of the village of Portchester. Grounds 6x170. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE, OR TO LEASE—A large house and four acres of land at West Farms, Westchester County; has stream of water; would answer for a hotel or boarding-house; access any hour by railroad or boat. Apply to J. CODDINGTON, No. 17 Wall-st.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT ON Staten Island Heights, commanding an extensive view, with a large house, newly put in order; stable and outhouses. Apply to JAMES E. MAURAN, No. 315½ West 22d-st., or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—A LARGE HOUSE, IN good order, containing 22 rooms, with garden, fruit trees and 10 acres of land, with privilege of 100 acres, situated on Staten Island, near the landing. Apply at No. 23 Whitehall-st.

TO LET AT BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—A HOUSE next to the Methodist Church, garden and orchard. Inquire at Mr. PIERSON'S store, near the depot.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—WANTED, TO PURchase, a small place, with convenient house, outbuildings, &c., within one hour of City. Orange or Westchester preferred. Address, stating price, communications with City, and full description of property, J. L. L., Box No. 106 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, no children, a desirable country residence, well furnished, within a short distance of the City. The place must be well stocked with the different varieties of fruits, with the flower-garden and lawn also suitable for horses. To one having an attractive place a good arrangement may be made. Address M. & B., Box No. 1295 Post-office.

FURNISHED COUNTRY PLACE WANTED—Must be situated on the east side of the Hudson River, between West Point and Hyde Park; rent not to exceed $1,000 per annum; the neighborhood of Poughkeepsie preferred. Address, with particulars, L. J. WYETH, No. 43 West 36th-st.

WANTED TO RENT—FOR THE YEAR, FROM May 1, or sooner, a pleasant cottage and three or four acres of land, within 25 miles of the City, and off or near a railroad—the Hudson River preferred. Address C. H., Box No. 143 *Times* Office.

FARMS.

A PROMISING INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE, ON ACCOMODATING TERMS, A farm of 100 acres, with a good brick house and dependencies—one and a half hour from Chambers-street depot, and within ten minutes of depot at Peekskill.

It is situated on beautiful rising ground, with many primeval forest trees

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN—London Assurance.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—Peg Woffington.

WALLACK'S—Captain of the Watch—Wonderful Woman.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—The Enchantress.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—The Empress of Beauty—Com. Nutt—Hippopotamus, &c., at all hours.—Syro-Arabic Troupe.

BANVARD'S HALL OF ART—Four Panoramas in one Night.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Un Ballo in Maschera.

GOUPIL'S—(No. 772 Broadway.) Cotopaxi.

COOPER INSTITUTE—Lecture on the Tower of London.

THE NEW IDEA—Minstrels, Ballet and Pantomime.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞Revenue Stamps for Checks, in sheets, for sale at Times Counting-Room.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

No official information, relative to affairs at Vicksburgh and vicinity, has been received by the Government up to last evening, although the reports of the captures in the Yazoo River were fully credited. No further Press dispatches had reached us up to a late hour last night.

Gen. Burnside, we learn from our Washington correspondent, will leave at once to take command of his new Department. His old companion-in-arms, Gen. Parke, goes with him.

Our veteran soldiers in the Army of the Potomac are already taking action in reference to the law recently passed by Congress (embodied in the Conscription bill) to encourage reënlistments. We learn from Washington that the officers of the Thirtieth New-York regiment, in a body, after having first consulted with the men, have signified the willingness of the regiment to reenlist for the war, provided it can be sent home about the first of April to recruit to the maximum number. The proposition is to be laid before the President and Secretary of War immediately.

An important order relative to officers absent from the army without proper authority, is published this morning. Those officers specified are notified that they will stand dismissed from the service of the United States, unless they shall within fifteen days appear before a military Commission, now in session in Washington, and make a satisfactory defence. Officers alleged to be guilty of other offences are also ordered to appear for trial.

The investigations following the recent capture of Gen. Stoughton at Fairfax Court-house, and the arrest of the Fords, who were the chief instruments in producing that mishap, are bringing out some curious developments. It appears that Miss Augusta Ford holds a special commission from the rebel Gen. Stuart to play such "panel" games, and that she ranks as honorary Aid-de-Camp to Stuart.

The steamer *Talisman*, which arrived at this port last evening from Kingston, Jam., brought us a file of Kingston papers, containing an announcement that the *Vanderbilt* had been disabled by the *Alabama*. The statement is undoubtedly untrue.

Loyal Americans in Chili, South America, have sent to the United States Sanitary Commission, through the Secretary of State, the handsome donation of $3,658 84, for the benefit of our sick and wounded soldiers. The loyal citizens of Key West have also sent to the Ladies' Association of New-York, for the benefit of soldiers' families, the sum of $1,300.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, yesterday, the General Dummy Engine bill was reported favorably. A number of bills were passed, but none of them of more than local interest.

In the Assembly, the bill authorizing the construction of a railroad in West Farms and Morrisania was ordered to a third reading; also the Senate bill relative to the collection of taxes in the City of New-York; also, the bill increasing the compensation of jurors in Kings County.

GENERAL NEWS.

By the arrival at this port last evening of the steamship *Champion*, from Aspinwall on the 8th inst., we have late and important advices from Central America, and from the United States of Colombia. The last previous intelligence from the Isthmus brought us intelligence of the imminence of a collision between the troops of Guatemala, under President Carrera, and those of Salvador, under President Barrios. This collision took place on the 22d of February, at Coatefeque, about sixteen leagues from the City of San Salvador, and resulted, after two days' fighting, in the total defeat of the Guatemalan army, with the loss of four rifled guns, a considerable quantity of munitions, three hundred killed, and a large number wounded. It is believed, from present indications, that all five of the Central American States will become involved in this quarrel between Guatemala and Salvador. The news from Bogota, the capital of New-Granada, is to the effect that a National Convention of all the States of Colombia had met at Rio Negro, and that Mosquera had sent in his resignation of the office of Provisional President, accompanied by a history of his operations during the revolution. The Convention then appointed a Council of Five to carry on the Government, until a Federal Constitution could be made and promulgated. Mosquera was continued as Minister of War under the new arrangement. There is no news from the lower South American States by this arrival. The *Champion* brought only $249,514 in treasure.

At the meeting of the Supervisors, yesterday, the Comptroller communicated that the State Comptroller had claimed $48,504 of the County Treasurer for unpaid militia fines, due on the 15th instant, for the year, and also that, so far, under the new militia law, this County has realized only $120 from such fines. The County Appropriation bill, recently passed, provides only $30,000 for deficit in the collection of these fines. The communication was referred. (The State Comptroller's claim is susceptible of modification, on the correction and classification of our enrollment.) In view of the recent decision in the United States Supreme Court, exempting all United States Stocks from taxation—an event that will reduce our taxable personal estate about $150,000,000, and increase the per centage of taxation on real estate—Mr. Purdy offered a resolution to have a complete list of mortgagees obtained for lodgment with the Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments, that the names may be put upon the assessment rolls, whether they be those of residents or non-residents. Adopted, with an amendment to obtain a copy of the opinion delivered in the Supreme Court. Subsequently, a resolution by Mr. Blunt, was adopted, directing the Annual Taxes' Committee to procure the passage of an act giving authority to tax "all bank stock and stocks of incorporated companies and associations held by individuals in this County," (*i. e.*, tax the individuals, not the banks,) and to employ counsel to assist them. Mr. Davis revived the vexatious question of the boundary line between New-York and Westchester Counties, in a resolution calling upon our Senators and Assemblymen to resist the passage of a bill now before the Assembly, to create a Commission to settle the dispute, unless the proposition about the expense should be modified so as to impose but half instead of two-thirds of it upon this County. Adopted, with an amendment providing for a Committee to visit Albany about the matter. Messrs. Stewart and Tweed were appointed. Adjourned to 3 o'clock P. M., on the 31st inst.

The second annual dinner of the "Knights of St. Patrick" was given last evening at the Chinese Assembly Rooms. Over 400 persons sat down at the table, and toasts were responded to by Edwin James, Esq., Thomas Dunphy, Judge McCunn, W. E Robinson, Wm. M. Lyon, John Mullaly, and others.

The price of Gold Coin varied yesterday but very slightly from the last price of Monday. The closing rate was 154¼ ₱ cent. The Stock Market was very buoyant in the forenoon, but on the Share list the advance was partially lost later in the day. Government Stocks continued firm at advancing figures. The conversion of United States Notes of legal tender into 6 ₱ cent. Stock of 1882 amounted to $75,000. The Street was much excited by a difficulty between the old Stock Exchange Board and the Public Board. The former suddenly adopted a resolution against its members dealing in the Public Room, directly or by proxy, on pain of expulsion.

Cotton was dull and lower yesterday. A moderate demand prevailed for Breadstuffs and Provisions at generally declining prices, though Corn and Oats were quoted higher. The sales of groceries were restricted; prices tended downward. Whisky was in limited request at a shade easier rates. Other branches of business exhibited no remarkably new features.

The Live Stock markets continue to have an upward tendency. Compared with last week there is an increase of nearly all kinds of animals, the gain being 800 bullocks, 2,500 sheep, and 4,000 hogs. The supply is short, however, and prices have advanced. The light stock one week ago left a brisk demand, which rapidly absorbed everything offered.....Beeves numbered 4,546 for the week, 3,750 of which were sold at Forty-fourth-street, Monday and Tuesday. More than 500 of these were taken by Messrs. Starr & Reed, on Government account, which left an inadequate supply for the retail trade. Competition was lively, and such an active market has not been seen for a long time. Prices averaged higher than for any previous market since 1859. Most of the sales were from 9c. to 10c. ₱ lb., estimated net weight, the average being about 9½c. Some prime steers were sold at 11c., and whole droves averaged 10c. Sheep are still advancing, and where they will stop no one can tell. It is likely, however, that if there are sheep for sale anywhere, the present high prices—9c.@10c. ₱ lb., live weight—will bring them out. The markets are now bare, and butchers are rushing to Albany, Buffalo, &c., to intercept and buy up the sheep before they reach here. Receipts for the week, 6,449. Live hogs are in larger numbers, the receipts being 17,400, but all have been sold at 6c. @6½c. for corn-fed, and 5½c. for still hogs.

The Copperheads and Future History.

It was well said by Mr. Brady in his Brooklyn speech, that "the time will surely come when the men who oppose this war will be deemed more infamous than the Tories of the Revolution." If this fact were fitly realized, we doubt whether there are ten persons in this community who would quietly rest a day under the name of being, at this crisis, in favor of peace with the rebels. No member of society is so abandoned as to court infamy understandingly. When it comes to that, he is no longer a member of society—he is simply an outcast.

Our people generally find it very difficult to bring home to themselves the fact that they are living in the most momentous days of the age. On a little reflection, they will allow it, and yet too many of them conduct themselves after their old political habits, as if the war were nothing more than one of the old political struggles in a new shape. They do not appreciate that their present public conduct has got to be judged more severely than ever before, and by altogether new standards. That which divides Americans now relates not to measures of mere expediency, but to practical acts involving national life or national death. The difference lies not between Whiggism and Democracy, or between Democracy and Republicanism, all of which were compatible with the most thorough loyalty; but it lies *essentially* between loyalty and disloyalty—between faithfulness to the Republic in its hour of peril, and defection. Posterity will so see it, and will judge in that light exclusively.

When this tremendous scene shall have passed—and it cannot last long at longest—*every actor in it* will receive honor or dishonor. Every American, high or low, *is* an actor in it. He can't escape it if he would, for neutrality is in itself defection and disloyalty. It will be known and remembered how every man bore himself in this crisis of the nation's life—every man from ocean to ocean. With men in general it will not be written on the page of history, but it will be written on a tablet yet more distinct, the living memory. Ten, twenty, thirty, fifty years hence it will be inquired about, and it will be known how every living American who was on the stage in the Great Rebellion then acted—whether he took sides for or against the Government; and every man, woman and child in the parish will understand it. The honor or dishonor of it will cleave not only to the individual himself, but to his children.

There are those living who remember the odium which, after the Revolution, clung to every Tory to his latest breath. No intellectual accomplishment, nor any moral worth, could exempt from it. But more than that, it was transmitted to his children and his children's children. Even to this day, the American whose ancestor at that time was known as a Tory, hears of it with burning shame. Similar contempt was entailed upon the blue-light Federalists of the last war. So far as regards the private character of its members, the Hartford Convention of 1814 was probably equal to any political assembly ever held in this country; but after the war closed, every man of them to his dying day was held in dishonor. He could no more obtain a public office than if he had been positively disqualified by law. The ban of public opinion was upon him. Though it was very clearly shown in subsequent years that the majority of the Convention had no such treasonable intentions as were imputed to it, yet it is enough that it was a peace assemblage, calculated to embarrass the Government. To this day the Hartford Convention is a by-word. There were Federalists who did not approve of the Convention, and yet even they do not escape. It is still everywhere a reproach to have been at that time an opponent of the Administration at all.

What hath been will be—only in greater measure. The revolutionary Tory at least had the apology of retaining his *original* loyalty. The peace Federalist of the last war acted against the Government only in its external relations, and the peace he sought involved no *vital* injury to the nation itself. But the Copperhead of the present day proves false to all loyalty, and is *recreant* in a sense which the Tory was not. He is traitorous, too, in a sense in which the last war Federalist was not; for his peace policy inevitably carries with it the disruption and destruction of the Republic, while the other peace policy would not have affected the unity and perpetuity of the Republic at all. There has been in American history no public treachery so unqualified, and so utterly incapable of extenuation, as that of the Copperheads of 1863; and which was followed with such a terrible reckoning as will be hereafter exacted for this. So far as regards the judgment of the next generation, a man of the present day might better commit almost any crime in the calendar, than be guilty of furthering the ends of the rebellion by advocating peace, or in any other manner. He might better leave his children without a dollar, than entail upon them the scandal of a father who turned against his country in the day of her extremity.

Mr. Brady was perfectly right in presenting the future disgrace as a restraining motive. On the other hand, Secretary Seward was just as right in presenting the future honor as a stimulating motive. In his letter to the meeting, he said with great force in reference to the League: "Let each subscriber take a certificate of membership, frame it in the costliest manner he can afford, suspend it conspicuously in his saloon or in his cabin, preserve it with the care a miser bestows on his gold, and bequeath it at his death to whomsoever he loves best. The diploma will grow in value as years roll away, and happy generations succeed each other in the glorious land they shall have inherited." There cannot be a doubt that any memorial of faithful action in this "day that tries men's souls" will be greatly cherished hereafter. Every man should see well to it that he now acquits himself in a manner that will entail not humiliation but pride, not disgrace but honor, upon himself and his descendants.

War for the Union—Past and Present.

Twice since the war began has the public mind approached to perfect unanimity in its favor. The first time was immediately after the bombardment of Fort Sumter by the rebels. The second is—*now*. And if the unanimity at the present time is characterized by less of patriotic frenzy than possessed all hearts two years ago, it is not the less real, and is even more significant of triumph for the Union cause. Two years ago the millions of the North were moved by passion. A holy zeal for an insulted flag animated them, and they threw themselves forward upon a prepared and malignant foe with more ardor than discretion. Little account was made at the start of the possibility of repulse. Far too little care was observed in the preliminary organization and discipline of the ardent soldiers, who, in vaster numbers than the Government called for, went out under the flag of the Union. Never, since the days of Peter the Hermit, who aroused all Europe to a frenzied rush to Palestine, to rescue the Holy Sepulchre from Infidel sway, was such an outpouring of voluntary soldiers witnessed as that evoked by the rebel insults in Charleston harbor. But as the bones of the zealous but unprepared crusaders whitened the wayside of their toilsome and dangerous march, so did the graves of our enthusiastic volunteers mark their early invasions of the rebel States.

That gush of indignant patriotism has long since subsided. Sentiment has given place to sober calculation. The fever of hero-worship that fairly canonized Ellsworth and Winthrop—among the first victims of the war,—has gone down, and the nation has neither time nor heart to make a roll even of all the illustrious names that have been blotted out in battle to take their place among the stars. War, in the early days, was a zeal, a passion, a fury. War, at the present time, is a business, a necessity, a duty. And all are united in this view of it.

We have suggested that this present unanimity of the loyal States in support of the war, is more significant of disaster to the rebels than was the unity and the blind rage that marked its early progress. It seems very clear that this is so. Mere passion is short-lived always. It obeys the natural laws that affect the elements. After a storm comes a calm. After a high tide, the flow. And after the burst of angry passion upon the South, there followed a relenting, and a desire for peace and the old fraternity. Mistakes of national administration—wholly unavoidable, it must be admitted, when all things are considered—afforded tempting opportunities for partisan ambition to seek its own exaltation; and when were the hearts of men ever free from a wicked ambition? For a time it seemed that the Union was gone. Men in high places inclined to the counsels of its enemies. Great States seemed to turn their backs upon the Administration at Washington. Communities in the West were stirred up by seditious appeals and invoked to separate themselves from the fortunes of a broken-down Government. For a few dark days it appeared that the once powerful and still formidable Democratic party, that had for a half century controlled the National Administration and moulded the destinies of the Republic, had resolved to draw off *en masse* and join in the overthrow of the Constitution and the representative Government established under it.

These dangers have been passed. We need not say when nor how. The loyal States are united again in support of the Government and in support of the war. Without stopping to justify or condemn the policies of President or parties, the people of all parties have agreed to crush the rebellion first—to settle party disputes afterwards. The war is no holiday work, to be taken up or laid down at pleasure. It is the grapple of an assassin, who demands of the nation both its money and its life. To beat the nation's assailants is the first business of every citizen. It is a necessity and a duty. All mere passion is out of place in the serious work the rebellion calls for. Coolness and calculation must take its place. All thought of party gain must for the time be laid aside; there will be no honors to fight for if the rebellion succeeds. All hopes of personal profit must be sacrificed if necessary; for what will the largest fortune amount to if it becomes subject to the assessments of a domestic or foreign despotism, erected on the ruins of our free Government?

It is from considerations like these that all loyal hearts, after temporary hesitation and alienation, are brought again into harmony in support of the war. It is after full argument of all that can be said in behalf of peace, of an armistice, of a recognition of the South, and after careful weighing of all warnings as to the probable duration and cost of the war. The loyal States are unable to see any peace in a division of the Republic between rival Governments, and can contemplate no loss so gigantic to themselves and to all mankind as the permanent overthrow of the American Union. And hence their present concord is the doom of the rebellion.

The Food Question in the South.

It is impossible to resist the evidences we are now daily receiving of great destitution of food in the South. A report of the rebel Secretary of War, made a few weeks since, first brought to light the fact of a serious failure of the corn and wheat crops in the seceded States last year. The Commissary authorities at Richmond, right under the eye of the Confederate Government, lately seized a large quantity of flour at one of the City Mills. The flour was private property, manufactured for the use of families by a miller who had previously proposed to grind for the Government, but had been refused any share of its patronage. The seizure of this flour by Government officers created a stir in Richmond. It was a blow at private rights, and put every man's ability to subsist his own family at the mercy of the rebel Government. The owner of the mills at once reported his case to Gov. Letcher, and invoked that official, who still claims to represent the proud and free Commonwealth of Old Virginia, to interpose in defence of the rights of her citizens. But Gov. Letcher did not venture to do so. The doctrine of States' Rights has no more virtue or power in the South. It is a panoply that shields no longer. Gov. Letcher contented himself with a spirited verbal protest (to the owner of the mills) against the injury he had suffered, and advised him to seek redress (by law, it is imagined,) against the individual officers who had despoiled him.

The agitation of this affair compelled the rebel authorities to take public notice of it, and Congress went to work on a bill to prevent such troubles in future. But no law can meet the emergency. The army must be subsisted. The soldiers have the power—they have arms in their hands, and they hold possession of the rivers and railroads; and, so long as there is meat, or corn, or forage, in any part of the South, they will have it, whatever be the private suffering in consequence.

There are various reasons assigned by Southern organs for the alarming scarcity of food that prevails. The rebel Secretary of War, in his report, ascribes it to a "partial failure of last year's crops of cereals," enhanced by the difficulty of distributing the supplies that were grown, through the scarcity of transportation. But the Charleston *Courier* is much bolder in its view of the crisis, and more discouraging to the rebellion. It alleges that the scarcity of food is owing solely to the rude and wholesale conscription acts of the Confederate Government, which have not left labor in the country sufficient to till the fields and gather the crops. The *Courier* draws a moving picture of the confusion, dismay and ruin that have been spread through all the agricultural districts of the South by the cruel and heedless conduct of rebel recruiting agents. Instead of trying to keep the armies together and in the field that were already raised, disease and desertion were allowed to do their fatal work, and every energy has been bent to draw every able-bodied man and boy in the South into the military service, to make up the reckless wastage. The result is that none are left to plow and plant, and destitution begins everywhere to prevail.

The extracts from the latest Southern papers mark distinctly the approach of famine. When a people like those of Richmond, Va., whose chief characteristic, perhaps, is extravagance and improvident living, begin to complain of the number of rations issued to men, and go into calculations to show how a surgeon, residing near enough to his hospital to walk to it, can dispense with at least one of the two horses allowed him, we may be sure that famine is at their very doors. And the worst of it for the people of the South is, that there can be no early relief. The season for the maturing of wheat and corn crops is yet far off. June is as early a month as we can name for the harvesting of wheat in Georgia. Corn will be three months later in maturing. What will the people do for the three and the six months ahead? Even if the agricultural force in the South were undisturbed, and bending all its labors to produce bread, it could hardly prevent much suffering before the coming Fall. But with the entire field work disorganized and disheartened by the Conscription act, and the army every day eating away the insufficient supplies on hand, the prospect must indeed be one of terror.

The readiest escape from the perils ahead would be for the masses of the South to revolt against the despotism at Richmond that is crushing them, and invoke the entrance of the Union armies that are now hovering upon their borders. With the advent of the National forces, and the restoration of the power of the Government, the granaries of the North would again be emptied in the South, and the era of liberty and good living be restored. A few days ago twenty rebels, who had voluntarily left New-Orleans to join their friends in the Confederacy, returned, hungry, suffering and converted. They were glad to swallow the oath of allegiance with their bread. It is possible that famine may do for the bulk of the rebels what neither honor nor duty has yet prompted. The experiment is about to be tried on a great scale.

The French in Mexico.

Mexican advices to the 1st inst., *viâ* Havana—received at that place by the British mail packet *Clyde*, and published in our columns yesterday—report a positive advance movement of the French forces to the attack of Puebla. It is stated that the French army commenced its march on the 19th ult., and by the 25th, all the divisions, with Gens. Forey, Saligny, Almonte, &c., were *en route*, and it was conjectured that the attack on Puebla would commence on the 1st inst.

It is also stated that Gens. Ortega and Comonfort are at the head of forces numbering 34,000, infantry, cavalry and artillery; that the City of Puebla is very strongly fortified, and every preparation made for a most determined and desperate resistance.

This is the sum and substance of the news, so far as the movements of the belligerents are concerned; and, if the programme marked out in these advices has been followed, there has been a solution of the military problem proposed by the French ere this.

We are not very sanguine in the belief that the French will reach and attack Puebla at the time stated, and it may reasonably be doubted whether they will ever attack the place at all. But, Gen. Forey must move in some direction. Inaction is certain and speedy destruction, and the French General is evidently feeling his way along in a Micawberish mood, indulging a desperate hope that through the defection of the Mexican people, or some other chance, his position and prospects will improve, and a certain degree of success be insured. It may be another month before any positive result will be reached.

By far the most significant and important news just received from Mexico, is that which relates to the banishment of the Prussian Minister, M. Wagner, with Messrs. Barron, Forbes, and some forty other foreigners, by the Mexican Government. These parties were considered dangerous to the peace and order of Mexico, and they have been forced to leave. Some months ago, Jecker and his associates were banished in the same manner. These acts on the part of the Constitutional Government of Mexico evince, in the first place, a thorough comprehension of where the root of all the evils that have afflicted the Republic lies. Foreign diplomats and foreign bankers, such as the men banished by the Mexican Government during this last revolution, are true representatives, have done more than all other agencies combined to promote civil disturbance and anarchy in Mexico since she became independent of Spain.

In the next place, these acts of banishing those who have really been the rulers of Mexico, give indubitable evidence of the real strength of the present Government of that country. There never has been a Government in Mexico, whether in peace or war, whether strong or weak, that ever dared, or ever could, in fact, cease relations with the European Ambassadors, and banish them, with prominent European capitalists, from the country, as the Juarez Government has had the patriotism and courage to do. It only remains for the Liberal party of Mexico to clear their country of the foreign element of purely sordid instincts that has sucked at its vitals so long, in order to open a high career of peace and prosperity.

The Mississippi River.—Last year at this time the rebels held possession of the Mississippi River from near Cairo to its mouths—a distance of over a thousand miles. Now they dispute with us only that part of it between Vicksburgh and Port Hudson—some 200 miles. Columbus, their first great stronghold, twenty miles below Cairo, fell into our hands in March, last year. Vicksburgh, their last great stronghold, which is 600 miles below Cairo, will doubtless be ours in March of this year.

Some people think it will be impossible for us to hold the Mississippi River throughout its vast length, even after we reduce Vicksburgh and Port Hudson, as the rebels will haunt both its banks, build rapidly earthworks, plant their artillery, and interrupt navigation at points innumerable. But we have found very little difficulty of this kind in the eight hundred miles of river running through rebel territory which we now hold. The rebels never *can* have a greater inducement to play this kind of game than they have now along the six hundred miles between Cairo and Vicksburgh; for if, by planting artillery on the east or west bank, or both of them, they could succeed in interrupting the flow of supplies to Gen. Grant's army, the siege of Vicksburgh would very soon be raised. The fact that they have achieved no success whatever in this line shows that the work is impracticable and impossible. If we can navigate in tolerable quiet 800 miles of the river now, it is hard to see why, after the capture of Vicksburgh, we should not be able to navigate the 200 other miles, which are similar to the first mentioned in all their characteristics. Some half a dozen strategic points on the thousand miles from Cairo to the Gulf will doubtless have to be garrisoned for a while, but a few iron-clad gunboats and the rigors of martial law will do the rest of the work.

Anti-Copperhead Demonstration in the West.

Indianapolis, Monday, March 16.

Eight hundred paroled prisoners, *en route* to Chicago, were detained at Richmond, Indiana, last night. While there they completely demolished the office of the *Jeffersonian*, anti-war sheet. They arrived here to-night, and threatened the *Sentinel*. Military authorities were placed on guard to prevent disturbance.

A large indignation meeting was held here to-night, in regard to the article in the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, insulting to soldiers' families.

Peace Resolutions in the New-Jersey Legislature.

Trenton, N. J., Tuesday, March 17.

The peace resolutions were discussed to-day in the House, occupying the entire day. The discussion was quite animated, and the lobies were densely crowded. The vote has not yet been taken.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Gen. Burnside Going to His New Department.

Curious Developments Regarding the Capture of Gen. Stoughton.

An Important Order to Absentee Officers.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

Washington, Tuesday, March 17.

GEN. BURNSIDE.

Gen. Burnside having been assigned to his new department, will leave at once to take command. Gen. Parke goes with him.

GEN. CADWALLADER.

Maj.-Gen. Cadwallader has been assigned to the second Corps of the army under Gen. Hooker's command.

AFFAIRS AT VICKSBURGH AND VICINITY.

Up to this evening, no official information has been received by the Government in regard to affairs at Vicksburgh and its vicinity. The reports, however, of captures in the Yazoo River, are credited at the Departments.

THE HEALTH OF GEN. GRANT'S ARMY.

Gen. Grant, in a recent letter to the Assistant Surgeon-General at St. Louis, says that the army under his command is provided with everything in the way of comforts and supplies that it can wish for, and that upon a personal inspection, he was astonished to find it so well appointed as it is in every respect. He denies the reports, industriously circulated and widely credited, that the army before Vicksburgh is rapidly dying off with fevers and pneumonia.

THE RECENT RAID AT FAIRFAX COURT-HOUSE.

Miss Ford, of Fairfax, was unquestionably the local spy and actual guide of Capt. Moseley in his late swoop upon that village. Col. Baker has fully developed the fact that Moseley, disguised, slept one night at the house of the Fords; that Miss Antonia went round with him and pointed out the houses which Gen. Stoughton, Col. Wyndham and Col. Johnson respectively occupied as their quarters, and that she aided Moseley in planning and executing his raid. Her "commission" to play such "panel" games was secured, when she was arrested, as well as some six thousand dollars in Confederate money. The following is a copy of Augusta's commission:

To all whom it may concern, know ye, that reposing special confidence in the patriotism, fidelity and ability of Antonia J. Ford, I, James E. B. Stuart, by virtue of the power invested in me as Brigadier-General in the Provisional Army of the Confederate States of America, do hereby appoint and commission her my honorary Aid-de-Camp, to rank as such from this date. She will be obeyed, respected and admired by all the lovers of a noble nature.

Given under my hand and seal, at the headquarters Cavalry Brigade, at Camp Beverley, the 7th day of October, A. D. 1861, and the first year of our independence.

J. E. B. STUART. [Impression of his signet ring.]

By the General, L. Tiernan Brian, Assistant Adjutant General.

PAYMENT OF CERTIFICATES.

The one-year certificates which are now falling due should be sent into the Treasury at once for payment. They will be paid in gold. The interest accruing after maturity will not be paid.

THE FRENCH IN MEXICO.

The report brought by the last steamer from Europe, of the intention of Emperor Napoleon to withdraw his army from Mexico, is discredited in diplomatic circles here. On the other hand, it is thought that the French army in Mexico will be largely augmented within the next ninety-days. Such is also said to be the advices received by our Government.

DINNER AT SECRETARY SEWARD'S.

Secretary Seward gives a grand dinner this evening to the corps diplomatique. The Haytien Minister will be present, together with a few Senators and distinguished strangers.

ARIZONA.

Gov. Gurley, Justice Goodwin and Secretary McCormick, of Arizona, had a lengthy interview with the Secretary of War to-day, upon the subject of providing a military force to fully accomplish the political and material objects in the organization of that Territory. It will undoubtedly be granted, to be organized in New-England, Pennsylvania and the West. Pennsylvania troops will properly be enlisted in the mining districts.

THE LOYAL INDIAN BRIGADE.

The Loyal Indian Brigade in Kansas, is rapidly filling up. When organized it will consist of five regiments. Col. Ewing, formerly of Ohio, and lately Chief Justice of the State of Kansas, will probably command it.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Up to this time the tax from Internal revenue has not come up to the figure estimated by Commissioner Boutwell, in his report to Congress. It is calculated, however, that the receipts will soon be equal to, if not exceed, the estimated amount.

POSTMASTER OF WASHINGTON.

It is stated that Sayles J. Bowen, Chief Clerk of the Senate, has been appointed Postmaster of this City, *vice* Lewis Clephane, removed, to take effect on the 1st of April next.

LAND WARRANTS.

The General Land Office here will grant this week, to parties in California, warrants for upward of sixty thousand acres of land, among the most valuable in the State.

ARREST OF A CORRESPONDENT.

A correspondent of the New-York *Herald*, named Dents, was arrested by order of Gen. Hooker, for transmitting to that paper contraband intelligence. He is now confined at Aquia Creek, and will probably be Court-martialed.

THE NEW REVENUE COMMISSIONER.

Hon. Jos. H. Lewis, the new Commissioner of Internal Revenue, to-day entered upon the duties of that office.

GOV. TOD.

Gov. Tod, of Ohio, is here.

IMPORTANT TO ABSENTEE OFFICERS.

War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, March 18, 1863.

The following-named officers having been reported at Headquarters of the Army for the offences hereinafter specified, are hereby notified that they will stand dismissed from the service of the United States, unless within fifteen days from this date they appear before the Commission in session in this city, of which Brig.-Gen. Ricketts is President, and make a satisfactory defence to the charges against them:

Absent without proper authority—Lieut.-Col. Wm. Northridge, 59th New-York; Major W. J. Wallace, 23d Pennsylvania; Surgeon J. D. Hewitt, 107th New-York; Assistant Surg. S. Milton Hand, 137th Pennsylvania; Assistant Surg. Jas. A. Reed, 69th New-York; Capt. R. P. Cowles, Acting Quartermaster Third Brigade, First Division, Second Army Corps; Capt. John Bloom, Co. I, 13th New-Jersey; Capt. Horace H. Willard, 42d Ohio; Capt. Chas. H. Howe, 42d Ohio; Capt. John P. Dunn, 35th Indiana; Capt. Thos. Pryce, 35th Indiana; Capt. C. A. Shemofsky, Aid de Camp to Gen. Schurz; Capt. M. V. Farr, 106th Pennsylvania; Capt. Corcoran, Co. C, 34th New-York; Capt. Richard Budd, 96th Pennsylvania; Capt. W. H. Danks, Co. H, 44th New-York; Capt. Wm. A. Armory, Co. B, 16th Massachusetts; First Lieut. John

W. Cummings, 35th Indiana; First Lieut. H. L. Blodget, Co. C, 111th Pennsylvania; First Lieut. G. Gaston, Battery D, 1st New-York artillery; Second Lieut. E. Botts, Co. E, 54th New-York; Second Lieut. James Shaw, Co. A, 123d New-York; Second Lieut. R. M. Burkman, Co. E, 11th Pennsylvania Reserve; Second Lieut. B. Kohans, Battery A, 1st New-York artillery; Second Lieut. P. D. Mason, Battery H, 1st U. S. artillery; Lieut. J. Juerbson, Co. K, 8th New-York; Lieut. W. C. Miller, Battery B, 1st Pennsylvania artillery.

Failing to Report at Convalescent Camp, as per order—Capt. Alexander L. Jellison, Co. A, 97th New-York; Capt. A. Clarke, Co. C, 8th Illinois cavalry; First Lieut. Adam Hauf, Co. H, 45th New-York; Second Lieut. Chas. Willock, Co. K, 19th Massachusetts: Second Lieut. George Y. Tams, Co. A, 119th Pennsylvania; Lieut. Schlasser, Aujt. 26th Wisconsin; Lieut. J. M. Dougherty, Co. A, 84th Pennsylvania.

The following for the causes set opposite their respective names:

Assistant Surgeon J. P. Alcorn, 126th Ohio, accepting bribes for procuring discharge of soldiers.

First Lieut. R. Schwickardi, 39th New-York, drunkenness and conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman.

Lieut. John M. Fibbs, 1st Virginia cavalry, drunkenness and representing himself as an officer of the provost-guard. L. THOMAS, Adjutant-General.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

RE-ENLISTMENT.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 17.

The recent action of Congress in regard to the re-enlistment of the two years men, whose term expires this Spring, is attracting some attention in the regiments. Among the first to take action is the Thirtieth New-York, one of HATCH'S "Iron Brigade," who have done honor to themselves and State on the Rappahannock, at Gainesville, Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam and Fredericksburgh. Col. SEARING, on Saturday presented to Gen. HALLECK a paper, signed by every officer on duty with the regiment, excepting one, stating that they had consulted with their men, and if they could be sent home about the first of April, which is a month before their term expires, the officers and men of the regiment would re-enlist for the war, and recruit their ranks to the maximum number. The paper will probably be laid before the President and Secretary of War. There is much *esprit de corps* in the Thirtieth, as well as other regiments, and their officers and men would prefer to enlist in a body without bounty, rather than to go into other regiments with the highest bounties.

PRIZES CAPTURED.

The Navy Department has been informed of the capture off New-Inlet, St. George's Sound, of the schooner *Hortense*, from Havana bound to Mobile, and of the schooner *Ann*, while endeavoring to break the blockade, on the side bar off the mouth of the Savannah River, Florida.

Donation from Key West.

The following letter, addressed to Mrs. M. H. GRINNELL as the representative of the Ladies' Association of New-York, accompanied the very handsome donation of $1,300 to the funds of that excellent Association. Considering the limited number of inhabitants of Key West, the gift is most creditable to their patriotism and liberality:

KEY WEST, Nov. 12, 1862.

The citizens of Key West, desirous of adding their mite to the contributions raised for the relief of the families of soldiers now engaged in the struggle for the preservation of our Government, have requested us—the Committee of Arrangements—to forward the inclosed sum of thirteen hundred dollars ($1,300) to the Ladies' Association of New-York, and most respectfully ask the Association to become the almoners of their bounty.

With the warmest sympathy in the cause in which you are engaged, we are, very respectfully,

CHARLES HOWE, Sr., Treasurer.

ALEX. PATTERSON,	FREDK. FILER,
J. GARCERE,	G. W. FERGUSON,
L. M. SHAFER.	E. B. RAWSON,
JEREMIAH PENT.	SAM'L YOUNG, Jr.,
E. L. WARE,	J. F. PACKER,

Committee of Arrangements.

To Mrs. M. H. GRINNELL, New-York.

Donation from Loyal Americans in Chili.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 17.

The following official correspondence will be read with interest:

Rev. Dr. Bellows to Mr. Seward.

U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION, NEW-YORK AGENCY, No. 823 BROADWAY. NEW-YORK, March 13, 1863.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State:

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge your letter of March 11, with an inclosure of your check for $3,658 84. I have paid the amount to the Treasurer of the Sanitary Commission, G. T. STRONG, who will send you a formal receipt.

In thanking, through you, our countrymen in Chili for their generous thoughtfulness for our and their soldiers who may fall sick or be wounded in this greatest battle of humanity, it may be for their satisfaction to know that, contrary to all ordinary cases, devotion to our Government, Union and cause, has been proportioned to the distance of the unselfish position of our countrymen—those furthest from the seat of war being nearest in their sympathy and beneficence. The Pacific coast has given three times as much to the National Sanitary Commission as the Atlantic coast, and its most distant region—Washington Territory—more in proportion to its inhabitants than any other. Our countrymen in Vancouver's Island, Honolulu and the Sandwich Islands, in England, France, Germany and India, have shown that no seas, however wide, could shut their ears to the groans of their suffering patriots in the field.

Our countrymen in Chili may have the satisfaction of knowing that their contribution mingles in our treasury with the contributions of loving countrymen from wherever an American has carried his country's enterprise, or followed her flag; and that, from the resources thus accumulated, succor and consolation will flow impartially to the National soldier, whether in Louisiana or North Carolina, Virginia or Kentucky, Mississippi or Maryland. If he be anywhere under our flag, there the National Sanitary Commission will follow and find him.

I have the honor to be, gratefully, your ob't serv't,

(Signed) HENRY W. BELLOWS, President.

Mr. Nelson to Mr. Seward.

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES, SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Feb. 1, 1863.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State, Washington:

SIR: I have the honor to inclose a bill of exchange, dated Jan. 31, 1863, drawn by Messrs. ALSOP & Co., of Valparaiso, upon Messrs. H. G. ENTHORN & Co., of London, England, payable to my order, and indorsed by me, for the sum of four hundred and ninety-seven pounds sterling, (£497,) which was purchased by the amount by the loyal Americans in Chili in aid of the sick and wounded soldiers of the Union Army. The amount subscribed was $2,636 gold-Lars. I also inclose a list of the names of the subscribers, and the amount paid by each. You will please appropriate the proceeds to the object indicated in such manner as you may deem it most advisable.

This contribution, though not large, will, it is hoped, mitigate the suffering of some of the brave soldiers who have perilled their lives on the battle-field in behalf of our beloved country, while at the same time it has given to our citizens residing in Chili an opportunity of manifesting their patriotism in this hour of our utmost need in a substantial and unequivocal mode.

Other remittances for the same purpose will be made from time to time until the rebellion is crushed. I have the honor to remain, your obedient servant.

(Signed,) THOS. H. NELSON.

Mr. Seward to Mr. Nelson.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, March 9, 1863.

SIR: I have received your dispatch of the 1st ultimo, accompanied by a list of loyal citizens residing in Chili, who have subscribed to a fund for the relief of the sick and wounded soldiers of the Union Army, and by a bill of exchange for 497 pounds sterling, remitting that fund for the purpose for which it was destined.

You will be pleased to inform the subscribers that their proceeding will be viewed at home with great sensibility, as doing honor alike to their benevolence and their patriotism. Care will be taken that their bounty shall be so bestowed as to reach the most needy and worthy of those for whom it has been offered.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant.

WM. H. SEWARD.

To THOMAS H. NELSON, Esq., &c., &c., Chili.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

The Arrest of the Pirate Chapman—Prominent Citizens Implicated.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, March 17.

A. P. CRITTENDEN, a prominent lawyer, was arrested for complicity in fitting out the privateer *J. M. Chapman*. The San Francisco Supervisors, last night, proposed to lend the State $100,000 toward providing armed vessels for the harbor and coast defences. A bill was introduced in the Legislature, to-day, authorizing two millions for the same purpose. There is a general feeling that neither arms nor other means for an effective defence against foreign or domestic enemies now in the State. The Collector of San Francisco was compelled to hire a steamer to board the *Chapman*, the only revenue-cutter on the coast being off Washington Territory. There is every prospect that the Legislature will issue half a million on bonds, for means for purchasing six batteries of artillery and small arms sufficient to equip 30,000 soldiers.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

A Good Prospect of Going Ahead with Legislation—The Grinding Committee—Interest on the State Debt—Communication from Comptroller Robinson—The Refractory Democrats Undergoing Penance—Another Broadway Railroad, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Tuesday, March 17, 1863.

With a Grinding Committee, morning sessions commencing at 10 o'clock, and sessions every evening, there is a fair prospect of going ahead. Speaker CALLICOT has constituted the Grinding Committee, or Committee of Thirteen, with entire fairness. The Democrats have six, the Republicans seven, and the members are among the best of the entire body. Their character is a guaranty that no great wrong will be committed, but that the business of the House will be facilitated. The Committee will have their first meeting this afternoon.

Comptroller ROBINSON, in a communication to the Assembly, states that an installment of interest on the State debt will fall due on the first of April, and that it will be necessary to provide the coin, otherwise the payment must be made in the same currency in which the revenues are received, as the Manhattan Company will decline to provide coin without legislative direction. There is now pending a bill to reimburse the State Agency for premium paid for gold to pay the last interest due. It would seem that since the debt is held by our own citizens, greenbacks or the bills of sound banks ought to be good enough, and I doubt whether the Legislature will otherwise order.

Those Democrats who have recently shown evidence of being refractory, especially those who refused to follow the lead of Mr. T. C. FIELDS in his attempt to degrade the Speaker by taking from him the appointment of the Grinding Committee, are undergoing discipline. They will soon come to understand the meaning of the impediments placed in the way of bills in which they take an interest. As the penalty of having exercised their own judgment, they are to have the opposition of the leaders, against whom they have offended. This was apparent this morning. The result will be that just bills will be lost, and the blow will fall on the people.

When the bill to reimburse the Manhattan Bank the premiums paid for gold to pay the State interest, the Banks, particularly such as demanded gold of the State while they are yet suspended and refuse to pay it to the holders of their own bills, caught it from members on the floor, and although the Manhattan Company were authorized to pay the premium, it was denounced as a speculation, as a discrimination in favor of monied institutions, and the conferring of favors on them denied to the people. It was claimed that it would be repudiation to refuse to reimburse the premium and pay the coin. Members wanted to know, if that was repudiation, what was the refusal of Banks to redeem their bills in gold.

The discussion wandered over the whole range of the specie question, State faith, &c. The simple and only question was, should the Bank be reimbursed the premiums? As to the future, that comes up soon enough. It was contended, however, by Mr. DEPEW, in favor of paying gold in future in conformity with the policy of other States. The policy in the days of Mr. FLAGG was cited as equally sound now, and Mr. DEAN especially commended the wisdom of Mr. Comptroller ROBINSON, not only in this particular, but for his official course generally. The amount of premium to be reimbursed is about $200,000. The bill was ordered to a third reading.

The General Dummy bill was reported in the Senate to-day heretofore noticed, giving to railroads the right to run the dummy. It is a wide step ahead.

Mr. PRUYN gives notice of a bill for a Railroad in Broadway, the proceeds of which shall go to liquidate the Central Park and other debts of the City.

It has been suggested that the proper thing would be an enactment appointing Commissioners to open books of subscription, and apportion the stock among those, who as a company, will build and operate a Road in Broadway. This, it is urged, would be proper in itself and the true way for the Legislature to settle the question, who shall have the Road, which has come to be greater than the one, whether or not there shall be one.

It is said that the Senate Committee, before whom the late hearing on this question was had, will report very shortly, and furthermore, that the Law-Stage Bill will be reported to the Senate.

It is understood that the Investigating Committee will meet to-morrow, preliminary to entering on the investigation of the charges of Mr. T. C. FIELDS against Speaker CALLICOT. RODERICK.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Tuesday, March 17.

Sundry petitions were presented for the endowment of Hygeia College.

Petitions for and remonstrances against State aid to the Auburn, Lake Ontario and New-York Railroad.

Mr. LITTLE reported against allowing the Phœnix Fire Insurance Company to do marine business. The report was tabled, on motion of Mr. MURPHY.

The General Dummy Engine bill was reported favorably, as was also the bill incorporating the Parochial Fund of the Episcopal Church of Western New-York.

Mr. WOODRUFF introduced a bill, incorporating the National Union Life and Limb Insurance Company.

BILLS PASSED.

Legalizing the acts of JOSEPH BAKER, MICHAEL LANGDON, and PETER TIERNAN, Justices of Peace.

The Little Falls Charter bill.

The bill reducing the capital stock of the Bank of Coxsackie.

The bill amending the charter of the Young Men's Association of Buffalo.

The bill relative to contracts and repairs on canals.

The bill for the payment of the interest on canal drafts and awards of interest commencing sixty days after date.

The bill directing the Canal Board to determine claims for work on the DeRuyter Reservoir, Erie Basin.

The bill amending the charter of the Metropolitan Insurance Company was advanced to a third reading.

Mr. MURPHY introduced a bill incorporating the Long Island Oil Company.

Mr. CONNOLLY introduced a bill legalizing the contract for grading Seventieth-street. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

The bill amending the Charter of Brooklyn was ordered to a third reading.

The bill amending the statute of frauds by declaring a contract or agreement not void, because of omission to express the considerations, was ordered to a third reading. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Tuesday, March 17.

The Committee to investigate the charges against the Speaker meet to-morrow. No witnesses have yet been summoned.

The following bills were ordered to a third reading: Authorizing the construction of a railroad in West Farms and Morrisania; the Senate bill relative to the collection of taxes in the City of New-York; increasing the compensation of jurors in Kings County.

The bill reimbursing the Manhattan Company the premium on coin to pay the interest on the Canal debt, was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. MURPHY presented a majority report, in favor of incorporating the New-York Society for the Relief of Destitute Children, Mr. TOBEY dissenting.

Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

The bill regulating the price of gas in Brooklyn was passed to a third reading.

The Grinding Committee reported for third reading the bill amending the act concerning a certain ordinance of the Common Council of New-York, passed in 1855.

The Canal Auditor reported on the resolution asking the amount of money received for tolls and paid out for the past three years; received, $10,523,221 10; expended, $4,654,063 42; paid principal and interest on canal debt, $4,187,257 23; balance held by sinking fund, $1,691,770 45.

The bill regulating transactions in gold was amended by exempting foreign bills of exchange from restriction. Adjourned.

☞ Rev. JOHN LORD commences this evening a course of five lectures on Roman civilization, which will be well worth hearing.

THE DEPARTMENT OF THE CUMBERLAND.

Brilliant Exploit of Our Cavalry under Col. Minty.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 17.

The following was received to-day at the headquarters of the army:

MURFREESBORO, March 16, 1863.

Maj.-Gen. H. W. Halleck, General-in-Chief:

I have the pleasure to report the gallant conduct of our cavalry under the brave Col. MINTY. They drove the rebel cavalry wherever they met them, captured one of their camps, 17 wagons, 42 mules and 114 prisoners. They used the sabre where the carbine would delay.

(Signed,) W. S. ROSECRANS, Major-General.

AMUSEMENTS.

ITALIAN OPERA.—In consequence of the continued indisposition of Mme. MEDORI, it will be impossible to give "Norma" to-night at the Academy of Music as announced. "Un Ballo in Maschera" will be repeated, with Mme. GUERRABELLA and Signor BELLINI, for the first time, in the two important *rôles* previously sustained by Mme. MEDORI and Signor YPOLITO.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—Although pirates and their ships are not so popular now as they were last year, Miss CAROLINE RICHINGS succeeded yesterday evening in winning a new success for the "Enchantress"—a work in which she is melodically memorable as "the pride of the pirate's heart." The lady is a pleasing actress, grave but also graceful, and sings with effect. As *Stella*, in the work now revived, she has hardly so good an opportunity as in "Satanella," where all the best tunes of the opera flow from her lips; but the "Enchantress" is a more homogeneous production, and affords a wider scope for scenic display, and hence is in better favor with the public. Moreover, there is a well-known chorus sung by a band of ruddy rovers—Greeks with a strong flavor of the brogue—that never fails to bring down the house, and from its frequent recurrence helps to bind the work together. It should be added here that the chorus at Niblo's is nicely balanced and sufficiently powerful. If BALFE'S opera, instead of Dr. CUNNINGTON'S, were given, it need hardly be better. In this and all other respects there is a frank liberality in Mr. WHEATLEY'S management that is entitled to the highest praise.

It would puzzle poor Polonius himself to classify the entertainment to which pieces like the "Enchantress" and "Satanella" belong. In certain features of simple idiotcy they are not unlike English opera—but then there is very little music and only one singer. It is apparent, moreover, from the earnestness with which every one perplexes every one else, that there is somewhere a plot, and that this involves a deep and settled dramatic purpose not wholly unconnected with a Christmas pantomime, or utterly foreign to a ballet, but completely beyond the ken of the uninitiated. In the "Enchantress," the throne of the Sicilies appears to be the point at issue, and at one period of the evening a couple of boys bring in the regalia of the islands, and serve them like refreshments to a lady and gentleman seated in a damp spot. But the mind is not permitted to retain this circumstance for any length of time, and, indeed, cheerfully surrenders it on the first opportunity. Perhaps it is the best recommendation of the piece that it cannot be classified and that its plot is inscrutable. Neither fact interferes in the slightest degree with the enjoyment of a very rich, peculiar and miscellaneous feast. The truth remains that Mr. WHEATLEY can boast of the only novel species of amusement on Broadway, and it need surprise no one that it attracts so much attention.

The work is admirably placed on the stage; the scenery is all that could be desired, and the dresses are generally good. Mr. SHEWELL plays the principal speaking part with effect, and a comic gentleman tries to make the lieges laugh—sometimes successfully. Mr. PETER RICHINGS is heard and seen to great advantage as *Ramir* the pirate. To say nothing of two or three sinister fragments of song which he imparts mysteriously, murderously and in the strictest confidence to the first row of the parquette, he is for the nonce a pantomimist of the good old melodramatic school, gyrating to music and emotionally palpitating to the action of his feet and hands. In the prologue he is, perhaps, seen to the greatest profit, and attains the nicest balance of insidious vocalism and demonstrative pantomime. It is here that he produces a dagger of rare and curious design; an instrument possessing the dreadful faculty of springing open in the bosom of its victim and becoming at once an awe-inspiring and complicated species of pitchfork. It is here that *Ramir*, during a brief period of pardonable excitement, stabs the atmosphere at the end of every four bars, and ruthlessly rends the firmament with his diabolical weapon. He has, moreover, to clink it against other daggers—immensely to the disadvantage of the latter, they being for the most part of wood—and finally to swear a solemn swear, with dagger uplifted and one knee on the ground. These offices were performed by Mr. RICHINGS with immense relish, and were delightful from their serious absurdity. Sharing the pantomimic honors with Mr. RICHINGS, and rather outstamping that gentleman, are two highly dangerous persons with guns, whose mission in life is to shoot the Enchantress. The task is attended with more than ordinary difficulty, from the fact that when the lady leaves the stage by the right, *they* invariably leave it by the left, so that as rational beings they can hardly indulge the hope of encountering her until they have completely circumnavigated the globe. Nevertheless they make the most of their opportunities and do not spare the managerial gunpowder, blazing away with utter disregard to consequences. In addition to these attractions, there is a good ballet with Mlle. GALETTI and Mme. MARZETTI at its head; so that all things considered, the entertainment is singularly varied and amusing.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.—Miss LAURA KEENE'S return to her own theatre, after a series of merited successes in other cities, was hardly celebrated by the public with the warmth that was due to so valuable an artist. The house on Monday night was by no means full, albeit the comedy of "Old Heads and Young Hearts," in which Miss KEENE is seen to great advantage, was played. To tell the truth, the public is hardly yet aware that the theatre has recovered from its orgies of tinseled glitter and vulgar verbiage. The classes who enjoy comedy are precisely those who have been driven away by its trashy predecessor; and something in the shape of novelty is required before they can be recalled. The play was excellently rendered by Miss KEENE, Mr. BLAKE, Mr. C. WHEATLEIGH and Mr. PETERS. It was enjoyed and applauded by the audience. To-night Miss KEENE will appear in her admirable impersonation of *Peg Woffington*.

BENEFIT OF MISS MARY PROVOST.—Miss PROVOST has a benefit to-night, presenting the unusually strong attractions of herself as *Lady Gay Spanker*, Mr. CHAS. WALCOT as *Sir Harcourt*, and Gen. McCLELLAN in a stage-box. We understand that Gen. McCLELLAN will positively attend, accompanied by his Staff; but whether, in compliance with a cheerful American custom, he will "define his position," is not yet ascertained. Miss PROVOST deserves, and will doubtless receive, a substantial evidence of her popularity, and a golden recognition of her efforts to please the dear public.

Gen. Wool in Connecticut.

The visit of Gen. WOOL to Connecticut was made the occasion for quite a turnout of the patriotic loyalists on the route. At Bridgeport and all the stations the crowds insisted upon the veteran saying a few words to them, but he declined, promising to acknowledge their kindness on his return. At New-Haven he was welcomed by a large concourse of citizens, where he and his Staff were joined by Gov. BUCKINGHAM, and proceeded to the Mayor's office, where the party were officially welcomed by that functionary. A visit was made to the light-house, where plans for a new fort, to be erected in that vicinity, were inspected, together with the topography of the ground; and the adaptation of the plans to the location was highly commended. Gov. BUCKINGHAM and Staff afterward accompanied the General and his Staff to New-London, where further inspections of other localities will be made with a view to fortifying the mouth of the Thames River more effectually than at present. The inspecting party is receiving great attention from the citizens of Connecticut.

Premium on Gold.—The Subscriber, who cannot change his prices with the fluctuations of gold without incurring enormous expense in advertising the changes, is compelled to sell his Pens at old prices. Thinking his customers entitled to the benefit of the premium on gold, rather than the Wall-street debasers of the best currency this country ever had, he now offers to all remitting the amount of their orders in gold, the full premium in this City on the day when received. In this way he hopes to do the country and his customers some good without injuring himself, for the MORTON PEN cannot be made without gold. When Paper Money is sent, United States is preferred over any other. A. MORTON,

No. 25 Maiden-lane, New-York.

Bourbon Whisky.

ESTABLISHED 1839.

S. T. SUIT'S KENTUCKY WHISKY DISTILLERIES.—This whisky has been adopted by the Government for hospital use; it is for sale by every druggist in the City. Orders should be directed SUIT'S Distilleries, Kentucky, or, SUIT'S Whisky Agency, No. 48 Broadway, N.Y.

Sore Throat Specific.

One bottle warranted to cure any case of SORE THROAT, or the money refunded. Price 50 cents.

DR. H. ANDERS & CO.,

Physicians and Chemists, No. 428 Broadway.

Pearl Mottled Soap is the best

And most economical for laundry and family use, being particularly adapted for flannels and all kinds of woolen goods. Manufactured and for sale by E. MORGAN'S SONS, No. 211 Washington-st., and No. 440 West-st. Also FAMILY, PALE, and No. 1 Soaps.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Relieves the child from pain, invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and vigor to the whole system. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST. AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Terry, No. 397 Broadway.—The opening of Spring Styles of Misses' and Children's Hats will take place on THURSDAY, March 19, on which occasion will be introduced novelties from England and Paris, together with original designs for infants', boys', girls' and misses' wear, for which this establishment has no rival. The trade supplied at a liberal discount. J. R. TERRY, No. 397 Broadway.

Craig's Celebrated Microscope is Mailed, prepaid, with 6 beautiful mounted objects, for $3; with 24 objects, $5, by HENRY CRAIG, 180 Centre-st., 3d floor, N. Y. Liberal discount to dealers. Sold in Bway by Fowler & Wells, 308; Shepard, 209; Low, 624; McFarland, cor. 23d-st.; Optical Inst., under Barnum's.

Genin, No. 513 Broadway,

Will open, on THURSDAY, 19th inst., his new Spring styles of Children's Hats, which will comprise the latest French and English novelties for Infants', Boys', Girls' and Misses wear. The Millinery and Hatting trade dealt with on liberal terms.

Defiance Fire and Burglar Proof Safes! also, Sideboard and Parlor Safes, for silver-plate, &c., at No. 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place.

R. M. PATRICK.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes.

THE BEST FIRE-PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD.

Depot, No. 100 MAIDEN-LANE.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y.; also Philadelphia and Boston. Only houses of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Trusses.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss, Office No. 2 Vesey-st., (under Astor House,) opposite the church. No connection whatever with any other Truss Office of same name. A female attends ladies.

MARRIED.

DANIELS—CONTRELL.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 17, by Rev. Newton Heston, ISAAC E. DANIELS to HANNAH J. CONTRELL, both of Brooklyn. No cards.

SEAMAN—JONES.—On Tuesday, March 17, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. S. D. Burchard, RICHARD W. SEAMAN to EMMA GERTRUDE, only daughter of N. J. Jones, Esq.

DIED.

BAIRD.—In Yonkers, N. Y., on Sunday morning, March 15, Rev. ROBERT BAIRD, D. D., in the 68th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., at the First Presbyterian Church, Yonkers. The friends of the family are invited to attend. Trains leave Chambers-st. at 10 and 12; returning at 5 P. M.

BROWN.—In Westfield, N. J., on Sunday, March 15, suddenly, in full assurance of faith in Christ, ROGER WILLIAMS BROWN, son of Joshua and D. B. Brown, of this City.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, March 18, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Berean Baptist Church, corner of Bedford and Downing-sts., into the fellowship of which he was baptized just two weeks before his death. Friends and acquaintances are invited, without further notice. Union Bible Class, of which he was a member, are requested to be present.

BOOREM.—In this City, on Monday, March 16, Mrs. ELIZABETH BOOREM, aged 71 years, 3 months and 13 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, March 18, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her son-in-law, Nathan Worley, No. 61 Hammond-st.

BRISCOE.—On Tuesday, March 17, HENRY A. BRISCOE, aged 23 years and 10 months, late of the firm of King & Briscoe.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 131 Johnson-st., Brooklyn.

CHASE.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, March 16, MARY BRADLEY, eldest daughter of John D. and Louisa Chase, aged 14 years and 6 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 39 Tillary-st., on Wednesday, 18th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

CLARKE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 17, MARIA, beloved wife of Geo. B. Clarke, in the 50th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 253 Carlton-av., Brooklyn, on Friday morning, March 20, at 10 o'clock A. M.

COTTON.—On Monday evening, March 16, THOMAS S., eldest son of Samuel and Eliza Cotton, aged 27 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 254 West 44th-st., on Wednesday, March 18, at 1 o'clock P. M., without further invitation. His remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

☞ Middletown and Hartford, Conn., papers please copy.

DAMBMANN.—In this City, on Monday, March 16, SARAH E., wife of Charles F. Dambmann, and daughter of the late George Long.

The funeral services will take place at Calvary Church, Thursday, the 19th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M., to which the friends of the family are invited. The relatives are invited to meet at her late residence, No. 41 East 22d-st., at 2 o'clock P. M.

DU VERNET.—In this City, on Monday morning, March 16, ALEXANDER C. DU VERNET, in the 21st year of his age.

The funeral will take place from St. Ann's Church, 18th-st., near 5th-av., on Wednesday, March 18, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

ELMER.—On Monday, March 16, near Morristown, N. J., J. FLOYD ELMER, of typhoid fever.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend his funeral, at his late residence, on Friday, 20th inst., at 11½ o'clock A. M., without further notice. Carriages will be in attendance at Morris Plains depot.

FLEMMING.—In Jersey City, on Saturday, March 14, after a short illness, Mr. JAMES FLEMMING, in the 59th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Wednesday, March 18, at 2 o'clock, from St. Mathew's Church, Sussex-st., Jersey City.

GALATIAN.—In this City, on Monday morning, March 16, at 7½ o'clock, CIARA WARREN GALATIAN, daughter of Ann and the late John B. Galatian, aged 23 years.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 25 Cottage-place, on Thursday morning, March 19, at 10 o'clock.

HITCHCOCK.—In Williamsburgh, N. Y., on Monday, March 16, after a short but painful illness, MARGARET, wife of Forbes Hitchcock, aged 44 years.

Her funeral will take place at her late residence, No. 13 Washington-place, Williamsburgh, on Wednesday, March 18, at 1 o'clock P. M. Friends and relatives of the family invited to attend, without further notice.

LAWRENCE.—In New-Orleans, La., on Friday, March 6, JANE OSGOOD, wife of Effingham Lawrence, and only daughter of Isaac Osgood, late of Louisiana.

McDOUGALL.—On Tuesday, March 17, MARGARET, infant of Charles and Margaret A. McDougal.

Buried in Greenwood.

McINTYRE.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 17, JAMES, son of Ewen and Emily A. McIntyre, aged 2 years and 4 months.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, 18th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from No. 30 East 18th-st.

POWERS.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 17, 1863, at No. 32 East 14th-st., T. W. POWERS, M. D., aged 55 years.

He was for many years a practitioner of medicine in this City and in Brooklyn. His funeral will take place at 3½ o'clock P. M. on Thursday next, from the residence of his brother, Charles Powers, Esq., southeast corner Carroll Park and Smith-st., Brooklyn. His friends and relatives are invited to attend without further notice.

PARSON.—In Morristown, N. J., EMMELINE PARSON, daughter of the late Jasper Parson, of England.

Funeral services at St. Peter's Church, on Wednesday, March 18, at 11 o'clock.

RUNYAN.—In this City, on Sunday, March 15, MARY ARCHER, widow of Joseph Runyan, in the 83d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday, March 18, at 12 o'clock, from the St. John's Episcopal Church, Yonkers. Train leave Chambers-st. at 10 o'clock.

RUGGLES.—The funeral of the late HENRY RUGGLES will take place on Thursday, March 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 66 Cranberry-st., Brooklyn.

SCHIFFLIN.—In Harlem, On Monday evening, March 16, at 9 o'clock, LEWIS EUGENE SCHIFFLIN, son of Geo. Ph. and Constance Schiffin, aged 9 months and 9 days.

The funeral will take place this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, 113th-st.

SHERWOOD.—On Monday, March 16, LAURA, widow of Samuel Sherwood, Esq., of this City.

The funeral services will take place at Delhi, N. Y., on Friday, 20th inst.

VAN VORST.—In this City, on Sunday, March 15, THOMAS VAN VORST, aged 37 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from No. 105 East 13th-st., on Wednesday, March 18, at 10 o'clock A. M. The remains will be taken to Yonkers for interment.

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HAMMOND ON THE CAUSES, SYMPTOMS and SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DEBILITY, &c. By C. D HAMMOND, M. D., formerly Professor of Special Anatomy, &c., in the Syracuse Medical College, New-York. Revised edition. Price $1, mailed. E. WARNER, Publisher, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House; the Author, No. 31 East 27th-st.

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LOYAL LEAGUE OF UNION CITIZENS.

No. 30 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, March 17, 1863.

The organization of the League was completed at the Public Meeting in the Academy of Music, on Saturday evening, the 14th inst., and the Committee have great pleasure in announcing to the members that Lieut.-Gen. WINFIELD SCOTT, has accepted the Presidency of the League.

Arrangements are in progress for further emphatic demonstrations of the loyal sentiments of New-York.

Several of the most eminent public speakers of the country are expected to address the League, and to enforce by their eloquence the principles of unconditional loyalty to the Government, and uncompromising opposition to treason.

Subscriptions to defray the unavoidable expenses of the League will be received by the Treasurer, and be duly acknowledged.

It is greatly to be desired that local loyal Leagues should be formed in all the Wards of the City, without delay; and it is hoped that notice of every such organization will be sent to this Committee, by whom each Ward association will be regarded as an auxiliary in promoting the patriotic object in view.

By order of the Ex-Committee.

ROBERT H. MCCURDY

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches, and is also a good baker; is willing to do part of the washing, and has no objection to go to the country for the Summer months; best of reference from last employer. Call for two days, at No. 471 2d-av., near the corner of 29th-st., first floor, front room.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WANTS a situation as cook; she understands her business; is a good baker, and is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days, at No. 182 7th-av, between 22d and 23d sts.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER, OR FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK.—A respectable girl, who is not afraid of work, desires a situation in City or country; is a good cook and baker, and an excellent laundress; knows her duties thoroughly; has good references. Apply at No. 378 6th-av.

AS COOK, OR GENEEAL SERVANT.—Wanted, a situation by a smart, capable girl to do cooking, or general housework; is an obliging, trusty servant, an excellent washer and ironer; economical, respectful and neat; best of reference given; wages moderate. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn; city or country.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A good cook in a private family; understands her duties thoroughly, such as meats, soups, pastry, &c.; would assist in the washing of a small family, and has excellent reference from her last employer. Call at No. 161 East 16th-st., for two days.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED, BY A RESpectable girl as cook; one fully competent in her business; understands all kinds of baking, and pastry in all branches; has lived in one family for the last fifteen years; has the best of City reference. Call on Mr. Walsh, No. 87 7th-st., corner 1st av., for two days.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A first-class cook and an excellent chambermaid and waiter as want situations in respectable private families; they have very good City reference. Call at No. 171 23d-st., near 7th-av.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable woman, as first-class cook, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; has the best of reference, and can be seen for two days at No. 80 West 25th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., first floor, front room.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, by a respectable woman, a situation as cook washer and ironer; understands her business thoroughly; good City references. Call for two days at No. 163 East 15th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

AS COOK—A SITUATION WANTED BY A RESpectable woman as first class cook, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; has the best of reference, and can be seen ready engaged at No. 488 6th-av., between 29th and 30th sts.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTed, situations by two robbed of their young girls; one as cook and to assist with the washing, and the other as chambermaid and waitress, or would assist with fine washing; have lived together before; have the best of City references and can be seen for two days at No. 123 West 33d-st., between 6th and 7th avs, second floor, front room.

AS COOK—WAITRESS, &c.—SITUATIONS wanted by two young women—one as first-class cook, the other as waitress or chambermaid; good City reference given, can be seen, for two days, at 74 West 22d-st. between 6th and 7th avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT, TIDY woman, with excellent City references, a situation as cook and to do the cooking, washing, understands meats, poultry, baking, pastry, sauces and jellies; wages $9 to $10. Call at or address No. 142 East 41st-st., for 2 days.

AS COOK AND WAITRESS.—TWO GIRLS wish situations in the country—one as cook, washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress. Apply at REDELL'S, 307 4th-av., late Bookbar & Redell.

AS COOK, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN, A PROTestant, wants a situation as cook and assist with the washing and ironing; no objections to the country. Call at No. 11½ West 27th-st.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation by a Protestant woman, to cook, wash and iron; is a good cook; has good references. Can be seen at No. 163 West 27th-st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES A situation as good cook and to assist with the washing and ironing; good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 200 East 16th-st.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation, by a young woman, as cook, washer and ironer; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 155 East 27th-st., for two days.

AS COOK, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY a respectable girl, to do cooking or general housework; good reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 221 Varick-st., in the rear.

AS COOK.—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN WISHES a situation as cook; is an excellent baker, a good washer and ironer, and has a large good City reference. Call at No. 171 23d-st., near 7th-av.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable woman, as first-class cook, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; no objection to assist in washing and ironing; best City reference can be given. Can be seen for two days, at No. 80 West 25th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., first floor, front room.

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AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT WOman, a situation as first-class cook in a private family; has the best of testimonials as to capability and character; has lived eight years in one family. Can be seen for two days at No. 119 West 27th-st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A RESpectable woman, as cook; has the best of reference; has lived six years in her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 36 East 12th-st.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation as cook, washer and ironer; has good City references. Call at No. 152 7th-av., between 22d and 23d sts., top floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A young and respectable person, a situation as first-class chambermaid and seamstress, or chambermaid and fine washer; the best City references will be given. Apply for two days, at the French Institute of M. C. GAILLARD, No. 149 East 9th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., late No. 51 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable girl, as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or assist in taking care of children; five years' City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 125 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, in a private family. Good City reference. Call for two days at No. 130 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A RESPECTAble girl wants a situation in a private family, to do up-stairs work and fine washing and ironing, or attend to children; she has excellent City reference. Call at No. 171 23d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A young German woman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; is willing and obliging, and has the best of reference. Call for two days at No. 61 6th-av., second floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable young woman as chambermaid and assist with the washing and ironing; has good reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 60 20th-st., corner of 6th-av., for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A RESPECTABLE girl wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to do general housework in a private family. Can be seen for two days at No. 236 1st-av. The best of City reference from her last place.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation, by a young woman, as cook, washer and ironer; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 155 East 27th-st., for two days.

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AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A young and respectable person, a situation as first-class chambermaid and seamstress, or chambermaid and fine washer; the best City references will be given. Apply for two days, at the French Institute of M. C. GAILLARD, No. 149 East 9th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., late No. 51 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable girl, as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or assist in taking care of children; five years' City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 125 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, in a private family. Good City reference. Call for two days at No. 130 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A RESPECTAble girl wants a situation in a private family, to do up-stairs work and fine washing and ironing, or attend to children; she has excellent City reference. Call at No. 171 23d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A young German woman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; is willing and obliging, and has the best of reference. Call for two days at No. 61 6th-av., second floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable young woman as chambermaid and assist with the washing and ironing; has good reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 60 20th-st., corner of 6th-av., for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A RESPECTABLE girl wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to do general housework in a private family. Can be seen for two days at No. 236 1st-av. The best of City reference from her last place.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A situation wanted by a young woman, as chambermaid and seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses; is a very neat, plain sewer. Can be seen for two days a. No. 173 22d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; has good City references. Call at No. 125 7th-av., between 22d and 24th sts., top floor, front.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable young woman to do chamberwork and waiting or waiting alone; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at 173 West 30th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND PLAIN SEWER.—A Protestant young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid and plain sewer; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 202 East 21st-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A young woman, a situation to do chamberwork and sewing; no objection to go to the country; best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 119 West 24th-st., near 7th-av., third floor.

AS SEAMSTRESS—LADY'S MAID.—WANTed, by a Protestant girl, a situation as seamstress, or to wait on a lady; understands all kinds of family sewing; good City reference can be given. Apply to No. 36 West 37th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESpectable young woman, a situation as seamstress; is a good dress maker and milliner; understands all kinds of family sewing. Call for 2 days at No. 150 West 3d-st.

AS DRESSMAKER.—A COMPETENT AND experienced dressmaker who has worked at the business a long time; is a good fitter and trimmer; would like to engage by the day or week; will take her sewing machine if required. Call at No. 163 6th-av.

AS WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, by a respectable young woman, a situation as waitress or chambermaid, and to do plain sewing, in a private family; five years' City reference from her last place. Call, for two days, at No. 71 West 21st-st., first floor, back room.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTable young woman, a situation as waitress; has many years' experience, and two years' unexceptional reference from her last employer. Call at No. 156 3d-av., near 9th-st., in the Priory store.

AS WAITRESS.—A PROTESTANT WAITRESS, of strictly neat and thoroughly competent, wants a situation at once; best of reference; willing to serve; reference from last employer. Can be seen for two days at No. 137 4th-av., between 10th and 11th sts.

AS WAITRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a Protestant young woman, as first-class waitress; has the best of City references; can be seen for two days at No. 61 East 14th-st.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a first-class laundress; would do chamberwork and fine washing and iron; can be highly recommended; the country preferred. Call or address, No. 20 Grove-st., first floor, front room.

GOOD SERVANTS IN GREAT ABUNDANCE of every variety may be found at the Employment Society's Office, at Clinton Hall on Astor place and 8th-st., a few doors east of Broadway. German, Dutch, French and Italian languages spoken.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable girl as child's nurse, and is competent to take charge of a nursery, and willing to make herself useful if required. The best of City reference can be given. Can be seen for two days at her former employer's, No. 50 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS NURSE.—A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH NURSE (Parisian) wishes to go with a family to Europe, and consent to come back to America; the best of City recommendations will be given. Apply, immediately, at the French institute of M. C. GAILLARD, No. 149 East 9th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., late No. 51 6th-av.

AS NURSE, &c.—A COMPETENT WOMAN wishes a situation as nurse and seamstress, or to take the entire charge of an infant; has been several years accustomed to the care of children; good City references given. Apply at No. 62 West 18th-st., southwest corner 6th-av.

AS NURSE.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY AN English Protestant woman, as nurse; is competent to take the entire charge of an infant or nursery; can give undoubted City reference, as to character and capacity, from her employer, where she has lived eleven years. Can be seen at No. 122 East 35th-st., near 3d-av.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY AN experienced nurse, an English middle-aged woman; can take charge of a baby from birth; three years' City reference. Apply at No. 61 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., till suited.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A RESpectable young woman desires a situation as nurse and seamstress; she is experienced in the care of children. Can be seen at the house of her last employer, No. 122 West 23d-st.

AS NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman wishes a situation as nurse; understands the care of children and plain sewing; has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 69 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

AS NURSE, &c.—A RESPECTABLE PERSON, who has not been accustomed to living out in the City, would like a situation in some private family as nurse and seamstress, or would travel with a lady. Can be seen at No. 199 West 25th-st.

AS NURSE OR CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young woman, as nurse or chambermaid; is a good plain sewer, and has good City reference. Call at No. 212 East 23d-st.

AS WET NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman, with a fresh breast of milk, wants a situation as wet nurse; young woman, perfectly healthy; her first baby; best of reference. Inquire at 125 West 33d-st.

AS MATRON OR HOUSEKEEPER.—Wanted, a situation as matron or housekeeper, in a school or public institution, or in a private family, by a middle-aged lady, who has had several years of practical experience in the above situations; she is a person of good principles, and is willing to make herself useful; the most satisfactory reference given. Call or address, for three days, Mrs. F., No. 47 West Baltic-st., between Court and Clinton sts., Brooklyn, L. I.

ABUNDANCE OF GOOD SELECT SERVANTS ready at the Large Institute, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av. English, German, Irish, Scotch, American and Protestant help, civil and capable, to suit all. Also, neat, tidy small girls. Conducted by MRS. FLOYD.

SALES.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION IN the above capacity, by a thoroughly competent man; the advertiser is an excellent landscape gardener, and is practically and theoretically acquainted with all branches of horticulture. Gentlemen wishing a first-rate man may call on or address M. R. G., at Mr. Bridgeman's, Nos. 576 and 578 Broadway, New-York. Unexceptionable reference given.

AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY a single man; understands his business well; the management of greenhouses, framing, and forcing of fruits and vegetables; can show good recommendations. Address M. H., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a man who understands his business in all its branches, and the laying out of new places; is a middle-aged man; can be highly recommended from his employers; will make himself generally useful. Address a note to M. D., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener by a married man of small family; understands graperies and greenhouses, the laying out of new places, if required; would superintend a farm with economy; my references will tell what I can do. Address, for three days, F. C., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, BY A SINGLE man, a situation as gardener; understands greenhouses and graperies; is a good grower of vegetables, laying out flower gardens, &c.; good reference. Address T. C., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED AS gardener, by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; no objections to take charge of farming or make gas; has the best of City reference. Address J. B., Box No. 198 *Times* office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION, as gardener, by a married man—no family; understands the business in all its branches; has been many years in this country; wife is a good cook and laundress; can give the best of references. Call on or address M. W., at Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st., New-York.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a married man, (Scotch,) no family; has had many years' experience in this country; is well in all branches of his business; refers to A. SMITH, Seedsman, No. 65 Liberty-st., New-York, where I can be seen or written to.

AS GARDENER.—A YOUNG MAN WISHES A situation in the country; understands vegetables gardening, milking and care of horses. Call for two days, at No. 109 West 13th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener by a married man; has no family; thoroughly understands gardening in all its departments; can produce the best City reference. Address M. D., Box No. 198 *Times* Office, for two days.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION, AS gardener, by a respectable young married man, (English,) who understands the business in all its branches, and has good reference from his last employer. Call or address F. P. R., No. 174 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, BY A MARRIED man, a situation as gardener; satisfactory City reference given as to character and ability. Direct or apply to G. G., Mr. Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 576 Broadway.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION by an English gardener. Inquire at Mr. ELIOTT'S Seed-store, No. 27 John-st., near Nassau-st., New-York.

A GARDENER OR FARMER.—WANTED, a situation, by a married man, without children; thoroughly understands the business of either in all its varieties; good reference can be given from his last employer for years. Address W. G., Box 208, *Times* office.

A GARDENER AND FARMER.—SITUAtion as gardener and farmer wanted, by a married man; the best of reference; his wife to care dairy and poultry if required. Call for two days at No. 125 West 24th-st.

A GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—WANTed, a situation as gardener and coachman, by a man that understands his business in both branches, and laying out of new places; is a middle aged man; will make himself generally useful; can be highly recommended from his employers. Can be seen by note to M. H., Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

A SCOTCH FARMER.—WANTED, A SITUAtion, by the 1st of April, by an experienced farmer, eight years in this country; for several years foreman for an extensive farmer in Scotland, and there gained the first prize as the best plowman; familiar with marketing, rearing and fattening of stock, and the cultivation of root crops; also accustomed to working of the various kinds of machinery on a farm; wife fully understands the management of dairy and poultry-yard; good reference given. Address H. WALLS, Northford, Conn.

A FARMER, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED by a respectable Protestant man, aged 26, not long in this country; worked at farming and gardening home; wants a situation as farmer and gardener; willing to make himself useful; or take most any situation. Call at No. 149 Grand-st.

A FARMER AND GARDENER.—WANTed, a situation, by a practical working man; is a Protestant; his wife as laundress or dairy maid. Address J. M. D., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

A COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A REspectable single man wants a situation; is a thorough coachman and a good plain vegetable gardener, and is well recommended from his last employer for capability and industry. Address J. M., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

A COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman in a private family; has two years' reference; no objection to the country; is a Protestant. Address W. R., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

A COACHMAN AND GROOM.—AN ENGlish Protestant is desirous of obtaining a situation in a private family as coachman and groom; understands the care of horses; is a single man; can give the highest testimonials; has no objection to the country. Apply at No. 307 4th-av.

A COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman and to assist in the garden; can milk a cow if required; has good reference; is willing to make himself generally useful. Address C., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

A COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A STEADY, sober man, wants a situation as coachman and groom; understands driving and gardening; is willing to make himself useful; has good references. Call at No. 149 Grand-st.

A COACHMAN, &c.—WANTED, A SITUAtion as coachman, or to take charge of a small farm; is a first-rate hand with horses. Apply for two days at the office from 12 to 2 P. M., or address C. H., No. 301 Monroe-st.

A COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, a situation, by a single man, as coachman; understands the care and management of horses; has no objection to the country; good references. Address E., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

A COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, a situation as above, by a respectable Protestant married man, no family; perfectly understands his business; strictly temperate, willing and obliging; good references. Address W. J., Box No. 215 *Times* Office, for one week.

A COACHMAN AND GROOM.—SITUATION wanted by a respectable man as coachman and groom; understands his business perfectly well; has the best of City references; has no objection to go to the country. Can be seen for two days at the *Times* Office, or address a note to W. M., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

A COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a young unmarried gentleman as coachman; will not object to take charge of a cow or two, or assist in a garden if required. Address for two days, A. C., No. 31 Temperance Hotel, West Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

A COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a young man who understands the care of horses, and is a careful driver, and would make himself generally useful; can produce the best references. Address M. O. C., Box No. 190 *Times* Office, for two days.

A COACHMAN.—A COACHMAN'S PLACE wanted, by an Englishman, a married man, who understands his business; has good City reference from his last employer, who has no further use for him. Apply at his employer's stable, No. 49 East 18th-st., for three days.

A COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman in a private family; has no objections to the country; best of references given. Address J. N., Box No. 220 *Times* Office, for two days.

A COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman by a young man, to travel for the Summer. Address COACHMAN, No. 13 East 19th-st.

A GROOM OR PORTER.—WANTED, BY A young man, 23 years of age, a situation, either as groom or as porter in some kind of a store. Can give good reference. Address, for two days, C. B., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

A CLERK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young man, who can furnish unexceptionable references, as clerk or assistant book-keeper. Address S. S., Box No. 171 *Times* Office.

A WAITER.—WANTED, BY A HIGHLY REspectable, steady and sober man, with unexceptionable references, a situation as waiter in a private family; no objection to the country, or to travel with a family. Address P. L., Box No. 202 *Times* Office, or No. 64 West 18th-st.

A RESPECTABLE WELL-DISPOSED German man, with good reference, desires a situation where he would make himself generally useful; a good hand over horses; understands farming and plain gardening. Apply to Mrs. MANNING'S, No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, 23 years of age, in some respectable business; has had seven years' experience in the liquor and fancy goods trade; is a good penman, and willing to work for a small salary. Good reference. Address CLERK, Box No. 141 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

GIRLS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A first-class Protestant cook, that thoroughly understands her business in all its branches, as baking, boneing, soups, sauces, desserts, etc.; also a competent laundress who understands French fluting and doing up ladies' and gentlemen's linen in good style, and a first-class family seamstress who can cut and fit and understands dressing ladies' hair; Scotch or English preferred. Apply to these that understand their business well the highest wages will be given in a private family. Apply, with good reference, immediately, at No. 111 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, A GERMAN, AS gardener, (must speak English,) who understands the business and is willing to work; must milk a cow, and take care of a horse; wages moderate. Bring good recommendation, and apply at 10 A. M., this day, at No. 2 Astor-place, SANFORD.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, A MAN TO TAKE charge of and milk two cows, and to take charge of a garden, and make himself useful in the Winter time; he must be a good vegetable gardener. Apply to J. R. D., Box No. 3,155 New-York Post-office.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, A GARDENER; A first-rate man for vegetables and fruit, with wife who would attend the dairy. Apply at No. 333 West 15th-st.

A FARMER.—WANTED, A PRACTICAL WORking man, who understands farming, vegetable gardening and care of horses. Apply to C. L. DIMON, No. 110 Wall-st.

FARMER WANTED—A MARRIED MAN, WHO thoroughly understands his business. Apply at Eagle Fire Insurance, No. 71 Wall-st., from 11 until 2 o'clock.

WANTED—A MAN TO GO A SHORT DISTANCE in the country, to take care of a horse, cow, and small garden, at moderate wages; one willing to learn gardening preferred. Address H. S., Box No. 100 *Times* Office, or No. 536 Broadway.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN THOROUGHLY AC quainted with upholstery goods and curtain materials, to assist in taking charge of a large wholesale department. To a competent person a liberal salary will be paid, with a good position. Apply, personally or by letter, to A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

A COOK.—WANTED, A COOK, WHO UNDERstands her business perfectly, and is willing to assist with washing and ironing, and go to the country during the Summer. Must have good City reference. Apply at No. 77 Clinton-place, one door below 5th-av., from 9 to 11 o'clock.

A COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—WANTed, a smart, tidy and competent girl, that can come well recommended, to do plain cooking, washing and ironing in a small private family; will find a good home, and receive kind treatment and a full equivalent for her services. Call at No. 132 West 40th-st.

A NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a nurse and seamstress; she must be competent to take charge of an infant and a Protestant; an English or German woman preferred. Call, with testimonials, at No. 153 East 17th-st., at the basement door, between the hours of 10 and 12.

GAS-PIPE MAKER WANTED.—TO ONE competent to act as foreman; good wages and steady employment will be given. Apply to HENRY G. NICHOLS, No. 24 Pine-st.

A GENERAL HOUSEMAID.—GIRL WANTed, to do general housework, and who is willing to go into the country with the family for six months. Apply at No. 34 Macdougal-st.

A CLOAK MANUFACTURER.—WANTED, A first-class cloak manufacturer; one who thoroughly understands the business will be liberally treated with. Apply by letter to A. T. STEWART & CO.

A NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a Protestant woman as nurse and seamstress. Call, with references, at No. 25 Washington-square, between 10 and 12 o'clock.

A NURSE.—WANTED, A NEAT AMERICAN girl, from 16 to 20, to take care of a babe five months old. Inquire at No. 66 West 16th-st., West of 6th-av.

WANTED—AN ENGLISH MANOR SCOTCHMAN as under-herdsman and shepherd. One who is fond of, and will take an interest in his work is required. Address note, giving references, &c., to Mr. THORNE, Box No. 123 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SEVERAL MEN TO WORK at the bench—carpenters, chairmakers, Cabinet makers, &c., will suit. Constant employ at good wages. S. HARRISON & SON, No. 350 West 24th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ARCHITECT, A BOY ABOUT 15 years of age, who desires to learn the profession. Address, in handwriting of the applicant, F. B., Box No. 189 *Times* Office.

SCROLL SAWYER WANTED.—ALSO, A wood turner; constant employment at good wages. S. HARRISON & SON, No. 350 West 24th-st.

MILLER WANTED.—WANTED, A MAN TO attend a mill in the country. Apply at No. 269 Canal-st.

WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED OPERATOR—apply at BRADY'S Gallery, No. 785 Broadway.

$75 A MONTH!—I WANT TO HIRE AGENTS in every county, at $75 a month, expenses paid, to sell my new cheap Family Sewing Machines. Address S. MADISON, Alfred, Maine.

$60 A MONTH!—WE WANT AGENTS, AT $60 a month, expenses paid, to sell our Everlasting Pencils, Oriental Burners, and 13 other articles. 15 circulars free. Address SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Me.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HYGIENIC WHISKEY,
EIGHTEEN YEARS OLD,
Highly recommended by the Faculty for all cases of
PULMONARY AFFECTIONS
and GENERAL DEBILITY,
At the celebrated Wine and Ale room, corner of Broadway and Liberty-st., under the Atlantic Bank.
WM. O. GILBERT, Agent.

25 CENTS {OLD PLANTATION COFFEE.} PER POUND.

TO ALL LOVERS OF FINE FLAVORED COFFEE.
We have completed arrangements whereby we shall receive 500 bales per month of
OLD PLANTATION COFFEE,
Which we offer to the public as a superior beverage to any heretofore sold in this market.
THE OLD PLANTATION COFFEE,
Of which we are the only receivers and manufacturers, is superior to the Coffee usually sold, such as Mocha, Java, Maracaibo, &c.
Hotels, private families, boarding-houses, restaurants, &c., will find
THE OLD PLANTATION COFFEE
more reliable than ordinary Coffee, as by our new mode of preparation it will be found to contain a perfect uniformity of strength and flavor.
Put up only in one pound packages, sixty pounds in a case, with full directions on each package; and for sale by grocers generally. Price 25 cents per pound. Liberal discount to the trade.
WRIGHT, GILLIES & BRO.,
Nos. 233, 235 and 237 Washington-st.,
Importers and Manufacturers.

WATER-PROOF
VIENNA AND STRELLA MATCHES.
These matches are made without sulphur, and being free from disagreeable odor, are not only very desirable but almost indispensable for use in the parlor and sleeping chamber. They are put up in fancy colored boxes and half packages for family use, and are also carefully packed in cases for transportation. For sale wholesale and retail by
JAM

FINANCIAL.

STATEMENT
OF
THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
No. 40 Wall-st.,
For the Year 1863.

Assets 1st of January, 1862.....$804,858 09

RECEIPTS.

Premiums and Charge for Policies	$207,044 19	
Interest, Rents, Annuities, &c.	50,035 30	
		257,079 49
		$1,061,937 58

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid Claims by Death	$94,500 00	
Endowments and other Policies Purchased	18,696 37	
Dividends and Profits Paid with Claims	31,540 85	
Reinsurance, Taxes, Commissions, Physician's Fees, Annuities	20,460 23	
Office Expenses, Advertising, Printing and Stationery	20,672 28	
		$185,869 73

ASSETS.

Cash	$24,658 73	
Bonds and Mortgages	474,250 00	
United States Securities, ($162,000,) Cost	153,327 50	
New-York City Bonds	20,000 00	
Brooklyn City Bonds	24,000 00	
Real Estate in New-York and Brooklyn	18,268 95	
Due by Agents	22,968 26	
Loans on Policies	79,022 37	
Deferred Premiums	49,419 94	
Interest accrued or due	10,152 10	
Assets, 1st January, 1863		$876,067 85
		$1,061,937 58

There are no losses due and unpaid; no claims in dispute.

DIRECTORS.

JOSEPH B. COLLINS,	SHEPHERD KNAPP,
LUTHER BRADISH,	EDWARD S. CLARK,
JAMES SUYDAM,	ISAAC N. PHELPS,
JAMES MARSH,	CHARLES E. BILL,
JOHN J. CISCO,	JOHN J. PHELPS,
ISAAC A. STORM,	CLINTON GILBERT,
JOHN A. LUQUEER,	WILLIAM B. BOLLES,
JOSIAH RICH,	HANSON K. CORNING,
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DAN. H. ARNOLD,	JERE. P. ROBINSON,
W. R. VERMILYE,	CHARLES P. LEVERICH,
WILLIAM TUCKER,	WM. M. HALSTED, JR.

JOSEPH B. COLLINS, President.
N. G. DE GROOT, Act'y. JOHN EADIE, Sec'y.
JAMES W. G. CLEMENTS, M. D., Medical Examiner, (residence, No. 19 Amity-st.,) at the Office daily from 12 to 1½ o'clock P. M.

J. B. GATES, General Agent; JAMES STEWART, HENRY PERRY, ALBERT O. WILLCOX, and A. WHITNEY, Local Agents in the City of New-York and vicinity.

IRON MOUNTAINS OF MISSOURI.

PILOT KNOB IRON COMPANY,
CAPITAL.....$1,000,000.

The PILOT KNOB IRON COMPANY OF MISSOURI, desirous of prosecuting their works at this favorable period with renewed vigor, now offer for the first time ONE-HALF of their CAPITAL STOCK for SALE in this market, in shares of $100 each.

Their property is over sixty square miles, containing over 40,000 acres of land, and embraces the most valuable of the wonderful Iron Mountain region of Missouri. It is situated at the terminus of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad, 35 miles from St. Louis.

Iron is produced at that point cheaper than anywhere else in the world. The property of this Company is one of the most valuable of the kind.

Subscriptions will be received, for a short time, at the office of Messrs. E. D. MORGAN & CO., Nos. 54 and 56 Exchange-place, and also at the office of H. G. MARQUAND, Esq., No. 43 Exchange-place, where further information may be obtained. Twenty-five per cent. will be required when the whole subscription is made up, and the balance may be paid in installments, if desired.

The subscribers, who are connected with the Company, will be in the city in a few days, and may be seen at one or the other of the above places.

JAMES H. LUCAS, } of St. Louis.
THOMAS ALLEN, }

NEW-YORK, Feb. 25, 1863.

UNITED STATES CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

Maturing Certificates of Indebtedness collected, and returns made promptly.

The gold received for interest remitted, or accounted for at the market price in currency, at the option of holders. KETCHUM, SON & CO.,
No. 40 Exchange-place.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

STOCKS AND BONDS

Bought and sold on commission, at the Brokers' Board, by
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
Bankers, and Dealers in Government Securities and Gold.

STAMFORD WAR LOAN BONDS.—SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned, at Stamford, Conn., until the 31st day of March, 1863, for the purchase of $20,000 of the Bonds of the town of Stamford. These Bonds are issued by said town in pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Connecticut, in sums of $1,000 each, dated April 1, 1863, bearing six per cent. annual interest, with coupons attached, made payable as follows: $4,000 on the 1st day of April, 1883, and $4,000 in each succeeding year thereafter, until the whole are paid.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check, equal to five per cent. of the amount bid for, as security for the faithful performance of the bid, and must state the amount and class of bonds bid for.

A copy of the vote of the town, and of the act of the Legislature authorizing the same, can be had on application to the undersigned.

WELLS R. RITCH, Town Treasurer.
STAMFORD, March 14, 1863.

UNITED STATES CERCIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.—The subscribers have completed arrangements at Washington to collect Certificates of Indebtedness as they mature, making prompt returns, and giving market value for gold received for interest, or remitting gold, as correspondents may desire.

Constantly on hand for sale at market rate, United States Stocks.

6 per cent. Certificates of Indebtedness. Interest payable in gold.
6 per cent. Certificates of Indebtedness. Interest payable in currency.
6 per cent. Coupons Bonds of 1881.
6 per cent. Registered Bonds of 1881.
5.20 Coupons Bonds.
7 3-10 Treasury Notes.

VERMILYE & CO., No. 44 Wall-st.
MARCH 16, 1863.

MEETING OF THE BONDHOLDERS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Bondholders and Stockholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, will be held in the City of Chicago at the Office of the Company, on the 1st day of April next, at the hour of noon of that day, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors of said Company, and transacting such other business as may be brought before them.

J. W. FOSTER,
M. L. SYKES, } Commissioners.
C. BADGER,

JOSEPH PRICE, Secretary.
CHICAGO, Feb. 28, 1863.

THE ST. MARY'S CANAL MINERAL LAND COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the St. Mary's Canal Mineral Land Company, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the New-York Central Railroad Company, in the City of Albany, N. Y., on FRIDAY, the 27th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. By order of the Directors. J. N. DENISON, Secretary.
BOSTON, March 14, 1863.

DAYTON AND MICHIGAN RAILROAD,
DAYTON OFFICE, March 9, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THIS Company will repurchase all of their outstanding 7 per cent. mortgage bonds, Nos. 937 to 1,200 inclusive, at 80 per cent. of their par value, as per contract made with the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad Company, dated Feb. 8, 1859, if presented at the Banking House of Messrs. WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, within sixty days from date hereof.

PRESERVED SMITH, Treasurer.

BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, March 13, 1863.

THE J. N. WESTFALL & COMPANY'S Bank (Jordan) has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of the Park Bank, in the City of New-York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851. H. H. VAN DYCK, Superintendent.

FOX AND WISCONSIN IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.—A meeting of the Bond and Stockholders of the said Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room No. 15, Trinity Building, in the City of New-York, on THURSDAY, the 19th inst., at 12 M.

A. B. CLARK, Secretary.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Bought and sold at Board of Brokers,
By A. G. HEMINWAY & CO.,
No. 53 Exchange-place.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE on property in this City and Brooklyn. Apply at the office of the Canton Fire Insurance Company, No. 52 Wall-st., N. Y.

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS now falling due, collected promptly by LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO., No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

$60,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND mortgage, at 6 per cent., on improved real estate in this City and vicinity. Inquire of
N. W. STUYVESANT, Jr., No. 11 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

INSURANCE STOCKS.

SPECIAL ATTENTION
Given to the Purchase and Sale of
INSURANCE STOCKS
At Private Sale.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer,
(Late with ADRIAN H. MULLER,) No. 33 Wall-st.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY, JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Feb. 26, 1863.

Public notice is hereby given, in accordance with the terms of an agreement between this Company and the holders of its First Mortgage Bonds, dated April 14, 1859, that this Company will redeem on the 3d day of April next, at the office of the United States Trust Company, New-York City, at the lowest offer below par, forty one of said Jeffersonville Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bonds. Offers for the sale of said bonds may be addressed, under seal, to the United States Trust Company aforesaid, and indorsed, "Offers of the First Mortgage Bond or Bonds of the Jeffersonville Railroad Company to the Sinking Fund." Which offers or bids will be received until noon of the 3d day of April next. And public notice is also hereby given the holders of said First Mortgage Bonds that, in case there are no bids offered to sell said bonds, as provided in the agreement aforesaid, the United States Trust Company aforesaid will, upon presentation at their office, No. 43 Wall-st., redeem, at par and accrued interest, by consecutive numbers of outstanding bonds, forty-one of said bonds, beginning at No. 121 and running to No. 143, inclusive; Nos. 146, 147 and 149 to 152, inclusive; Nos. 158 to 162, inclusive; Nos. 165, 166, 167, and Nos. 170 to 173, inclusive; and that from and after the 3d day of April, 1863, interest on said bonds will cease, as provided in said agreement.

J. H. M'CAMPBELL, Secretary and Treasurer.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,
AND
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
AGENTS FOR U. S. FIVE-TWENTY LOAN.

Are prepared to furnish the U. S FIVE-TWENTY YEAR SIX PER CENT. BONDS, direct from the Government, at PAR and ACCRUED INTEREST, as heretofore.

☞ On and after July 1, the privilege of converting Legal-Tender Notes into the Five-Twenty Bonds at par will cease. Parties wishing to secure a United States Bond, paying six per cent interest IN GOLD, AT PAR, should send in their orders before that time.

We also keep on hand a constant supply of all classes of Government Securities, for sale at the lowest market rates.

U. S. 7.30 Treasury Notes.
U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.
U. S. One-Year Certificates of Indebtedness, &c., &c.

FISK & HATCH,
No. 38 Wall-st.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,

NO. 34 WALL-ST.,
AGENTS FOR THE SALE
OF UNITED STATES 5-20 6 PER CENT. BONDS.

We are at all times prepared to deliver the above coupon and registered, in denominations of $50's, $100's, $500's and $1,000's, at par and interest.

EDWARD KING,

(Late of the firm of JAMES G. KING'S SONS,)
Offers his services at the Board of Brokers for the purchase or sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 23 Wall-st.

BOOT AND SHOE AND RUBBER

BUSINESS PAPER bought and sold on commission at lowest rates. Loans obtained on good securities. Also, Government claims and commercial paper bought and sold by P. W. GALLAUDET, 1 Wall-st., cor. Broadway.

HALLET & CORNWELL, NO. 24 PINE-ST., Note and Exchange Brokers. Bonds, Stocks and Government Securities bought and sold on commission.

JACOB G. HALLET,
(Late with Blake Bros. & Co.)
RICH'D H. CORNWELL,
(Late with G. S. Robbins & Sons.)

NEW-YORK, Feb. 17.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 48 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 2, 1863.

25TH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable to the stockholders on demand.

JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 27, 1863.

"PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO., No. 2," PRIOR TO 1853.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A dividend of One and a-half per Cent. (1½) from the undivided assets, will be paid to the Stockholders of the Company, by applying at No. 88 Wall-st.

WM. H. ASPINWALL, President.

OFFICE OF THE PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
BROOKLYN, March 12, 1863.

STOCKHOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., has been declared and is payable on demand at their branch office, No. 62 Wall-st., New-York.

PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

THE ST. MARY'S CANAL MINERAL LAND COMPANY.—DIVIDEND NOTICE.—A dividend of Twelve per Cent.—six dollars per share—has been declared by the Directors, payable on the 18th inst., at the office of the Treasurer, No. 53 City Exchange, Boston, to stockholders of record at this date.

BOSTON, March 14, 1863. J. N. DENISON, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 60 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 9, 1863.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of $3 per share, (Ten per Cent.,) free from Government tax, payable on demand. SAMUEL E. BELCHER, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner of 3d-av. and 25th-st.
Chartered 1851.

Six per cent. interest allowed. Deposits made on or before April 1 will draw interest from that date. Bank open daily from 10 to 3 o'clock; also on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
ATOS. F. LEE, Secretary.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK,

No. 13 3d-av., corner 7th-st.
Open from 9 to 2 o'clock daily,
and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 8 o'clock.

THOS. B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, CORNER of 14th-st. and 8th-av., open daily from 1 to 5 P. M., Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1 to 7 P. M. Six per cent. interest allowed on sums of $500 and under. Deposits made on or before April 1, will draw interest from that date. THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.,
ALBANY, March 2, 1863.

NOTICE AS TO THE $3,000,000 SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS OF THE COMPANY, DUE 15TH JUNE, 1864.—The Directors of this Company propose to replace its Seven Per Cent. Bonds to become due on the 15th of June, 1864, by an issue, having twenty-five years to run, of Five Per Cent. Coupon Bonds, to mature on the 15th of December, 1887, with interest from the 15th of December last, payable in New-York semi-annually on the 15th of June and 15th of December.

An allowance of Three Per Cent. for the difference in interest between the three Coupons yet to mature on the outstanding Bonds, and those of corresponding dates on the proposed issue, will be made to the holders of the former on the surrender of the Bonds held by them to be exchanged for the new Bonds.

This surrender may be made at any time hereafter, accompanied by a memorandum of numbers and amounts, at the Bank of Commerce in New-York, at the office of J. E. THAYER & BROTHER, Boston, or at this office, when the three per cent. above mentioned will be paid in cash.

The delivery of the new bonds will commence, at the same places, on the 20th day of March inst.

The option of the new bonds now offered to the holders of those of 1864, will remain open until and including the 30th day of April next, unless withdrawn, before that time, by at least ten days' previous public notice.

The bonds will be of the denomination of $1,000, only, except that registered bonds, without coupons, of the denomination of $5,000, will be issued to parties applying for them.

A sinking fund of two per cent. per annum on the whole amount of the issue will be applied to its reduction or to providing means towards its payment, in such manner and under such regulations as the Directors may from time to time prescribe.

ERASTUS CORNING, Albany,
CHARLES H. RUSSELL, New-York,
NATHANIEL THAYER, Boston,
H. H. MARTIN, Albany,
J. V. L. PRUYN, Albany,
} Special Committee of the Board.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREET OPENINGS of the Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting on SATURDAY, March 14, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall, to take into consideration the extending of Franklin-street in a direct line from the southerly corner of Franklin and Baxter streets to a point on the westerly side of Mott-street, five feet northerly of house and lot number thirty-seven, thence in a direct line to the southerly corner of Doyer-street and Bowery, and to be in width fifty feet northerly therefrom.

MICHAEL C. GROSS,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
RICHARD O'BRIEN,
DAVID FITZGERALD,
} Committee on Street Openings.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet on WEDNESDAY, the 18th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 8 City Hall, for the purpose of considering several resolutions, &c., referred to said Committee, relative to paving streets with Belgian pavement. All persons interested are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

CHARLES J. CHIPP,
F. I. A. BOOLE,
JOHN HARDY,
} Committee on Streets.

LOST AND FOUND.

$3.000 REWARD.—STOLEN, TO-DAY, from the office of the subscribers, by a lad named Joseph Cox, $10,000 in gold coin, (two bags, $5,000 each.) The above-named reward will be paid by us for the arrest of the lad and the recovery of the coin, or in that proportion for any part of same.

WESTON, DORTIC & CO., No. 19 William-st.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROSWELL C. PRAINARD, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings—Notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against ABRAHAM TERHUNE, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber—the executor—at his place of business, No. 4 Ann-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of June next.—Dated Dec. 15, 1862.

d17-1aw6mW JOHN J. GLOVER, Executor.

SHIPPING.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN,
WALTER PATON, Commander,
Will be dispatched

FROM LIVERPOOL.	FROM NEW-YORK.
SATURDAY.....April 4	SATURDAY.....April 25
TUESDAY.....May 19	TUESDAY.....June 9

FIRST CABIN, from.....$95 to $135

Each berth, according to size, situation and accommodation of the State Rooms—all having the same privileges in the Saloons, and in regard to meals and attendance. Suites of apartments for families may be engaged by special agreement.

EXCURSION TICKETS, out and back, in the First Cabin only, a fare and a-half.

Servants accompanying passengers, and children under twelve years of age, half fare. Infants free.

SECOND CABIN—State Room berths, meals furnished at separate tables.....$70

THIRD CABIN—Intermediate State Rooms, passengers found with beds, bedding, table utensils and good substantial food.....$50

STEERAGE, with superior accommodations.....$30

All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in United States Currency.

Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage. An experienced Surgeon on board.

For freight and passage, apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
At the office, No. 26 Broadway.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH-AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

AUSTRALASIAN, Cook, leaves New-York, Wednesday, March 25.
EUROPA, Muir, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 1.
ASIA, Shannon, leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 8.
CANADA, Grace, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 15.
AFRICA, Moodie, leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 22.
ARABIA, Anderson, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 29.
PERSIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 6.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR HAVANA.

To sail on
SATURDAY, March 21, at 3 P. M.,
The A No. 1 British steamship
MELITA,
Capt. GEORGE CORBETT,
Carrying the United States Mail,
Will sail as above.
From Pier No. 14, foot of Cedar-st., North River.
Price of passage (in current funds).....$60
For freight or passage apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
No. 26 Broadway, or at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

N. B.—The British steamship SHELDRAKE will follow the MELITA, and sail on or about the 4th of April. Experienced Surgeons attached to these steamers.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE.

STEAMSHIPS TO
SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON,
OVER
NICARAGUA TRANSIT.

The steamship
EMPIRE CITY,
BAXTER, MASTER,
Will leave for GREYTOWN, to connect with steamship MOSES TAYLOR, at NOON,
On SATURDAY, April 25, 1863.
For freight or passage, apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON,
No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren.

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL

FOR
BEAUFORT, N. C., AND PORT ROYAL, S. C.
ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY'S
NEW STEAMSHIP,
MARY SANFORD,
Capt. MORRIDEL,
will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on SATURDAY, March 21, at 3 P. M., for Beaufort and Port Royal.
For freight or passage, apply at any of the Company's Offices, or at the principal office, No. 59 Broadway.
One of the Company's steamers will succeed the *Mary Sanford*, and sail on or about the 31st.
ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 59 Broadway.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer
ANGLO-SAXON,
Capt. GRAHAM, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Portland next
SATURDAY, March 21.
Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $81 and $67. Steerage, found with good provisions, $32 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 23 Broadway, New-York.
SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

FOR NICARAGUA, C. A.

The Central American Transit Company will dispatch the next vessel of their monthly freight line, to San Juan del Norte, on or about the 25th inst. The fine British schooner,
M. S. K. THORNE,
will take in cargo at Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st.
For freight apply at the office of the Company, No. 82 Broadway, to JOHN E. BODY.

FOR MATAMORAS,

THE FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP
TUBAL CAIN,
now due, will leave for the above port immediately upon her arrival from Havana. She insures at the lowest rate. For freight or passage, apply to
FAUSTO MORA, No. 11 Broad-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS.

New propeller, POCAHONTAS, 800 tons, will sail for New-Orleans, on FRIDAY, the 20th inst, at 3 P. M.
For freight, or passage (which is $65) apply to
RUSSELL STURGIS, No. 68 South-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR). The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York, and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF BALTIMORE	Saturday	March 21
EDINBURGH	Saturday	March 28
ETNA	Saturday	April 4

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
Payable in gold or its equivalent in currency.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$32 50
First cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	35 50
First cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40 50
First cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37 50

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $95. Steerage from Liverpool, $30. From Queenstown, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

NOTICE.—EXTRA STEAMER FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT.—The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company's steamer KANGAROO, Capt. JEFFREY, will sail for Liverpool direct at noon, TO-MORROW, (Wednesday,) from Pier No. 44 North River. Specie will be received at the wharf until 11 A. M. o. letter bag will be made up at the Company's Office, N 15 Broadway. JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE British and North American Royal Mail steamship BRITISH QUEEN, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, March 2; SATURDAY, March 28,
Passage money to Nassau.....$45
Passage money to Havana.....60
Payable in gold or its equivalent in currency.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Passports issued through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce naturalization certificates.

STEAMBOATS.

NEW STEAMER FOR NORWALK—Landing at Greenwich each way. On and after THURSDAY, March 19, 1863, the steamer
MONTPELIER,
will run daily, (Sundays excepted,) leaving Norwalk at 8 o'clock, A. M., Fulton Market slip, N. Y., at 1½ P. M., connecting with the Norwalk and Danbury Railroad each way. Fare, 50 cents. Excursion tickets, to and from New-York the same day, 75 cents. Freights taken at reasonable rates.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3 P. M. Passengers go north from New-Haven at 11 o'clock P. M., or remain on board over night without charge.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.

AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely, and does not corrode. Sold at No. Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

SLOTE & JANES,

Stationers, Printers and Blank Book Dealers,
No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

MEETINGS.

NEW-YORK CORN EXCHANGE.—THE annual election of this Corporation for thirteen Trustees, and three Inspectors for the next ensuing year, will be held at the Exchange Room, No. 17 South-st., on Monday, April 6, 1863. Polls open from 1 to 2 P. M.

TO GROCERS, DRUGGISTS, BAKERS,
TEA AND COFFEE DEALERS AND OTHERS,
TIME, TROUBLE AND MONEY SAVED,
By using the
PATENT MACHINE-MADE PAPER BAGS,
Which entirely supersede the home-made article.
A large supply of the various sizes on hand; also, a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS OF PAPER.
L. T. VALENTINE & CO., Sole Agents.
Commission Paper Warehouse, No. 45 Beekman-st., N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.
Director.....MAX MARETZEK
FIFTH GRAND OPERA NIGHT.
THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, MARCH 18,
UN BALLO IN MASCHERA.

CARD.—The Director begs to announce that in consequence of the continued indisposition of Mme. MEDORI, he is compelled to postpone the production of "Norma."

MME. GUERRABELLA,
who was engaged to appear in "Semiramide," has kindly consented, at a short notice, to sustain the character of Amelia.

SIGNOR BELLINI
will make his first appearance in his great character of REINHART.

In compliance with a very general demand, "Un Ballo in Maschera" will be given, for the second time, this evening, in its
COMPLETE AND UNMUTILATED FORM.

Amelia	MME. GUERRABELLA
Oscar, the Page	MLLE. BRIGNOLI
Ulrica, the Sorceress	MLLE. SULZER
Count Richard	SIGNOR MAZZOLENI
Reinhart	SIGNOR BELLINI
Samuel, Sig. Coletti; Tom, Sig. Muller; Judge, Sig. Rubio	
Conductor	MAX MARETZEK

In the Masked Ball scene,
THREE DISTINCT ORCHESTRAS
Will be employed.

NOTICE.—All tickets purchased for the fifth Opera night are good for this evening, and those for the sixth night for Friday.

The box office will be open for the sale of secured seats and tickets THIS MORNING, at 8 o'clock, at the Academy of Music, Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

SEATS SECURED FOR ANY EVENING IN ADVANCE.

ON THURSDAY, March 19,
FIRST GRAND OPERA NIGHT IN BROOKLYN.
LA TRAVIATA.
With an extraordinary brilliant cast.
ON SATURDAY NEXT, GRAND GALA MATINEE.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—BROOKLYN.

ITALIAN OPERA.
Director.....MAX MARETZEK

The Director has the honor to announce that the first performance of his company in Brooklyn will take place on THURSDAY EVENING, March 19,
on which occasion Verdi's celebrated opera,
LA TRAVIATA,
will be presented, with the following
UNPRECEDENTED DISTRIBUTION:

Violetta	Mlle. Ortolani Brignoli
Alfredo	Signor Mazzoleni
Germont	Signor Bellini
Dauphol	Signor Coletti
Flora	Mme. Ficher
Gaston	Rubio
Conductor	Signor J. Nuno
D'Obigni	Hensler
Grenville	Muler

THE SALE OF TICKETS will commence THIS MORNING, at the box-office of the Brooklyn Academy, and at Root & Anthony's, corner of Pine and Nassau sts., New-York. The customary price of admission will be retained.

WINTER GARDEN,

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18,
GRAND COMPLIMENTARY FAREWELL BENEFIT to the popular artiste,
MISS MARY PROVOST,
when she will appear in the comedy of
LONDON ASSURANCE,

Lady Gay Spanker	Miss MARY PROVOST
Mr. C. WALCOT, Sr. (for this night only)	Sir Harcourt Courtly.
Mr. L. BARRET	Charles Courtly.

TO-MORROW (Thursday) EVENING, BENEFIT OF MR. S. DAVIS.

Mr. D. SETCHELL, the celebrated Comedian is engaged for THREE NIGHTS ONLY, and will make his first appearance on this occasion.

The public are respectfully informed that the popular American Artiste,
MISS LUCILLE WESTERN,
is engaged and will make her first appearance on Monday next, March 23.

GEN. GEO. B. McCLELLAN has been invited, accepted the invitation, and signified his intention of being present, at Miss PROVOST'S benefit.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
THURSDAY, March 19.
EXTRA PERFORMANCE—BENEFIT OF M. ERNEST GRAVIER.
NOS INTIMES,
(Original of "Bosom Friends,")
Comedie in 4 acts by M. Victorien Sardon.
Doors open at 6¾. Curtain rises at 7½ precisely.
Carriages can be ordered for 11¾ P. M.
SATURDAY, March 21, Matinée Francaise at 12½ P. M.
LE GENTILHOMME PAUVRE,
Comedie en 5 actes par M. Dumanoir.
Admission 50 cents. No reserved seats.
Office for subscription and reserved seats.
H. DARDONVILLE, No 623 Broadway.

THE NEW IDEA.

THE NEW IDEA,
No. 485 Broadway, Late Wallack's Theatre.
IMMENSE SUCCESS OF THE NEW IDEA.
IMMENSE SUCCESS OF THE NEW IDEA.
GO AND SEE GO AND SEE
THE GREAT ENTERTAINMENT FOR FAMILIES,
THE GREAT ENTERTAINMENT FOR FAMILIES,
THE GREAT ENTERTAINMENT FOR FAMILIES,
Consisting of
MINSTRELS, BALLET AND PANTOMIME.
Tickets, 25 cents to all parts of the house.
Performance commencing at 7¾; terminates at 10¼.

IRVING HALL—GRAND CONCERT,

For the benefit of the German Ladies' Society for Poor Widows and Orphans, on THURSDAY, March 19, with the kind assistance of the following artists: Mme. Rotter, Mme. Paulitsch, and Messrs. S. and D. Mills, Bruno Wollenhaupt, L. Schreiber, Fr. Bergner, Fr. Steins, and the New-Yorker Saengerrunde.

Tickets, 50 cents; reserved seats, $1; to be had at the principal German music and bookstores, also at the door.

WILL SOON CLOSE—BANVARD'S FOUR Grand Panoramas, No. 652 Broadway. The MISSISSIPPI, the OHIO, the MISSOURI and the WAR, EVERY EVENING at 7½, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 2 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents; children 15 cents.

LECTURES.

HISTORICAL LECTURES
ON THE
FALL OF ROME.

Rev. JOHN LORD respectfully announces a new course of Public Lectures on the Fall of the Roman Empire, to be delivered on
WEDNESDAY EVENINGS,
In the Hall of the Historical Society, 2d-av., commencing on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 18, at 8 o'clock, and which will be repeated on the following THURSDAY EVENINGS, in the large hall of the 12th-st. School, between Broadway and University-place.

SUBJECTS.

LECTURE I.—March 18 and 19.—The Grandeur and Glory of the Ancient Civilization.
LECTURE II.—March 25 and 26.—The Internal Hollowness and Defects of the Old Roman Civilization.
LECTURE III.—April 1 and 2.—The Fall of the Empire, and the Desolations produced by the Barbarians.
LECTURE IV.—April 8 and 9.—The Reasons why the old Conservative influences of Paganism did not arrest the ruin.
LECTURE V.—April 15 and 16.—The Reasons why Christianity did not save the Empire, and the Ideas which the Church incorporated with Subsequent Civilizations.

TERMS.—Tickets, $2 for the course; Ladies and Schools, $1; single admission, 50 cents—to be had at the bookstores of Messrs. Crowen, D. Appleton & Co., Christern's, No. 763 Broadway, at the Historical Rooms, and at the door.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

POPULAR SCIENCE AT CLINTON HALL.
MR. RICHARDS'
LAST LECTURE OF THE PRESENT COURSE.
THURSDAY EVENING, March 19, at 8 o'clock.
SUBJECT,
THE ELECTRICITY OF THE ATMOSPHERE,
With novel and brilliant illustrations performed by means of RUHMKARFF'S POWERFUL COIL MACHINE, and a rare collection of Geissler Vacuum and Vapor Tubes, producing splendid auroral light and imitations of lightning and meteors.
Tickets, 50 cents; for sale at the door.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM & ALBANY R. R. FOR ALBANY, TROY, NORTH AND WEST.

Winter arrangement, commencing Monday, Nov. 17, 1862.

For Albany—10:30 A. M.

THE SIEGE OF VICKSBURGH.

The Canal Opposite the City—The Lake Providence Cut Off—Important Movements in Progress—The Difficulty from High Water—Sickness and Mortality—Cotton—Races.

From Our Own Correspondent.

OFF VICKSBURGH, Friday, March 6, 1863.

The work on the ditch or canal is nearly completed, and the water will be allowed to enter within a day or two at furthest. This ditch has been so long and prominently kept before the public, that the announcement of its completion will, I imagine, very generally be regarded as cotemporary with the fall of Vicksburgh. This is, however, far from being the case; and although the ditch be dug and there pour through it a good honest ten feet of water, the capture of Vicksburgh is not yet a fixed fact.

It is difficult to see, now that we have finished this canal, what good it will be to us or injury to the enemy. Its whole length is swept by the rebel batteries at Vicksburgh, and hence, as a means of getting troops below the town, it is but little, if any, better than the original channel of the river. Supposing that we do succeed in passing transports loaded with troops, it is difficult to see what will have been gained. Vicksburgh is no more vulnerable from below than above. They cannot pass down to aid BANKS without having, in the aggregate, to pass as many batteries before reaching him, as we would to run the blockade before Vicksburgh. If the object is to blockade the Mississippi from below, soldiers are useless—gunboats only are necessary for such a service. The canal in no case, will isolate Vicksburgh, for the reason that it terminates opposite the foot of the town, and even should the channel of the river change its course to the canal, there will always be water enough in the old channel for boats to reach the levee in front of the place.

Such being the inferences, from a superficial examination of the canal, one is led to exclaim *Cui bono?* My own opinion is that the whole thing is a feint, gotten up and carried on with a view to divide the attention of the enemy, and keep them blinded as to the real point at which the attack will be made. They seem to care very little as to our finishing the work; large gangs of our men work in full view of their batteries, and are never interrupted, save by an occasional shell which they pitch over, more, seemingly, with a view of showing us the reach of their guns than to effect any damage. Yesterday they threw over several shells and round-shot, some of which passed one hundred and fifty yards beyond our men, showing that they have us well within their range. Their guns are formidable, too, as to capacity. The soldiers have dug up a good many for specimens, and among them are shot thrown from 4-inch Rodman guns, 100-pound Parrotts and 120-pound pieces, such as they had mounted at Columbus and Fort Donelson.

Among river men the cut-off at Lake Providence promises to afford more practical results. By it the Gulf can be reached, and the whole country from that point down to the Gulf, east of the river, will, so far as the Mississippi is concerned, be left inland. It will have one bad result, and that is, it will transform all the rich country of Western Louisiana into a vast lake during high water, and an irreclaimable swamp at other seasons of the year.

Speculations as to results, however, amount just now to but little, as the *dénouement* of affairs will not long be delayed. Important movements, whose character cannot properly be stated, are on foot, and doubtless very soon the country will know the result of all this digging.

The water is still slowly rising, putting us to much inconvenience. Several of the supply-boats are separated from land by a broad belt of water, through which teams cannot pass, and over which supplies have to be taken in yawls. The result will be that, if the water continues rising, we will be obliged to vacate this position, and go to some point higher up the river.

The sickness and mortality among the troops continue large, but are much less than those of a fortnight since, owing to increased hospital accommodations, and the plentiful supply of medicines and sanitary supplies. Along with the latter, has come an ample supply of "American women," who, armed with smiles, tracts and other delicacies, both moral and physical, are doing our soldiers a world of good. The fact that a majority of them are young ladies and widows, does not in the least impair the heroism shown by these devoted women in leaving comfortable homes, running the gauntlet of guerrillas, and wading around through the mud with a view of distributing sympathy and religious intelligence among our suffering patriots. Heaven grant each and all of them the reward which such self-sacrifice deserves. The sight of a pair of shapely ankles glittering in snowy contrast to the nasty mud, the reception from a pretty hand of a neatly stitched document entitled, "Am I Prepared to Die, or the Soldier's Grave," will do much toward reconciling our blue-coats to their present life and that to come.

Generally soldiers when buried are placed in their graves wrapped in their blankets. Latterly, however, a large number of pine coffins have reached here, and our poor dead are now receiving Christian burial. This is a great advance, and will afford the friends of soldiers the consolation of knowing that in case of death they receive the last dues paid to humanity, not as dogs, but as Christians.

Cotton reigns here as elsewhere. In spite of the most stringent orders at Memphis and Helena to prevent the downward passage of civilians, some few hundred gentlemen have succeeded in reaching here to pay their duty to the fleecy monarch. They have come in all sorts of disguises, from stokers to chaplains and members of the Sanitary Commissions; they represent steamboat clerks; they are in search of sick or deceased relatives; they are clerks to regimental colonels; they are, in fact, anything and everything that will answer their purpose of gaining the courts of their lawful king. As yet, however, they have done but little more than wander, with hands in pockets, disconsolate, about the levee, curse Gen. GRANT and the Government generally, and devise ways and means to outwit the authorities.

One ingenious gentleman bought up all the mattresses on a steamboat, filled them with cotton, and imagined he had at last found a "good thing." He was proceeding to barter for the mattresses of another steamer, when the Provost-Marshal discovered his operations, and very quietly made him disgorge, to his great disgust and pecuniary discomfort. A planter living near here had considerable cotton, and calling upon Gen. GRANT, professed Union sentiments, and a desire to move North with all his possessions. The General gave him the desired permission, and he immediately commenced arrangements to ship his cotton. A cotton buyer heard of the affair, hunted up the planter, and by a liberal bribe, induced the latter to allow him to ship through his name a few hundred bales. This was promising, but before the first boat-load could be sent off the vigilant Provost-Marshal had possession of the plot, the cotton was seized and confiscated, and the buyer arrested. Hitherto no plan has succeeded. What the ingenuity of hungry speculators may accomplish, remains to be seen.

The camps are not without amusement. Day before yesterday we had some horse-racing, in which Gens. STEELE, BLAIR, HOVEY and others were interested. A track is being made to-day, and to-morrow we shall have a sweepstakes, a mule and foot race, to conclude with a regular steeple-chase. In lieu of anything better, such amusements tend to enliven the men and keep them out of the hospital. WILKES, or some other sporting editor, had better forward a reliable reporter here immediately. If such races are not exciting enough, there is fair promise of some that are—for in case the *Indianola*, *Queen of the West*, and one or two other rams come up from below, (as is hourly anticipated,) we will have one of the "tallest" races on record.

A battery of 50-pound Parrott guns has been erected at the head of the canal, and one of the same size is being built at the foot.

GALWAY.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH AND ITS PROSPECTS.

Addresses at the Produce Exchange by Cyrus W. Field, W. E. Dodge, A. A. Low and Peter Cooper.

A special meeting of the Commercial Association was held at the Produce Exchange yesterday to hear Mr. CYRUS FIELD discourse upon the prospects of the Atlantic Telegraph. The President of the Association, Mr. J. P. WALLACE, introduced Mr. FIELD to the meeting, which was numerously attended.

SPEECH OF MR. FIELD.

Mr. FIELD addressed the meeting at considerable length, in the course of which he said that many persons present supposed that the submarine cables had been failures, but at the present moment there were forty-four working successfully under the sea. Mr. FIELD next read a list of the number of European submarine telegraphs in successful operation, and also a letter from the Messrs. GLASS, ELLIOT & Co., the most eminent submarine telegraph cable manufacturers in the world, in which they gave their decided opinion as to the practicability of the project in question.

The experience of submarine cables laid proved that the only danger was from anchors near the shores, but it would at these places be heavily covered with iron; the first Atlantic cable was a mere experiment; they were groping in the dark, no cable having been previously laid in deep water. Yet that cable was successfully laid, and 400 messages transmitted through it. To his mind no class were more interested in the matter than the produce merchants. If the merchant at Liverpool writes now he must wait thirty days for a reply by mail. If this telegraph were laid there would be an answer in a few hours, and the merchant would know at once the exact price he would get for his produce. The question was, if this cable was laid, would it pay? It was proposed to raise £600,000, in shares of £5 each. There are now over 250,000 miles telegraph lines in Europe and America, which would be all feeders to this cable. It would transmit, according to the best estimate they had obtained, from 12 to 18 words per minute. The distance from Newfoundland to Ireladd is 1,040 nautical miles. It would have to work every hour in the twenty-four. This was an enterprise not only appealing to their interests, but it was one which was calculated to promote the peace of the world. Many of the most distinguished merchants in Europe have subscribed to the stock. He had obtained 103 subscribers to the stock in this country from their leading merchants and bankers. [Applause.]

At the close of Mr. FIELD's address, the following

RESOLUTIONS

were read by the Secretary, and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Having heard the statement first made by CYRUS W. FIELD, Esq., as to the present position and prospects of the Atlantic Telegraph.

That in the present advanced state of sciences, it appears to this meeting that there is no reasonable doubt of the practicability of **establishing telegraphic communication with Europe.**

That the success of such a scheme would be productive of the most beneficial results to the agricultural and commercial interests of the United States.

That in view of the foregoing, it is the duty of the several departments of the produce and shipping interests represented on this Exchange, to give every encouragement and support to the undertaking.

That a committee be appointed to coöperate with that chosen at the late meeting held in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, for the purpose of procuring subscriptions to the stock of this enterprise.

After a few remarks from Mr. ARCHIBALD BAXTER, Mr. WM. E. DODGE was introduced, and spoke substantially as follows:

MR. DODGE'S SPEECH.

He said that after what had been said it was unnecessary to say anything with regard to the advantages of the telegraph. The great point was, would it be successful. He referred to the statement that had been over and over again reiterated, that there were never any dispatches sent through it; but he was in Liverpool after the accident to the *Europa* took place, and he knew how that information was received, and the effect of the telegraphic communication. There could be no doubt of its success. If the cable was laid, he had no doubt of its being a paying concern. If every man could believe that he could receive 8 per cent., there would be no difficulty in raising the necessary amount. The gentleman referred to the importance of a telegraphic connection between this City and New-Orleans and Chicago. The great trouble with these inland lines was the question of repairs; but lay this submarine telegraph, and there it will lie, and will not require any repairs.

MR. A. A. LOW'S SPEECH.

Mr. LOW next addressed the meeting. He said it was unnecessary to add one word as to the importance of the telegraph in question. At the meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce rooms, the other day, it was there resolved that a meeting should be held at the Produce Exchange to hear Mr. FIELD, because he knew there were men in that body who were live men. He would, however, be ashamed, after Mr. FIELD's address, to attempt to address the meeting on the subject of its importance or success. There was one point to which objection had been made to this project—that because it would take its start on English territory, and end on English territory, and that from present complications there might be war with England. But England was not dependent upon any other country for this project. She is abundantly able to carry it on herself, without any assistance from any other country. The idea of American citizens should be whether they would share the honor of so grand a project with England. He, for one, would like to share with England in that honor. They all knew the importance of the telegraph with California, they could not calculate the vast importance of a line between this country and Europe. The advantages were so obvious, so patent, that he would rather leave the question to the silent understanding of every man present than to dwell any further upon them. He hoped that all his fellow-citizens would share in the honor of carrying on the project which not only self-interest but Christian civilization demanded from every one among them.

MR. PETER COOPER'S SPEECH.

Mr. PETER COOPER, being loudly called for, said that after all that had been said, and well said, he would not detain the meeting by any extended observations. He would simply say that knowledge was power, and especially so with reference to a telegraph with Europe. Its advantages, in a single day, might be worth all that the entire project would cost. A short time since a member of the Cabinet said he would give a million of dollars to have telegraph communication with New-Orleans. If such was the importance of a telegraph communication with New-Orleans how much more important was a telegraph line connecting with England, where a single day's misapprehension might lead to the most disastrous results. A telegraphic communication would clear up all misunderstandings in a few hours. He explained the causes of the failure of the old Atlantic cable. The sun was permitted to shine on the gutta percha where the cable had been kept previous to its being laid down, and melted off the covering of the cable. If it were not for this accident they would be that day having telegraphic communications from Europe. He would not detain the meeting any longer.

The Chairman announced that when they opened the question a few days ago at the Chamber of Commerce, some gentlemen subscribed $1,000, and he asked whether there were any gentlemen present who would support the project in the same practical manner? The shares were £5 each. He announced that Mr. BAXTER took one hundred shares.

Several other gentlemen also subscribed for various sums, among them.

Robert Thallon	£500
W. E. Adams	100
John F. Cook	100

The subscriptions at this meeting amounted in all to £1,500 sterling.

The following gentlemen were appointed a Committee, after which the meeting separated: Archibald Baxter, James P. Wallace, David Dows, Capt. French, R. P. Getty, John J. Kingsford, E. K. Alburtis, Capt. Snow, F. P. Sage, George D. Cragin, E. W. Coleman.

A Remarkable Case of Hallucination.

A MOTHER BURNS HER CHILD TO DEATH.

Coroner COLLINS was yesterday called to hold an inquest upon the body of a child, aged three years, that resided with its parents in Eighty-third-street, between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues. The circumstances attending the child's death are somewhat remarkable. MARY NELL, the mother of the deceased, testified that a week ago last Monday, she fully made up her mind to test the question as to whether the deceased was her child. A man who formerly lived in the same house, had told witness that there were "*fairies*" about. Before coming to this country from Ireland, witness was taught the common superstition of her country, that whenever "*fairies*" frequented a house it was presumptive evidence that some child in the family had been changed for another while in its cradle; and that the true way to test the matter was to heat a shovel red-hot, and then make the child sit upon it. If it were a fairy child, or one not belonging to the mother, it would fly away, but if it remained it was her own child. The mother says she made this test by heating a shovel until it was red-hot, and then she sat the child upon it. The result was, the child was burned so badly that it died in about a week afterward. MATHIAS NELL, the husband of the deluded mother, testified that he did not know about the child having been burned till just previous to its death: that for some time past he had occasionally thought his wife was insane, she acted so strangely. The jury rendered a verdict that "the deceased came to its death by burns received at the hands of its mother."

Coroner COLLIN thought it best to take the mother into custody and hold her until such time as the question of her insanity can be judicially determined. She stated that she was 38 years of age, and was born in Ireland.

Eighth Ward Loyal National League.

At a meeting of the members of the Loyal National League, residing in the Eighth Ward, held at No. 178 Prince-street, on Monday evening, March 16, 1863, Mr. KING was appointed temporary Chairman, and CHARLES GOWDEY, Secretary.

On motion a committee of members was appointed to draft the Constitution, who reported the following, which was unanimously adopted:

1. We the undersigned, citizens of the United States, residing in the Eighth Ward of the City of New-York, hereby associate ourselves under the name and title of the Eighth Ward Loyal National League.

2. We pledge ourselves to an unconditional loyalty to the Government of the United States, to an unwavering support of its efforts to suppress the rebellion, and to spare no endeavor to maintain unimpaired the National unity, both in principle and territorial boundary. The primary object of this League is, and shall be, to bind together all loyal men, of all trades and professions, in a common union to maintain the power, glory and integrity of the nation.

3. It is hereby understood and agreed among the citizens signing this constitution, that we do not in any manner pledge ourselves to any course of united political action, but that each member is left free to act in all elections in accordance with his political preferences; our only object in this organization being to unite to support the National Government in its effort to suppress the rebellion now waged against its authority by a portion of the people of the Union, and not to organize or create a political party, it being the resolve of the members of this League to dissolve when the objects for which it was created have been accomplished.

4. Believing that it is important that loyal men, representing the people, should have a common platform, and act in concert for the salvation of the Republic, it is hereby resolved that the Eighth Ward Loyal National League, select five delegates, to meet a similar number of delegates to be elected by such other Ward organizations as agree to a platform similar to that agreed on by this organization, and that the delegates from this organization be requested to call a meeting of such Central organization whenever a majority of the Wards shall have taken action on the subject.

The members of the League and others then came forward and subscribed the Constitution, and the League then went into an election for permanent officers, with the following result:

President—John K. Russell.

Secretaries—Chas. Gowdey, W. C. Hanna.

Delegates to General Committee—Rittenhouse David, Peter Crawford, J. B. Crane, D. R. Davis, Jacob Seebach.

Ward organizations are requested to correspond with the Secretary, No. 215 West Houston-street.

W. G. KING, Chairman, *pro tem.*

CHAS. GOWLEY, Secretary.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Adjourned to Monday, March 23, 1863. *Part II.*—Nos. 2164, 2168, 2170, 2172, 2174, 2182, 2184, 2186, 2188, 2190, 2192, 2194, 2196, 2198, 2200, 2202, 2204, 2208. *Part III.*—Nos. 1359, 1776, 713, 1361½, 1908, 914, 673, 893, 1065, 1056, 181, 1599, 233, 1906, 1161, 2150, 351, 920¾.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Nos. 218, 361, 17, 320, 324, 335, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 348, 349, 351, 352.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1245, 1248, 1843, 1687, 1743, 3275, 1865, 1867, 1869, 1871, 1875, 1877. *Part II.*—Adjourned until Thursday next.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 277, 101, 747, 1201, 92, 1277, 839, 1204, 1109, 578, 1249, 571, 872, 1330, 1332, 1206. *Part II.*—Nos. 1344, 743, 1195, 1074, 1353, 1361, 1303, 1365, 1366, 1367, 1368, 1269, 1075, 1370, 1371.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Rev. J. P. NEWMAN will deliver the next lecture in the free course to young men this evening, at 8 o'clock, at the rooms of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association, Bible House, Third-avenue and Ninth-street. These lectures are free to young men. Subject: "The Young Man and his Character."

BROOKLYN NEWS.

FIRES—EXPLOSION—A CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.—Last evening about 6 o'clock, a fire broke out in a small frame shanty at the foot of Henry-street, South Brooklyn, occupied by Mrs. MARY MOORE, a poor woman, who makes her living by going out to do days' work. She left her home after dinner, leaving her daughter FANNY—5 years of age—asleep, and had not returned when the fire was discovered. Before leaving, she had locked the doors. The flames soon enveloped the building, which was reduced to cinders. The little girl was burned to death. Her charred remains were discovered after the fire had been suppressed. It is not known how the fire originated.... About noon yesterday there was an alarm of fire in the Eighth Precinct, caused by an explosion in the house of Mr. PETER FLANNERY, situated in Twenty-first-street, near Third-avenue, Gowanus. It appears that FLANNERY had a can of wet powder, which he, injudiciously, placed by the side of a hot stove, to day. A neighbor, and his wife, and daughter three years of age, were in the room at the time. The fire communicating with the powder caused an explosion, the force of which blew out the front part of the house. The neighbor, named MCGUIRE, was considerably injured, and the little girl was so badly burned that her recovery is considered doubtful. Mr. FLANNERY and wife were but slightly injured. The house, which is a three-story frame, was very much shattered, and the firemen, in order to prevent further accident, pulled out the entire front and propped up the roof so as to keep it from falling. The damage amounts to about $1,000.... About 1 o'clock yesterday morning the iron foundry of Mr. MOORE, in Walton-street, near Flushing-avenue, was destroyed by fire. There was a large amount of prepared stock on hand, which, together with the machinery, was greatly damaged. The building is damaged to the extent of $2,800, and the loss on contents amounts to $5,000, mostly insured.... Two serious accidents occurred to firemen, in proceeding to some of the above fires. JAMES J. LAWRENCE, an exempt member of Hook and Ladder Company No. 2, was run over in Court-street last evening, and from all appearances, was dangerously jured. He was conveyed to the City Hospital. A member of Truck No. 1 was run over in Court-street, near Fourth-place, while running to the fire in Gowanus, and sustained a fracture of one leg. Both accidents were caused by racing on the railroad tracks.

KINGS COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT, MARCH 18—Nos. 10, 44, 68, 6, 79, 82, 83, 91, 95, 96, 97, 99, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109, 43.

BROOKLYN CITY COURT—Nos. 22, 25, 26, 27, 31, 32, 33, 33½, 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51.

[Advertisement.]

Young men, who would learn their "real capabilities," and what they can do best, would find it most useful to have a phrenological chart written out in full, by which they may know in advance in what they can and cannot best succeed. Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS make examinations daily at No. 308 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

SEVEN HUNDRED VOLUNTEERS SICK IN CAMP!—Young men, be warned in time; supply yourselves with HOLLOWAY's Pills and Ointment. They are guaranteed to cure the worst cases of sores, ulcers, scurvy, fevers and bowel complaints. Only 25 cents per box or pot. 218

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

READY—KNOX'S Spring style of Hats, No. 212 Broadway.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....MARCH 17, 1863.

$2,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Reg.	103¾	
10,000	do	104¼	
8,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Coup.	103¾	
5,000	do	104	
5,000	U. S. 5s, '71, Cou.	96¼	
100,000	U. S. 5s, '74, Con	98	
4,000	Treas. 7 3.10 p. ct. Notes, Feb. & Aug.	106	
3,000	Mo. 6s, 1s. to. H. & St. J. R.	88	
10,000	Erie 3d M. B. '83	115	
2,000	Hud. R. 2d S. F.	110	
6,000	Harlem R. 2d M.	107	
1,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bds.	128	
2,000	A. & T. H. 2d m. pr.	91	
3,000	do	91½	
10,000	Al. & T. Ht. Inc. B.	80½	
5,000	do	80¾	
5,000	do	81	
7,000	Ch. & N. W. 1st m.	71½	
5,000	Han. & St. J. 1st m.	71½	
5,000	Chi. & N. W. 2d M.	42	
6,000	Tol. & W. 2d M.	91½	
2,000	P. Ft. W. & C. 2d	105½	
8,000	Pitt. F. W. & C. 3d,	80	
500	Clev. & P. 4th m.	81	
2,000	do	80	
3,000	Cl. & Pitts. 3d m.	103	
90,000	Amer. Gold	155	
80,000	do	155½	
62,500	do	155¾	
30	Bank of Commerce	97	
600	Quicksilver Min. Co.	42	
100	Del. & Hud. C. Co.	130	127
850	Pacific M. S. Co.	195	
50	do	810	195
300	do		194
100	do		194¾
125	do		194¾
400	do	830	192
50	do	830	191
50	do	860	187
50	do	860	188
5	do		192
250	N. Y. Cen. R.		117
100	do	b30	117
200	do		116¾
100	do	815	116¾
150	do		116¾
100	Erie Railway P.		100
100	do	b30	100¾
200	do		100¾
26	Reading R.		90
40	Mich. Cen. R.		103¾
1100	do		104
200	do		104¾
100	do	s60	103¾

SECOND BOARD.

$2,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Reg.	104	
22,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Cou	104	
2,000	U. S. 5s, '74, Cou.	97½	
5,000	U. S. 6s, '81 Ore-gon W. L. & y'rly.	101	
500	Treas. 7 3-10 ₱ ct. Notes, Oct. & Apl.	106	
10,000	do	106¾	
5,000	do	106¾	
3,000	U. S. 6s, 1 yr. C.	99⅞	
2,000	do new	97¾	
6,000	Tenn. St. 6s, '90	61¾	
3,000	Mo. State 6s	62¾	
9,000	Cal. St. 7s	133	
10,000	C. & N. W. 2d M.	42	
6,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bds.	128	
5,000	Clev. & Pitt. M.	81	
3,000	Har. R. 1st mtg.	116	
5,000	Mich. C. 8s conv. 1st M. S. F. Bds.	130	
5	Market Bank	84	
15	Am. Ex. Bank	100	
30	Bank of Commerce	97	
50,000	Amer. Gold	155	
30,000	do	155¾	
120,000	do	154¾	
100	Pac. Mail S. Co.	193½	
150	do	193	
200	do	192	
50	do	810	191
200	do		190
7	Quicksilver M. Co.	42	
25	do	42½	
50	do	b10	43¾
100	Canton Co.		25
200	N. Y. Cen. R.		116¾
100	Harlem R. Pref.		85
400	Erie Railway		79¾
800	do		79¾
300	do	810	79¾
300	do		79½
100	do	b10	79¾
50	do	s30	79
100	Erie R. Pref.	b30	100¾
50	do	b3	100¾
100	do	b10	85½
106	Mich. S. & N. I. R.	s30	61
100	do		61¼
2000	do		61¾
50	do		61¾
1000	do		61¾
100	do	b30	61¾
400	M. S. & N. I. R.		61¾
360	do		108¾
100	do	b10	109
100	Ill. Cen. R. S.	s30	92
50	do	b10	92½
100	Panama R.		190
1200	Clev. & Pitts R.		72
800	do		72¾
900	do		72½
800	do		72¾
100	do	s30	72¾
200	Chic. & R. I. R.		93½
200	do	s30	93¾
50	Alton & T. H.		31
800	P., F. W. & C. R.		66
100	do	b30	66
250	do	s60	65
100	do	s10	66
50	Chi. & N. W. R.		16¾
500	Reading R.	b3	91

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

$5,000	Treas. 7 3-10 ₱ c. Notes		106½
60,000	do		106¾
20,000	do		106¾
10,000	Debt. Cer. gold		99⅝
5,000	do currency		97½
190,000	Amer. Gold		154½
10,000	do	s3	154¾
110,000	do		154½
10,000	Tenn. St. 6s		61¾
10,000	do		62
10,000	Mo. St. 6s		62
200	Quicksilver M. Co.		43½
300	Clev. & Pitts. R.		71½
100	Gal. & Chi. R.		93¾
600	Clev. & Tol. R.		97
1100	Chi. & R. I. R.	s3	93½
150	P., F. W. & Chi. R.		65¾
2000	Erie Railway		80
1900	do		79⅜
800	do	s10	79⅜
1100	do		79⅜
250	do	s10	79⅞
100	do	b30	80
300	Hud. Riv. R.		101
150	do		100⅞
300	do		100¾
150	do	s30	100¾
50	do	s30	100¾
250	do	s60	100¾
50	do	s60	100
600	Harlem R.		39
400	do		38¾
300	do	b4	38¾
400	do	b30	39
500	Harlem R. Prfd.		85¾
100	do	b10	85½
100	Mich. S. & N. I. R.	s30	61
100	do		61¼
2000	do		61¾
50	do		61¾
1000	do		61¾
100	do	b30	61¾
400	M. S. & N. I. R.	s30	109
360	do		108¾
100	do	b10	109
100	Ill. Cen. R. S.	s30	92
50	do	b10	92½
1200	Clev. & Pitts R.		72
800	do		72¾
900	do		72½
800	do		72¾
100	do	s30	72¾
200	Chic. & R. I. R.		93¾
200	do	s30	93¾
50	Alton & T. H.		31
800	P., F. W. & C. R.		66
100	do	b30	66
250	do	s60	65
100	do	s10	66
50	Chi. & N. W. R.		16¾
500	Reading R.	b3	91

PUBLIC BOARD—2 P. M.

$5,000	Treas. 7 3-10 ₱ c. Notes		106½
60,000	do		106¾
20,000	do		106¾
10,000	Debt. Cer. gold		99⅝
5,000	do currency		97½
190,000	Amer. Gold		154½
10,000	do	s3	154¾
110,000	do		154½
10,000	Tenn. St. 6s		61¾
10,000	do		62
10,000	Mo. St. 6s		62
200	Quicksilver M. Co.		43½
300	Clev. & Pitts. R.		71½
100	Gal. & Chi. R.		93¾
600	Clev. & Tol. R.		97
1100	Chi. & R. I. R.	s3	93½
150	P., F. W. & Chi. R.		65¾
1100	Erie Railway Pref.		100
100	do		99⅞
100	Hudson R. R.	s10	101
100	do		101
100	Harlem R. Pref.		85¾
100	do		85
100	M. S. & N. I. R.		61¾
650	do		61¾
200	Clev. & Pitts. R.		72½
700	do		72¾
700	do		72⅝
130	do		72
200	Clev. & Tol. Rd.		96¼
200	Pacific Mail.		190
300	do		191
100	do		191½
100	do		192
100	do		192¼
200	N. Y. Cen. R.		117
100	do	b3	117
100	Erie Railway		79¾
100	do	b30	100¾
50	do	b3	100¾
100	Mich. S. & N. I. R.	s30	61
600	Harlem R.	s30	101
300	M. S. & N. I. R.		61
250	do		61¼
300	do	b3	61¾

TUESDAY, March 17—P. M.

The price of Gold Coin has varied but slightly to-day. The speculation is tame, and the amount of business, as compared with Saturday and Monday, greatly reduced. Exchange on London, for the Boston mail, closed 170@171 ₱ cent. Some of the leading drawers accepted 169 ₱ cent. yesterday, as we learned after our last report went to press. The supply of Money to the Brokers is easy at 6 ₱ cent. The amount going into Government Stocks and Treasury paper is again very large. The new issue of Treasury 6 ₱ cent. Certificates, interest payable in Currency, are in demand at 97 ₱ cent.; the old issue, 99¾ ₱ cent. The registered 6 ₱ cents of 1881 advanced to 104¼ ₱ cent. this morning, and $100,000 of the 5 ₱ cents of 1874 were bought at 98 ₱ cent., for a London order.

On the Stock Exchange there was increased buoyancy at the regular morning Board on the Share list, the excitement on Pacific Mail, Erie, Pittsburgh, Michigan Southern, and Fort Wayne and Chicago being especially marked. The news from San Francisco that a piratical schooner, under the guise of a Confederate privateer, had been discovered and captured by the Federal authorities, was scarcely remarked upon in connection with the movement in Pacific Mail. There was a further rise in the shares of 3 ₱ cent. The additional rise in Erie was 1 ₱ cent.; in Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 3 ₱ cent., and Michigan Southern, 1 ₱ cent. It is announced that a half-yearly dividend of 3½ ₱ cent., cash, on the Pittsburgh Stock is soon to be made, now that the negotiation with the Fort Wayne and Chicago line has been completed.

Soon after the adjournment of the regular morning Board of the old Stock Exchange, it was known in the street and announced at the one o'clock Public Board that a resolution had been passed by the former by a vote of 90 to 28 forbidding all business intercourse with the Public organization, directly or by proxy, on pain of expulsion. This conclusion was so sudden and unlooked for as to bring the business in the Public Room almost to a stand. The members of the regular Exchange disappeared, and the meeting adjourned afer calling over the list of Stocks without taking formal action on the subject. The immediate provocation to the summary proceedings up stairs is said to be the recent expulsion from the Public Board of two of the members of the old Board for non-compliance with the awards on arbitration made against them on disputed transactions. The main difficulty, however, is probably to be found in the question of a rival organization. At the 4 o'clock Public Board the matter was referred to a Select Committee, to be announced at 1 o'clock to-morrow.

The ardor of speculation was evidently dampened in the afternoon by the occurrence referred to. At the Second Regular Board the advance on the Share list was not sustained by ½@¾ ₱ cent. on the Railways, while Pacific Mail fell back to 190@191 ₱ cent. The transactions in Gold Coin were to a moderate extent, closing 154¾ ₱ cent. Government Stocks continued firm, and so did Treasury 7.30 ₱ cents and 6 ₱ cent. Certificates.

At the 4 o'clock Public Board the dealings on Gold Coin were unusually light, and all at 154½ ₱ cent. The Share list closed as follows, as compared with Monday night. The members of the regular Stock Exchange were absent from the Public Room, though a good many of them lingered on the sidewalk after their own adjournment up stairs:

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
Gold Coin	154⅛	154½	Harlem	38¾	38⅝
U. S. 6s, 1881	103¼	104	Harlem Pref.	85	84⅝
Tennessees	61	62	Mich. Central	102	103½
Missouris	61¾	62	Mich. Southern	60¾	61
N. Y. Central	116⅜	116⅝	Mich. Guarant'd	107	108
Erie	78¾	79	Illinois Central	92¾	92¾
Erie Preferred	100	99⅜	Pittsburgh	69¾	71⅛
Hudson	100	100¾	Fort Wayne	63¾	65⅝
Toledo	96¾	97	Rock Island	93¼	93¾
Pacific Mail	192	192¼	Treasury Certifs.	99⅝	99¾
Quicksilver	40¾	43⅜	7-30 Tr. Notes	106	106⅜

The rapid advance in the 6 ₱ cent. Funded Stock of 1881 of the United States, both registered and coupon, to 104@104¾ ₱ cent., has increased the conversion of Currency into the 6 ₱ cents of 1882 at par. The New-York Sub-Agents, Messrs. FISK & HATCH, received subscriptions to the amount of $75,000 to-day.

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares:

Merchants'	101	American Exchange	98
America	113½	Metropolitan	103
Tradesmen's	102	Grocers'	15
Greenwich	100	Shoe & Leather	104
National	104	Corn Exchange	100
State of New-York	95	Commonwealth	96
Commerce	97	Importers' & Traders'	102
Broadway	140		

And the following for the Railway